

# Current status of MSSM Higgs bosons and future



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## Plan

- Status of 125 GeV Higgs boson
- Bounds on MSSM Higgs bosons
- SUSY decay modes of MSSM Higgs bosons
- Higgs self coupling measurements and new physics effects
- Conclusion

## Current status

We have found the (a) Higgs boson

Properties: consistent with SM Higgs boson

New Physics: No evidence so far

Many experiments : UA, LEP, HERA, Tevatron, LHC, Xenon, ...

Search results are translated to exclusion limits

# Higgs boson: current status

Differential distributions ?

Spin parity ?

New decay modes ?

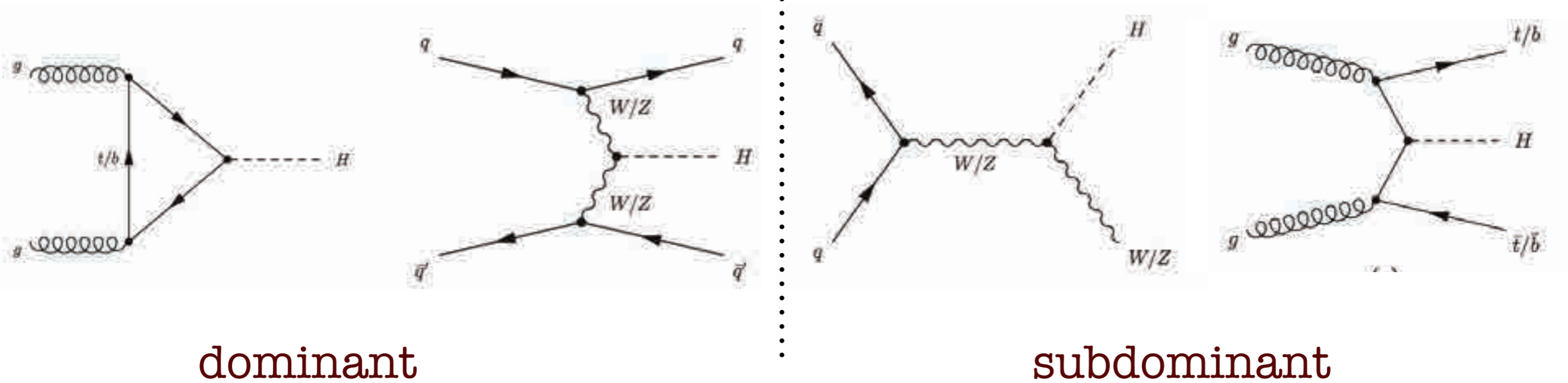
Total decay width ?

Couplings ?

Additional Higgs bosons ?



## Higgs productions :

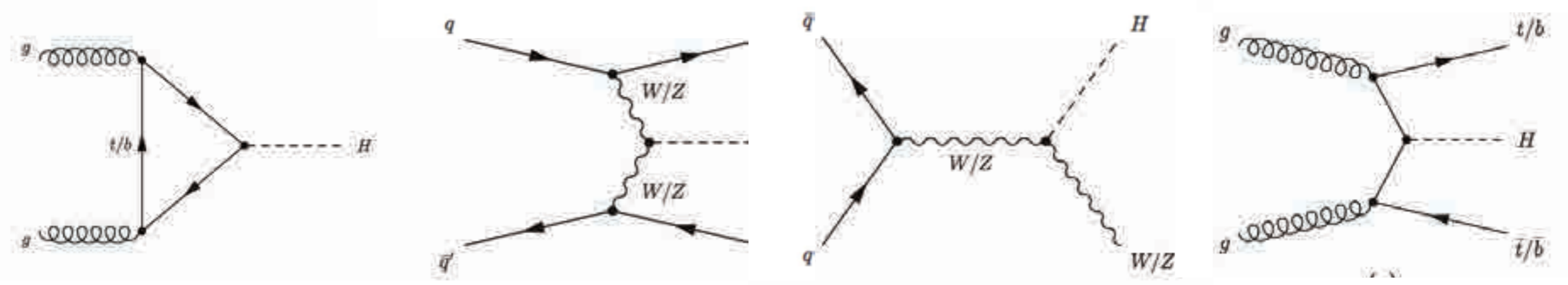


$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow H) : \sim 21 \text{ pb} \quad \xrightarrow{8 \text{ TeV} \rightarrow 13 \text{ TeV}} 49 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow ttH) : \sim 130 \text{ fb} \quad \xrightarrow{8 \text{ TeV} \rightarrow 13 \text{ TeV}} 507 \text{ fb}$$

# Higgs boson at the LHC

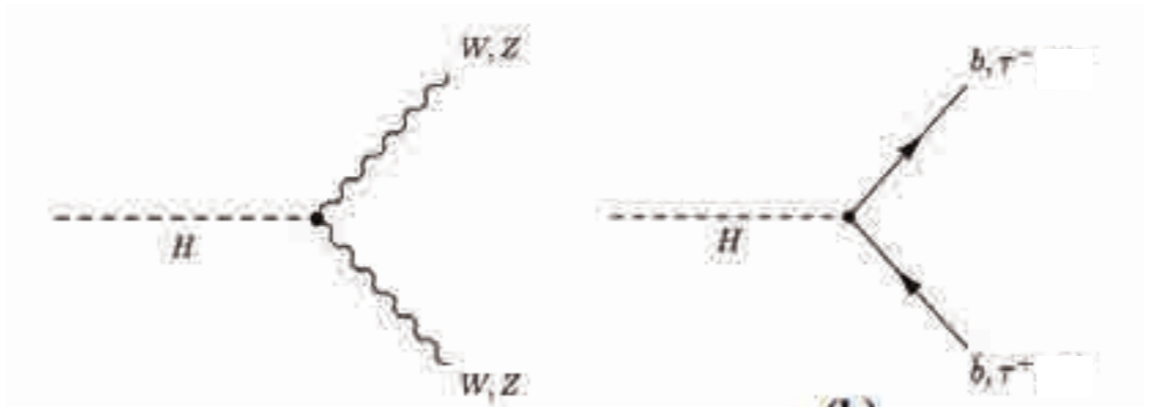
## Higgs productions :



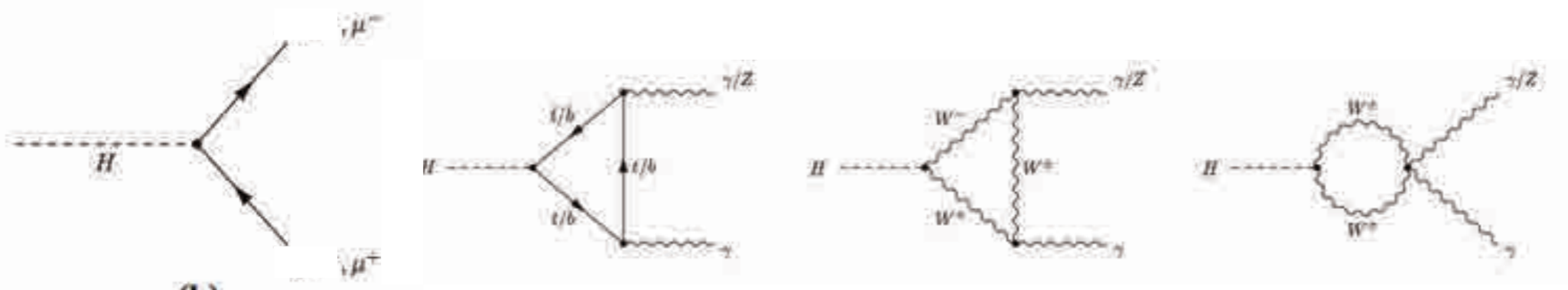
$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow H) : \sim 21 pb \quad \begin{matrix} 8 TeV \\ \longrightarrow \\ 13 TeV \end{matrix} \quad 49 pb$$

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow ttH) : \sim 130 fb \quad \begin{matrix} 8 TeV \\ \longrightarrow \\ 13 TeV \end{matrix} \quad 507 fb$$

## Higgs Decays :



dominant



rare

# Higgs measurements: signal strength variables

Consider a process  $g g \rightarrow H \rightarrow Z Z^*$

Signal strength:  $\mu$

$$\mu_{gg} = \frac{\sigma(gg \rightarrow h) Br(h \rightarrow ZZ^*)}{\sigma(gg \rightarrow h)_{SM} Br(h \rightarrow ZZ^*)_{SM}}$$

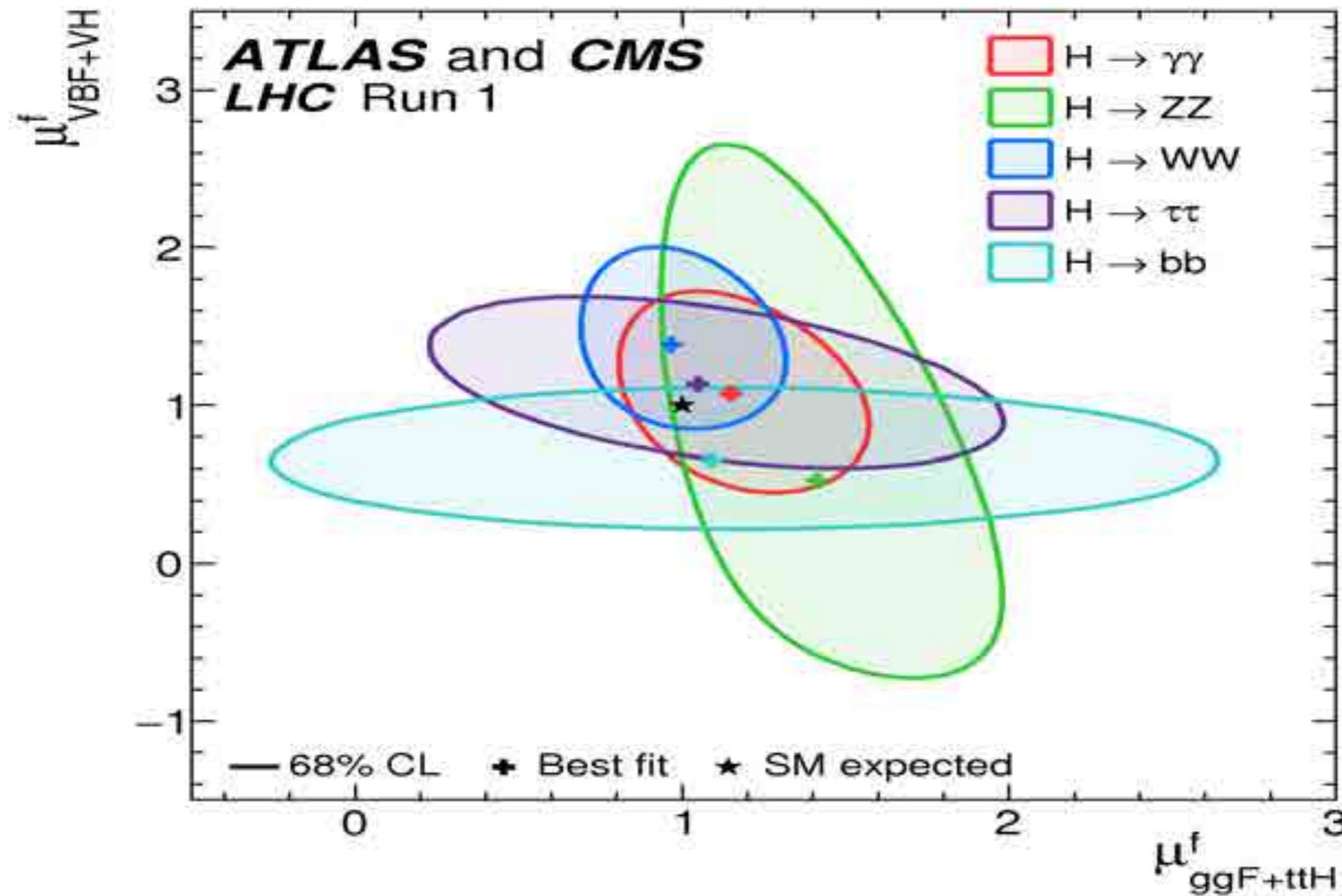
← Observed  
← Expected

Combine different production and decay process

Expectation for SM Higgs :  $\mu$  for all channels  $\sim 1$ .



# Higgs measurements: Run I



Combination of  
ATLAS+ CMS  
run I data (68% CL)

**1606.02266**

**Observations** : Large deviations are excluded but signal strengths  $< 1$  and  $\sim 1.5 - 2$  are not ruled out everywhere

Note: signal strength of an individual channel  $\sim 1$  may be possible in BSM model



# Higgs measurements: Run II

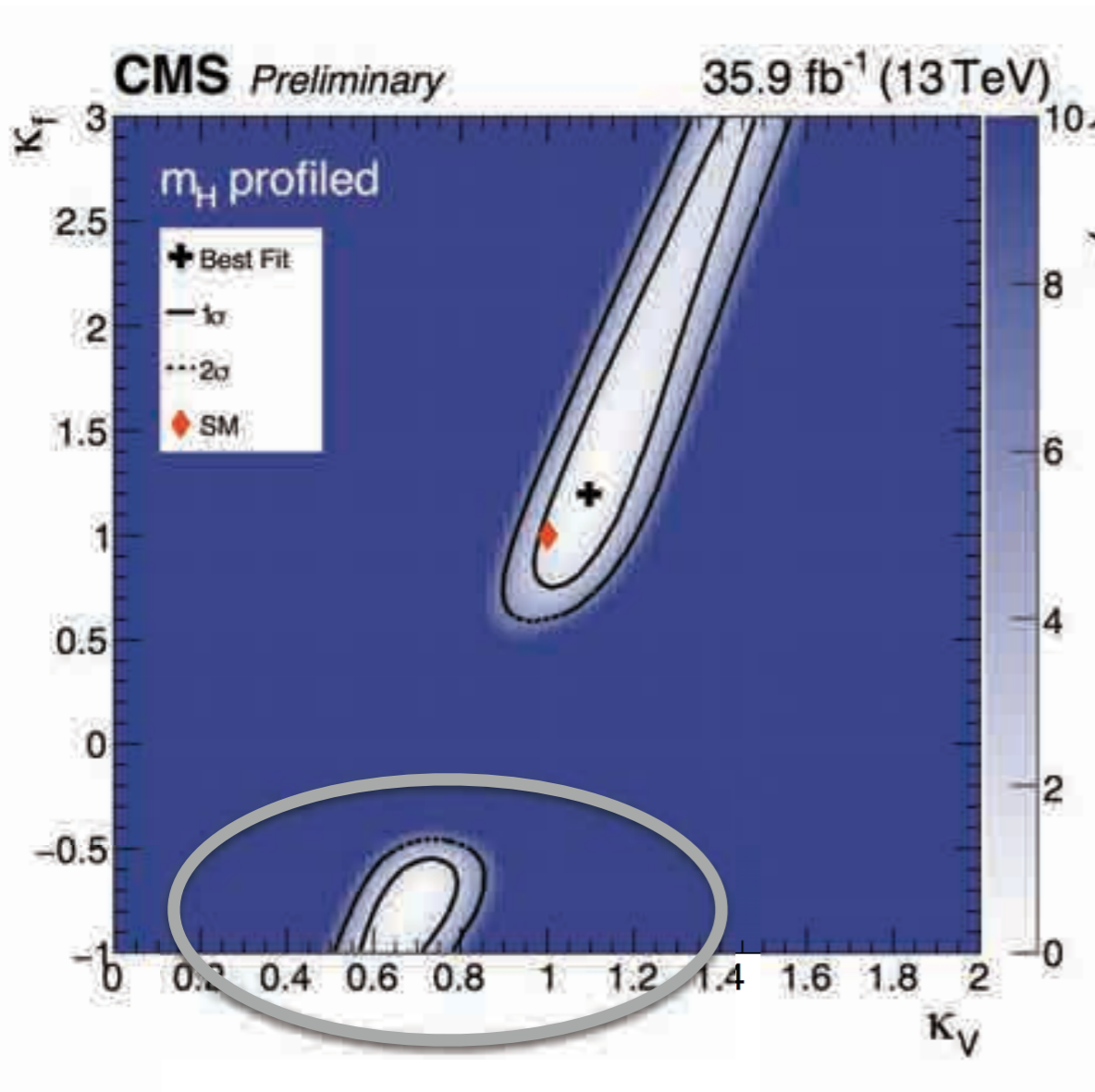
$$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

$$g_{VVH} = \kappa_V * g_{VVH}^{SM}$$

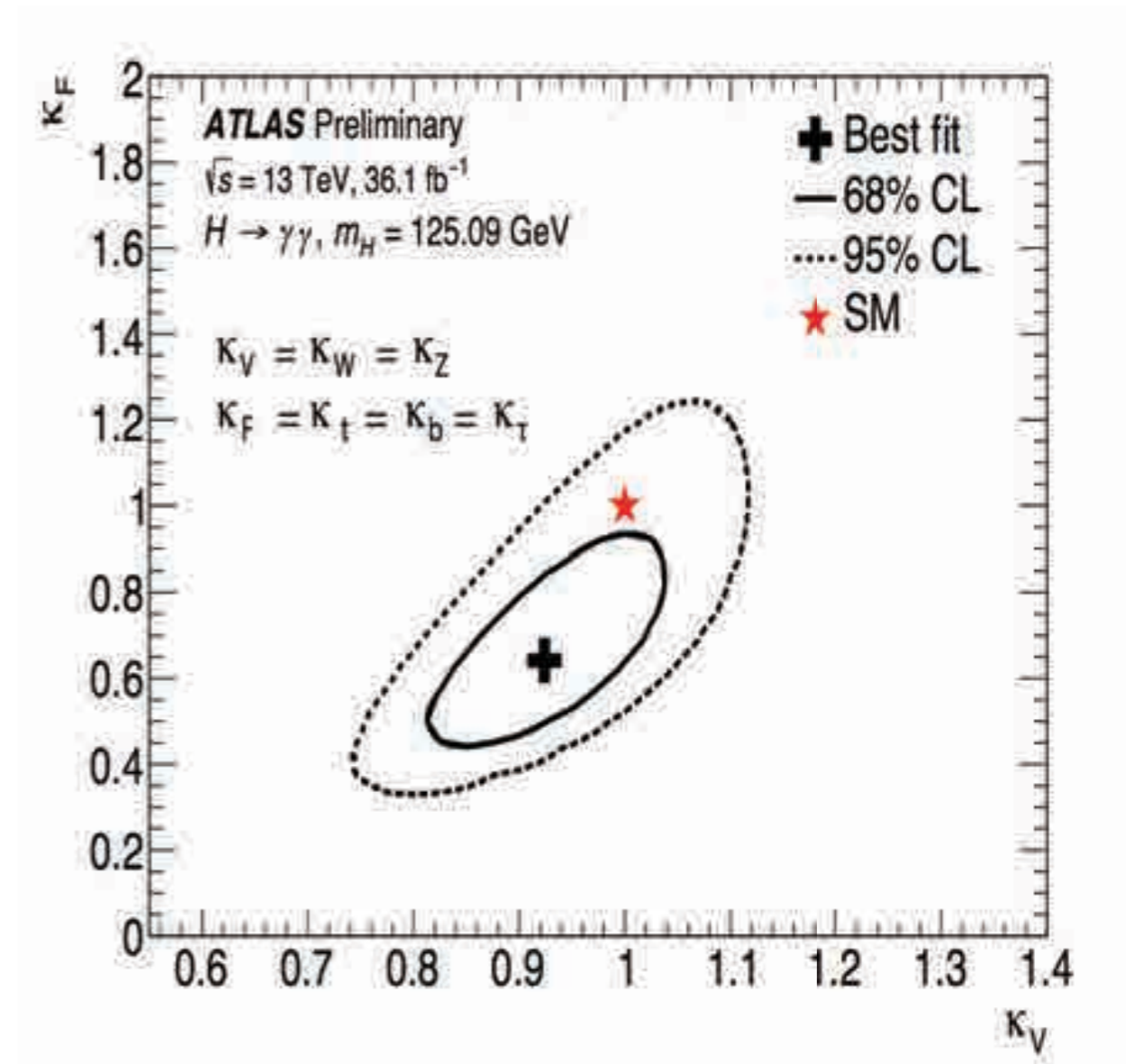
$$\mu_{\gamma\gamma} = 1.16^{+0.15}_{-0.14}$$

$$g_{ffH} = \kappa_f * g_{ffH}^{SM}$$

$$\mu_{\gamma\gamma} = 0.99^{(\sim+0.15)}_{(\sim-0.13)}$$

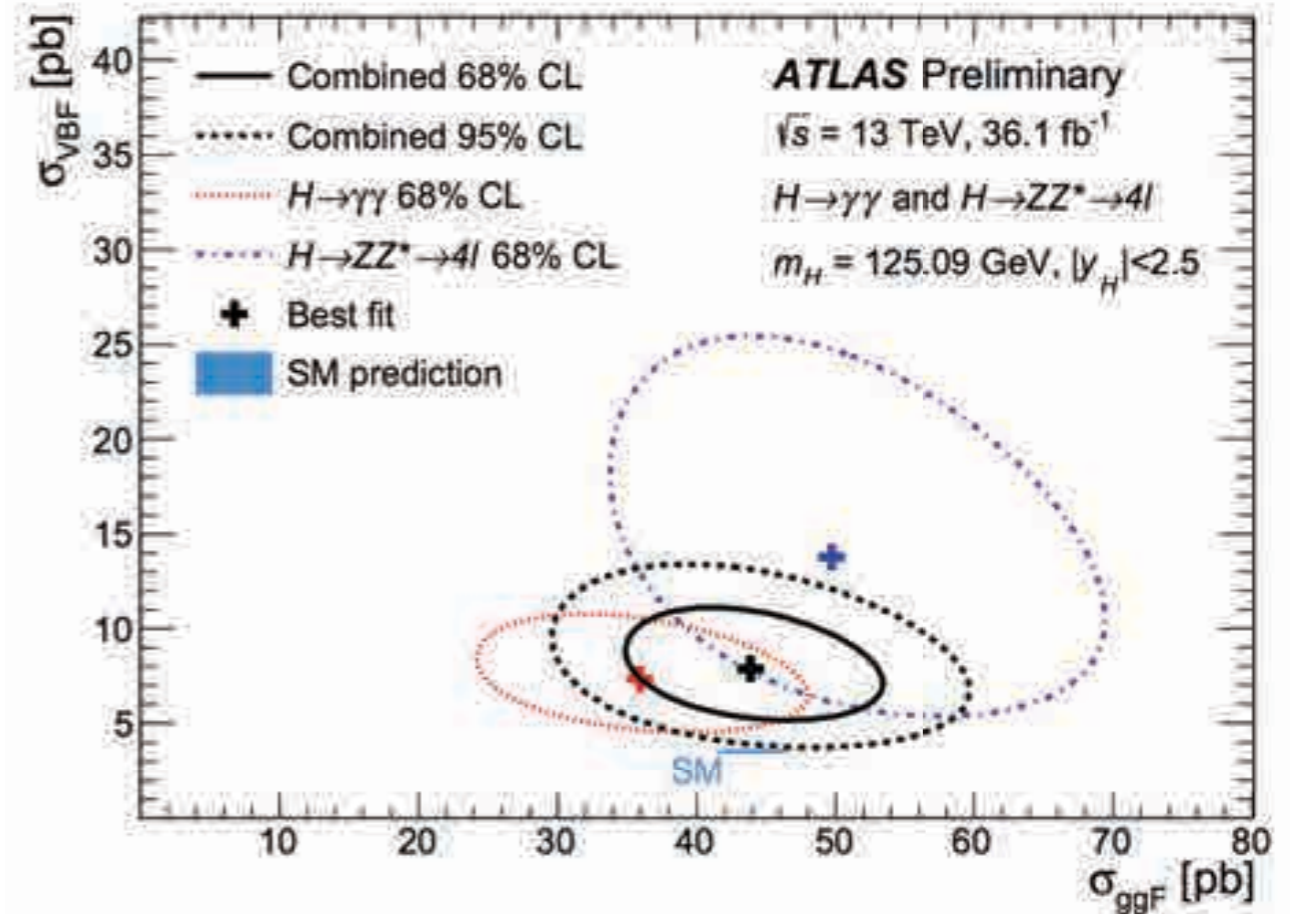
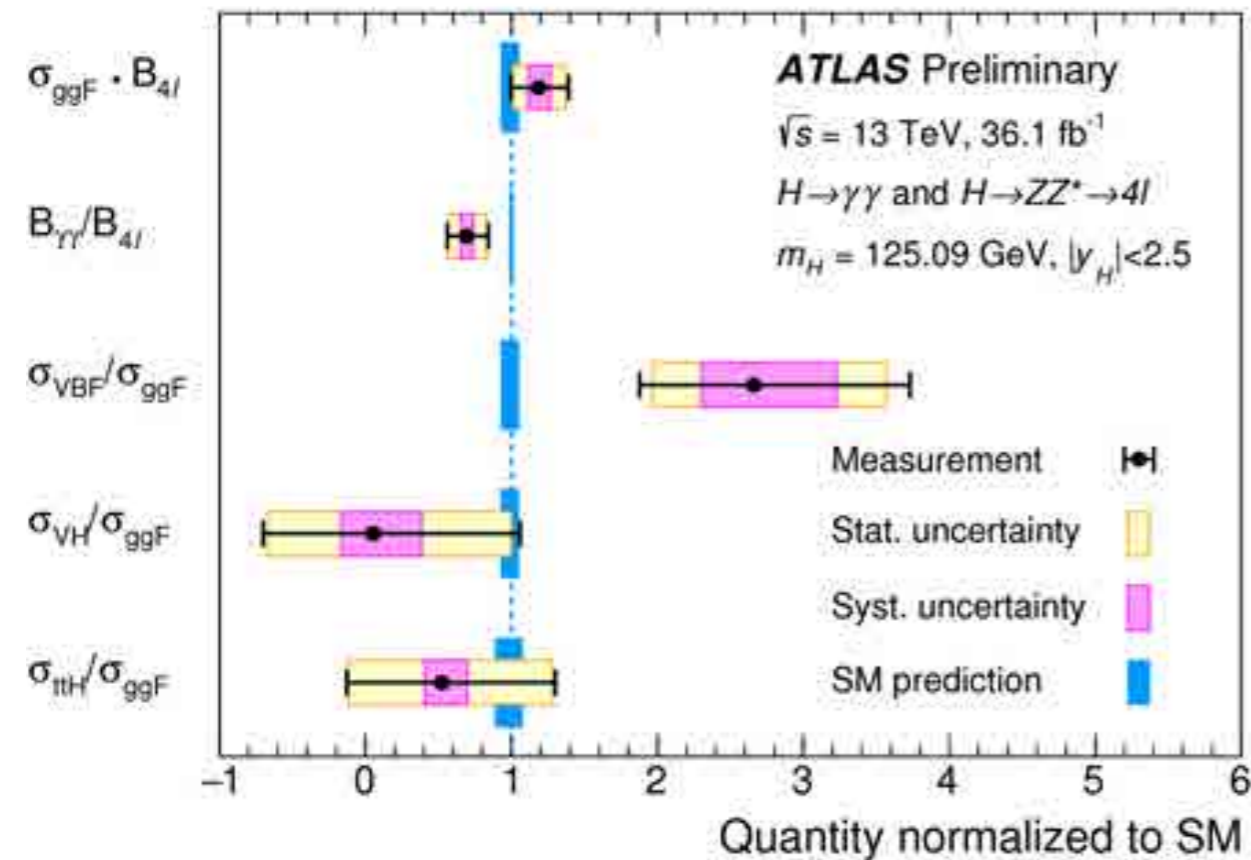


**CMS PAS HIG-16-040**



# Higgs measurements: Run II

$$H \rightarrow ZZ^*$$



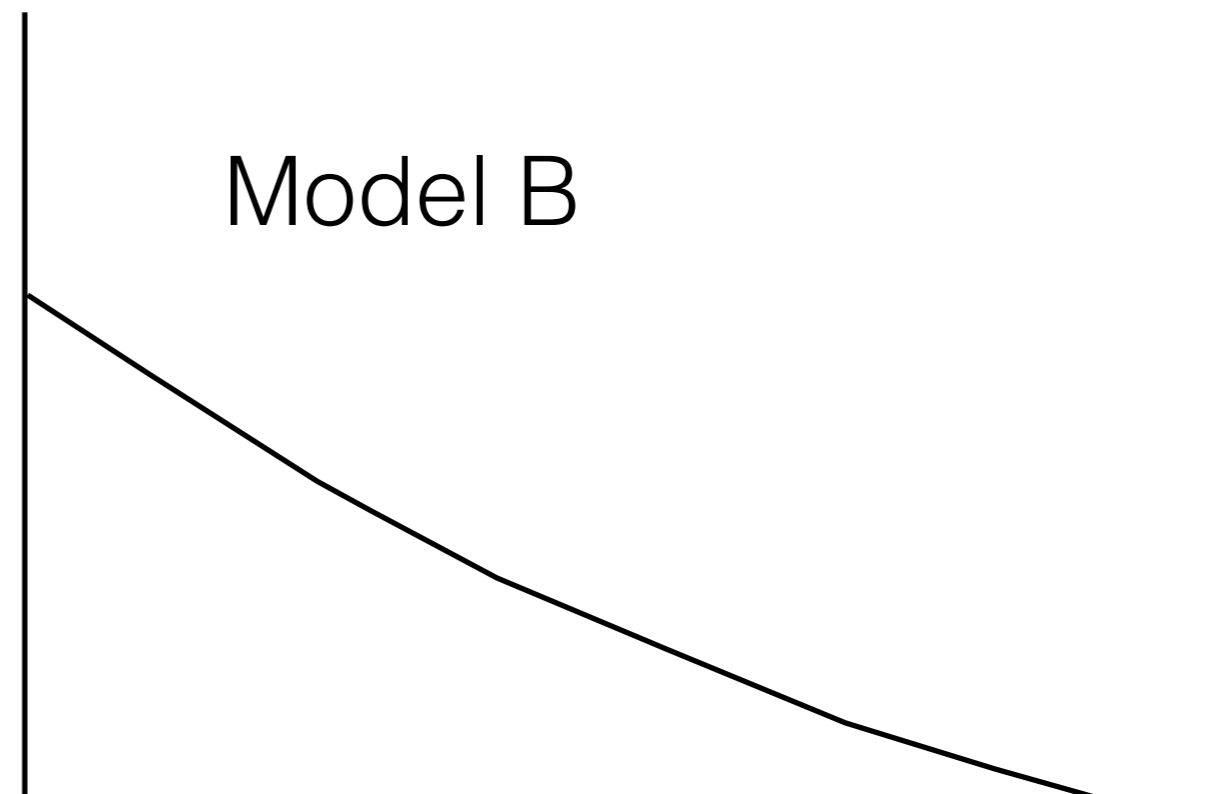
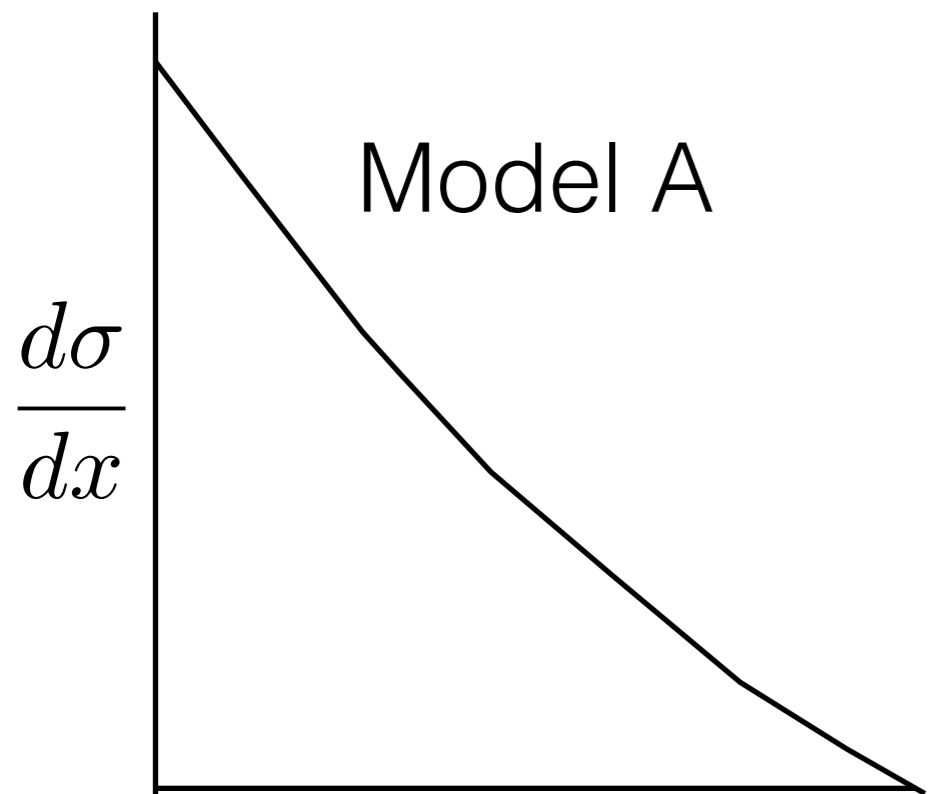
**ATLAS-CONF-2017-047**

some upward fluctuation in VBF channel,  
ggF is consistent with SM

# Inclusive vs differential

Inclusive cross section

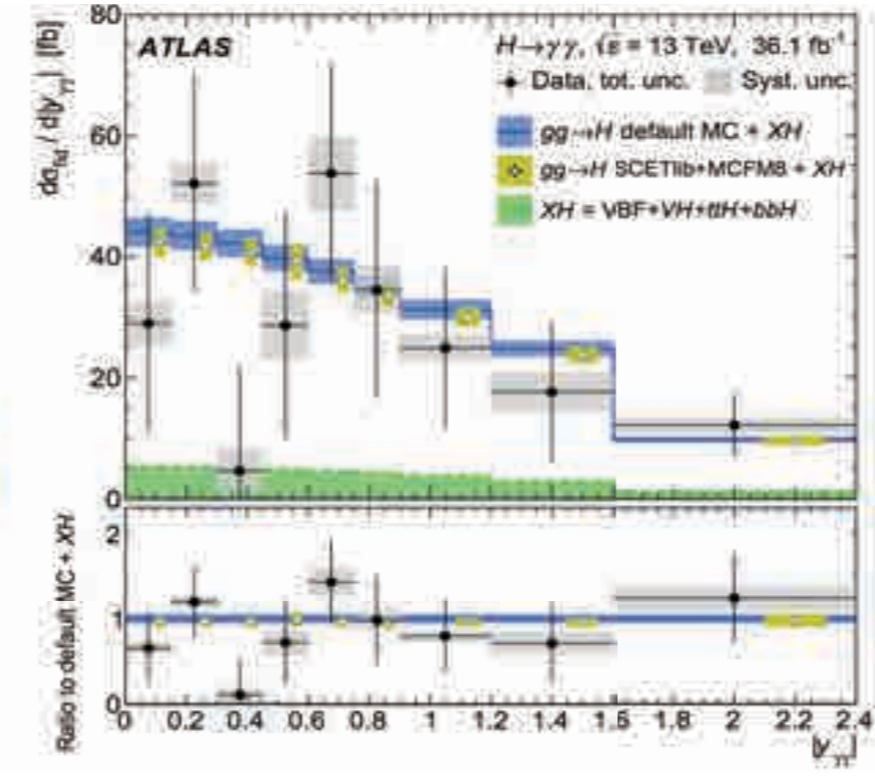
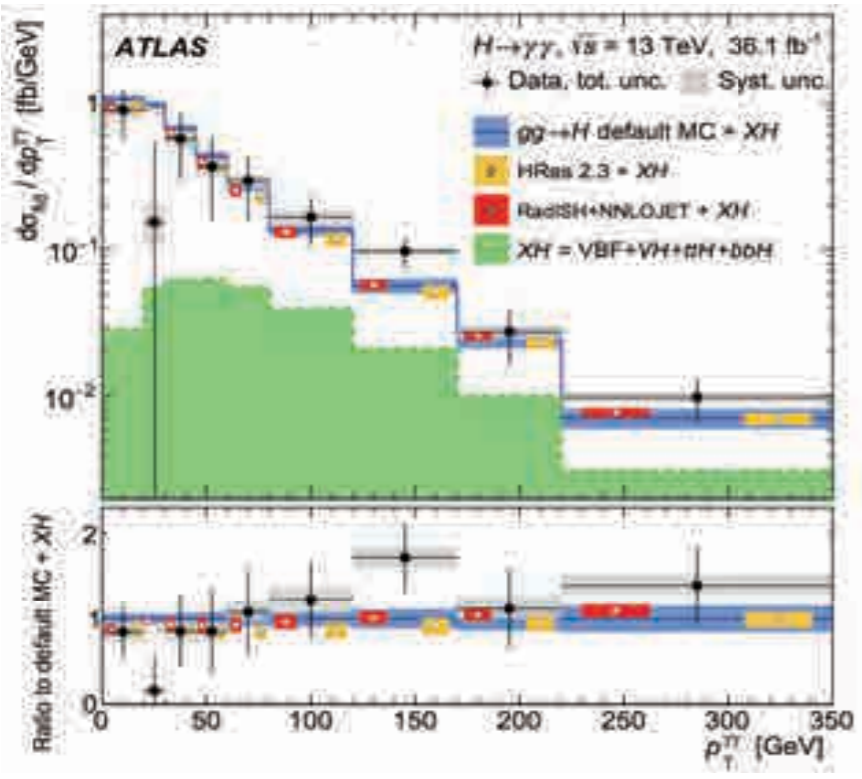
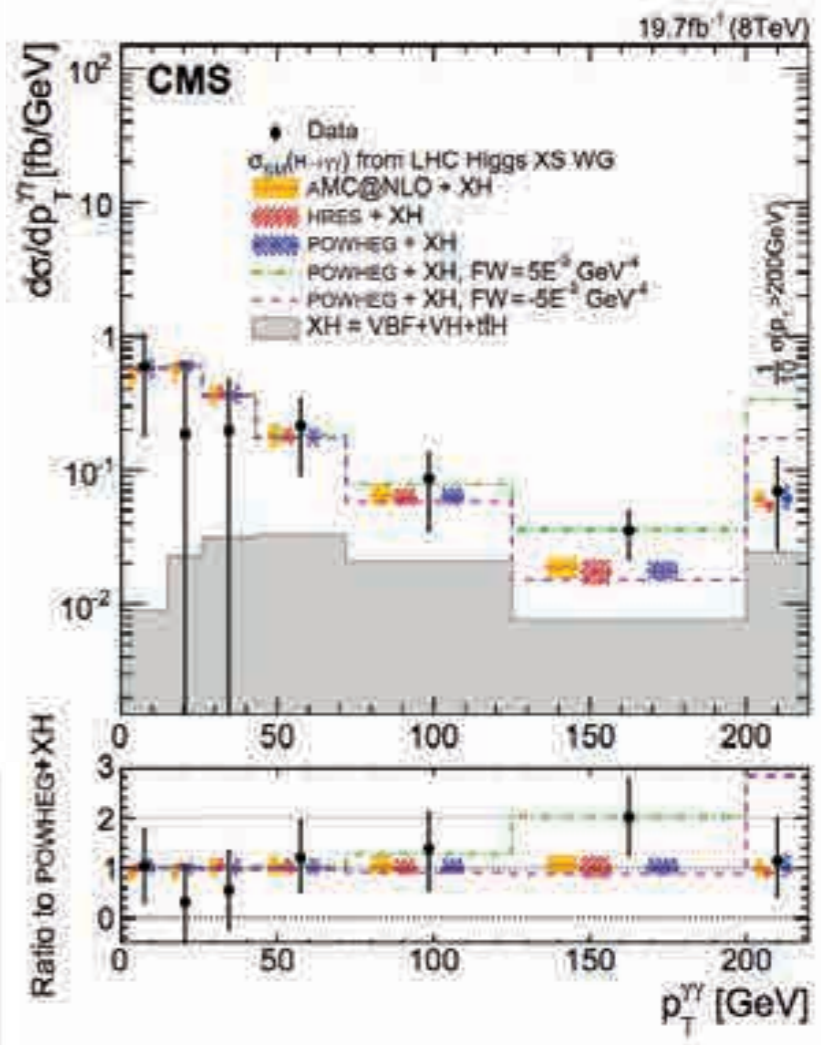
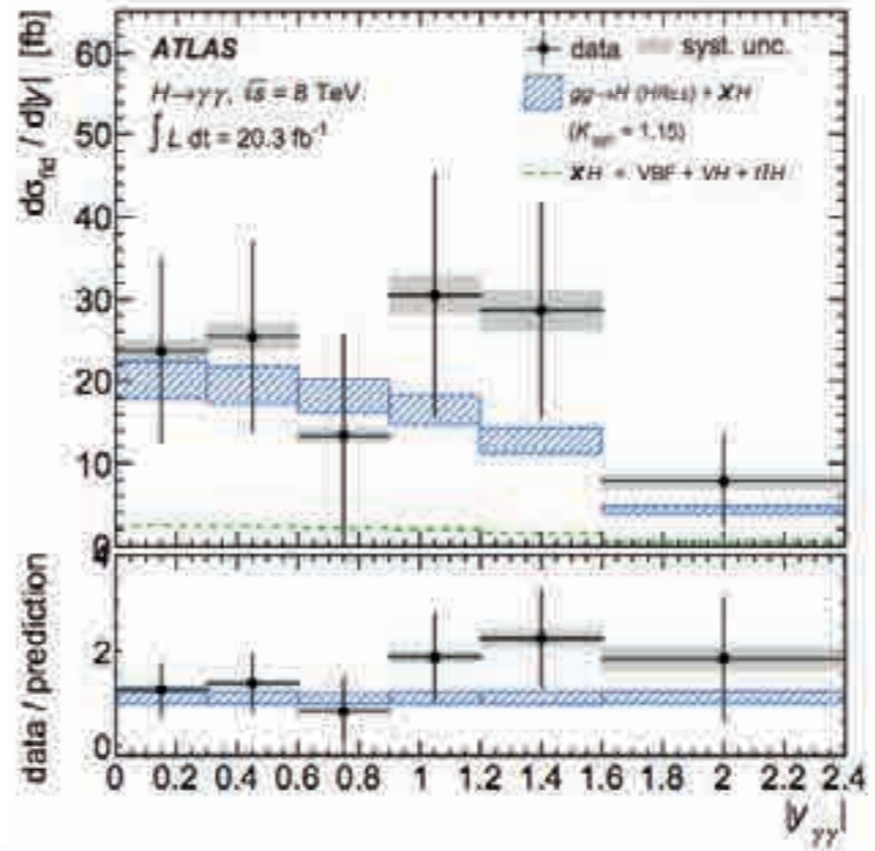
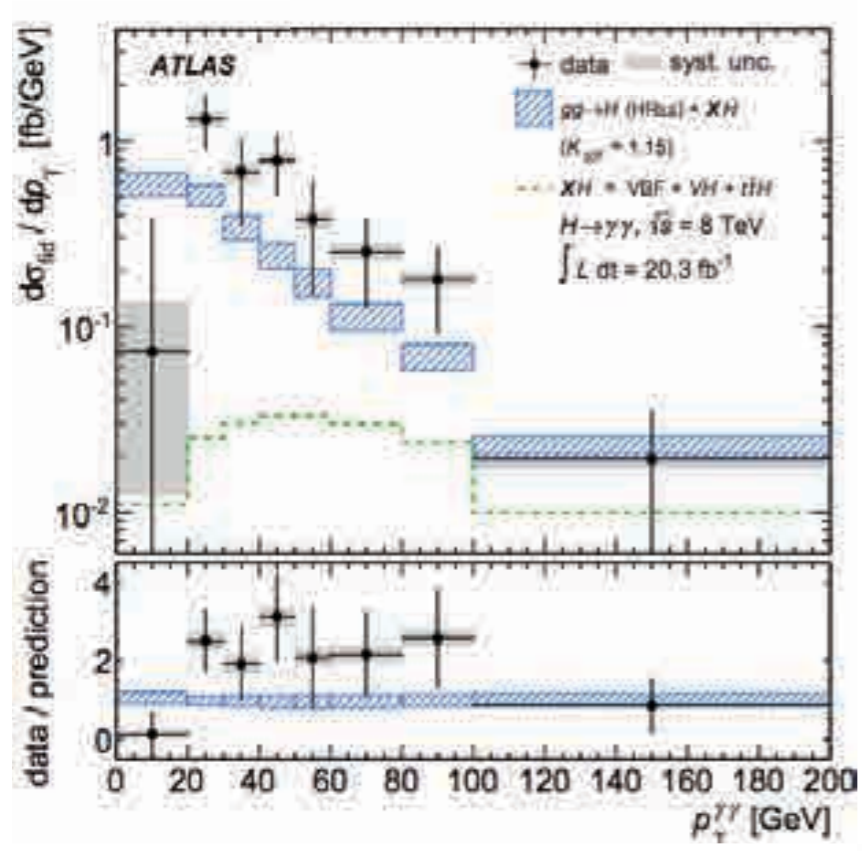
$$\int \frac{d\sigma}{dx} dx = \sigma$$



Inclusive cross section same but not the differential cs



# Higgs boson differential distributions



1802.04146

# Total decay width of Higgs boson

(SM Higgs Width  $\sim 4$  MeV)

Direct measurement : Determination of Higgs width by fitting Higgs(ZZ, gamma gamma) invariant mass distribution

Detector resolution very important



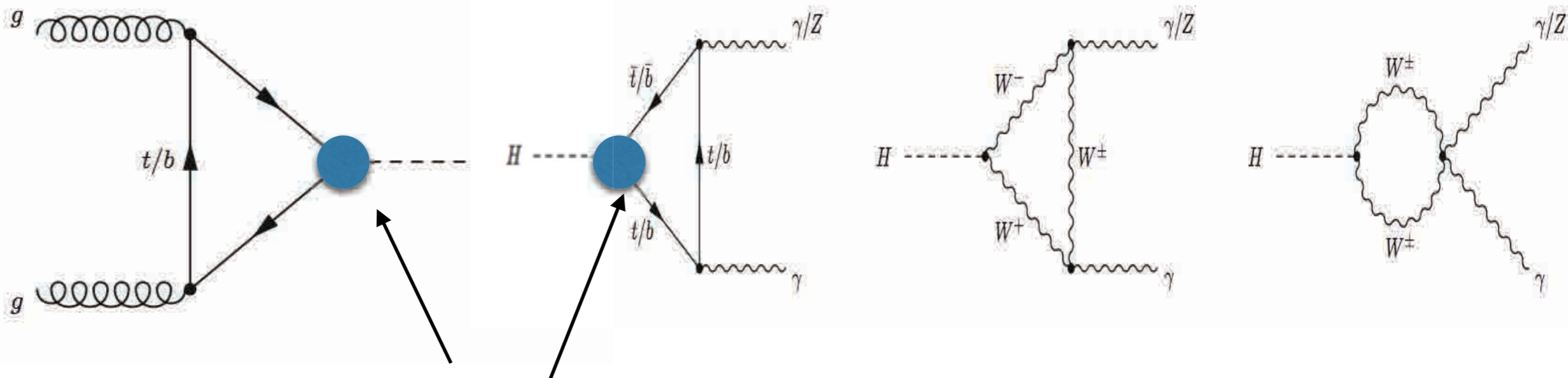
Upper limit on Higgs width  $\sim$  GeV

Indirect measurement : calculated from the ratio of on-shell and off-shell cross sections  $\sim 22-23$  MeV

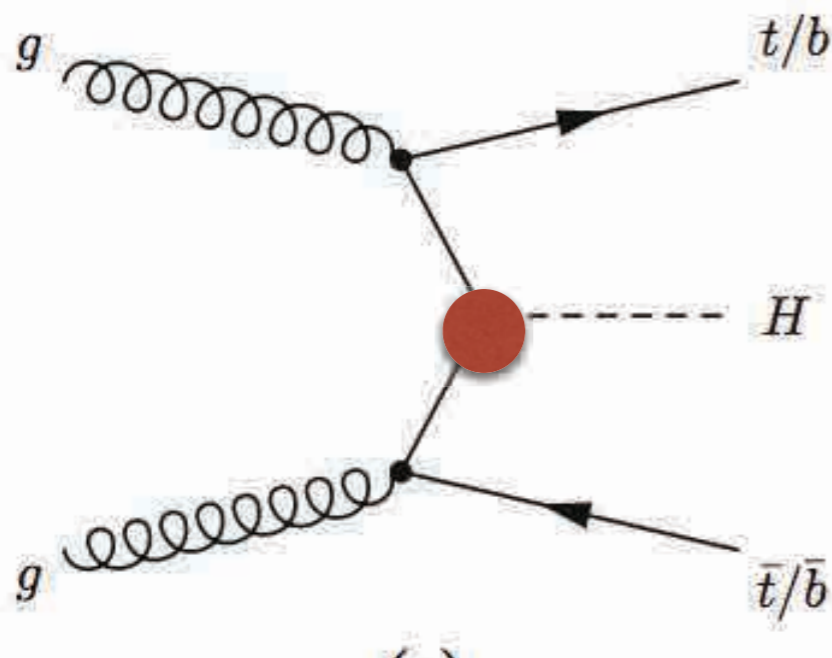
**CMS-HIG-14-002**

**1503.01060**

# gluon fusion vs ttH process



Indirect measurement of  $y_t$

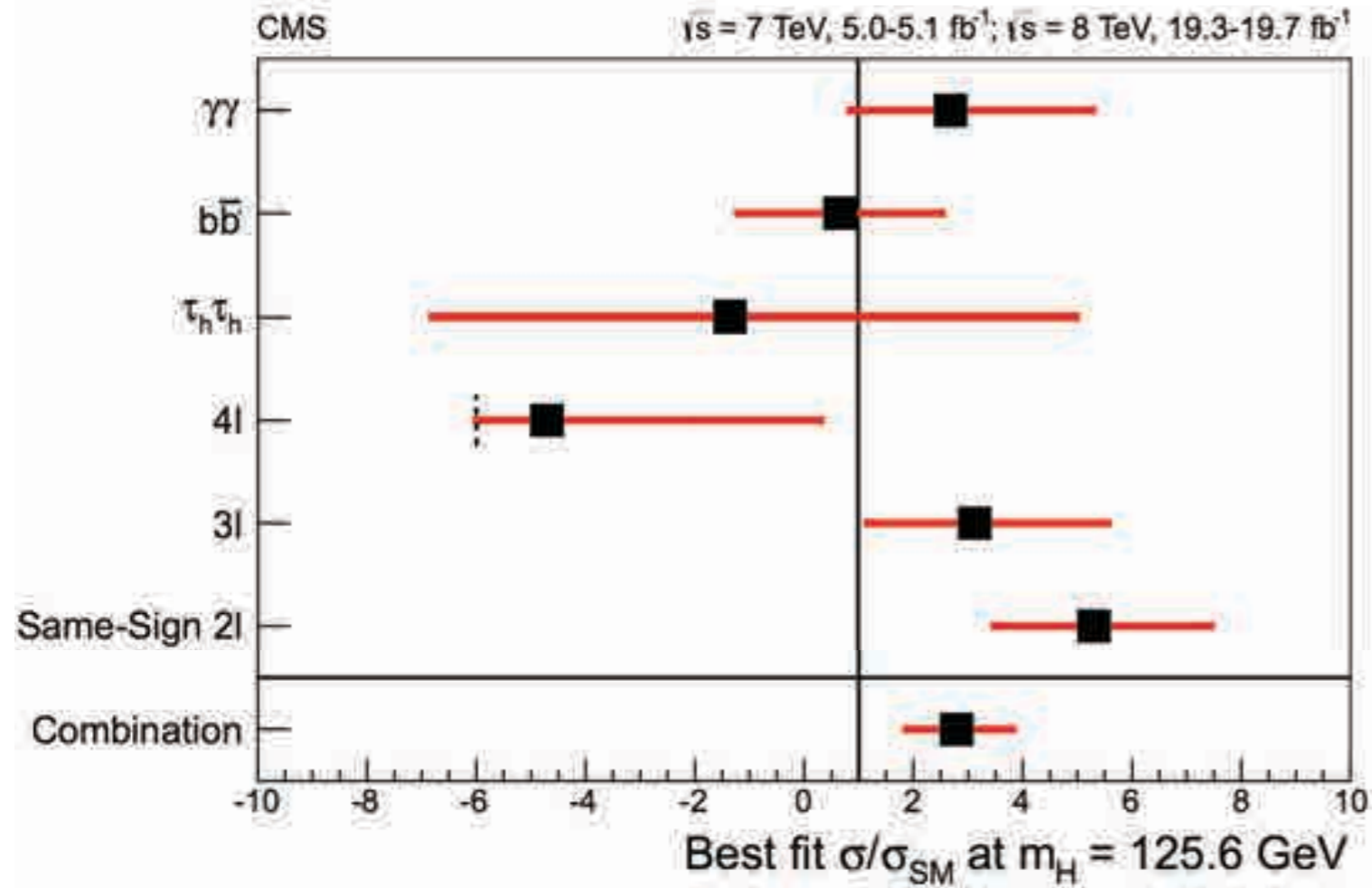


Direct measurement of top Yukawa



# ttH (CMS 8 TeV)

1408.1682

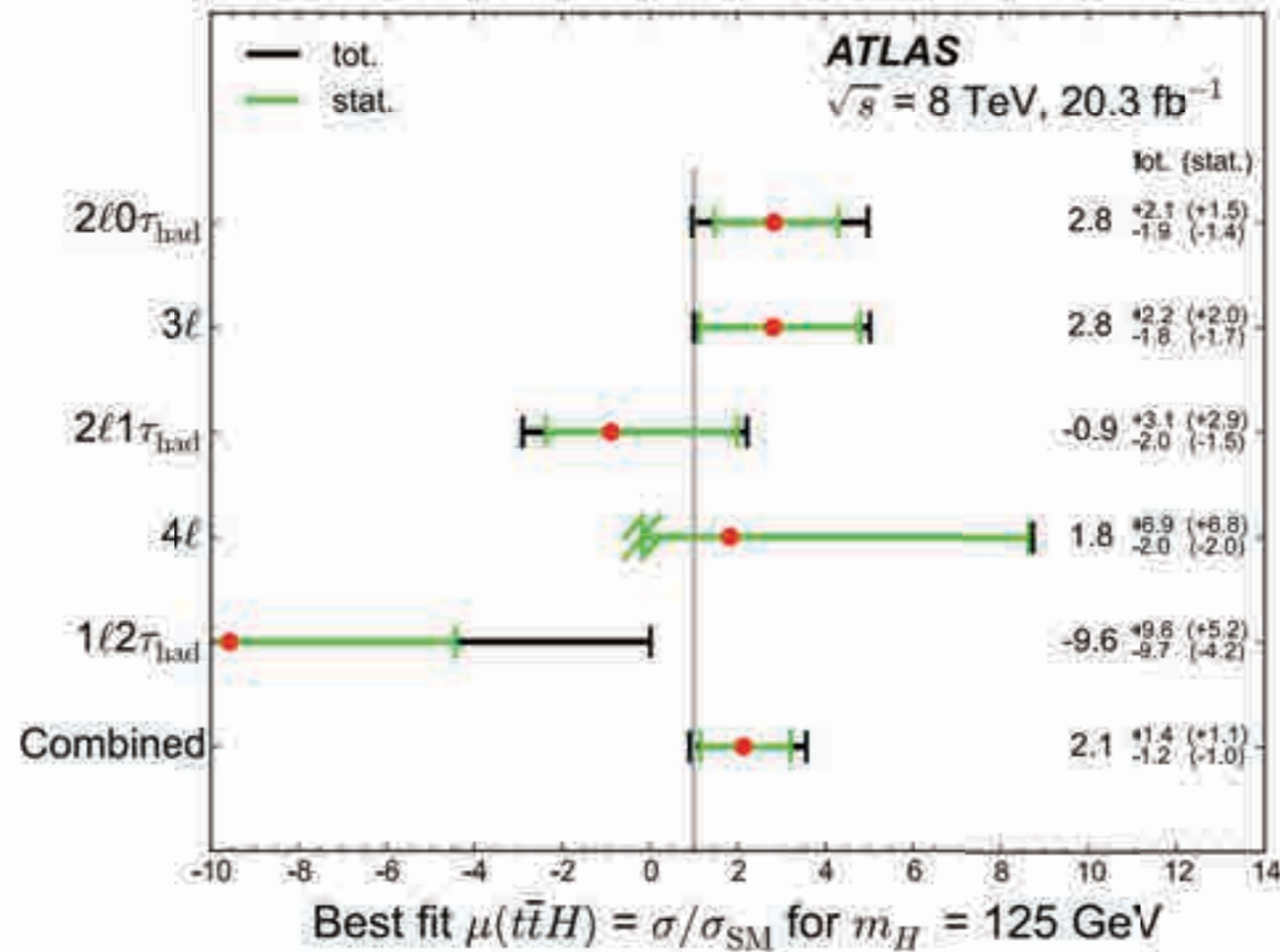


	ee	eμ	μμ	3l	4l
ttH, H → WW	$1.0 \pm 0.1$	$3.2 \pm 0.4$	$2.4 \pm 0.3$	$3.4 \pm 0.5$	$0.29 \pm 0.04$
ttH, H → ZZ	—	$0.1 \pm 0.0$	$0.1 \pm 0.0$	$0.2 \pm 0.0$	$0.09 \pm 0.02$
ttH, H → ττ	$0.3 \pm 0.0$	$1.0 \pm 0.1$	$0.7 \pm 0.1$	$1.1 \pm 0.2$	$0.15 \pm 0.02$
ttW	$4.3 \pm 0.6$	$16.5 \pm 2.3$	$10.4 \pm 1.5$	$10.3 \pm 1.9$	—
ttZ/γ*	$1.8 \pm 0.4$	$4.9 \pm 0.9$	$2.9 \pm 0.5$	$8.4 \pm 1.7$	$1.12 \pm 0.62$
ttWW	$0.1 \pm 0.0$	$0.4 \pm 0.1$	$0.3 \pm 0.0$	$0.4 \pm 0.1$	$0.04 \pm 0.02$
ttγ	$1.3 \pm 0.3$	$1.9 \pm 0.5$	—	$2.6 \pm 0.6$	—
WZ	$0.6 \pm 0.6$	$1.5 \pm 1.7$	$1.0 \pm 1.1$	$3.9 \pm 0.7$	—
ZZ	—	$0.1 \pm 0.1$	$0.1 \pm 0.0$	$0.3 \pm 0.1$	$0.47 \pm 0.10$
Rare SM bkg.	$0.4 \pm 0.1$	$1.6 \pm 0.4$	$1.1 \pm 0.3$	$0.8 \pm 0.3$	$0.01 \pm 0.00$
Non-prompt	$7.6 \pm 2.5$	$20.0 \pm 4.4$	$11.9 \pm 4.2$	$33.3 \pm 7.5$	$0.43 \pm 0.22$
Charge misidentified	$1.8 \pm 0.5$	$2.3 \pm 0.7$	—	—	—
All signals	$1.4 \pm 0.2$	$4.3 \pm 0.6$	$3.1 \pm 0.4$	$4.7 \pm 0.7$	$0.54 \pm 0.08$
All backgrounds	$18.0 \pm 2.7$	$49.3 \pm 5.4$	$27.7 \pm 4.7$	$59.8 \pm 8.0$	$2.07 \pm 0.67$
Data	19	51	41	68	1



# ttH (ATLAS 8 TeV)

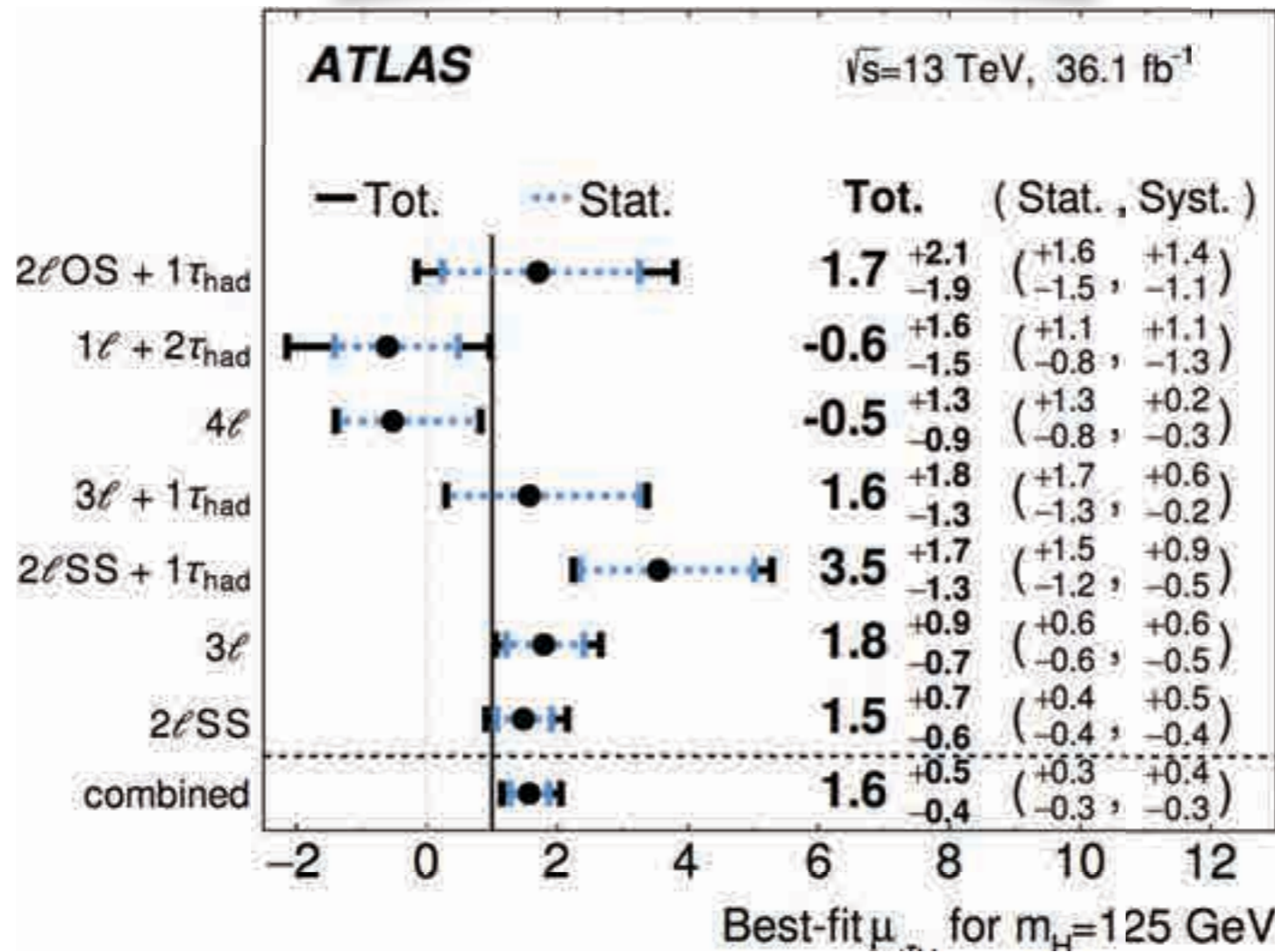
1506.05988



Category	$q$ mis-id	Non-prompt	$t\bar{t}W$	$t\bar{t}Z$	Diboson	Expected bkg.	$t\bar{t}H$ ( $\mu = 1$ )	Observed
$ee + \geq 5j$	$1.1 \pm 0.5$	$2.3 \pm 1.2$	$1.4 \pm 0.4$	$0.98 \pm 0.26$	$0.47 \pm 0.29$	$6.5 \pm 1.8$	$0.73 \pm 0.14$	10
$e\mu + \geq 5j$	$0.85 \pm 0.35$	$6.7 \pm 2.4$	$4.8 \pm 1.2$	$2.1 \pm 0.5$	$0.38 \pm 0.30$	$15 \pm 3$	$2.13 \pm 0.41$	22
$\mu\mu + \geq 5j$	—	$2.9 \pm 1.4$	$3.8 \pm 0.9$	$0.95 \pm 0.25$	$0.69 \pm 0.39$	$8.6 \pm 2.2$	$1.41 \pm 0.28$	11
$ee + 4j$	$1.8 \pm 0.7$	$3.4 \pm 1.7$	$2.0 \pm 0.4$	$0.75 \pm 0.20$	$0.74 \pm 0.42$	$9.1 \pm 2.1$	$0.44 \pm 0.06$	9
$e\mu + 4j$	$1.4 \pm 0.6$	$12 \pm 4$	$6.2 \pm 1.0$	$1.5 \pm 0.3$	$1.9 \pm 1.0$	$24 \pm 5$	$1.16 \pm 0.14$	26
$\mu\mu + 4j$	—	$6.3 \pm 2.6$	$4.7 \pm 0.9$	$0.80 \pm 0.22$	$0.53 \pm 0.30$	$12.7 \pm 2.9$	$0.74 \pm 0.10$	20
$3\ell$	—	$3.2 \pm 0.7$	$2.3 \pm 0.7$	$3.9 \pm 0.8$	$0.86 \pm 0.55$	$11.4 \pm 2.3$	$2.34 \pm 0.35$	18
$2\ell 1\tau_{\text{had}}$	—	$0.4^{+0.6}_{-0.4}$	$0.38 \pm 0.12$	$0.37 \pm 0.08$	$0.12 \pm 0.11$	$1.4 \pm 0.6$	$0.47 \pm 0.08$	1
$1\ell 2\tau_{\text{had}}$	—	$15 \pm 5$	$0.17 \pm 0.06$	$0.37 \pm 0.09$	$0.41 \pm 0.42$	$16 \pm 5$	$0.68 \pm 0.13$	10
$4\ell$ Z-enr.	—	$\lesssim 10^{-3}$	$\lesssim 3 \times 10^{-3}$	$0.43 \pm 0.12$	$0.05 \pm 0.02$	$0.55 \pm 0.15$	$0.17 \pm 0.02$	1
$4\ell$ Z-dep.	—	$\lesssim 10^{-4}$	$\lesssim 10^{-3}$	$0.002 \pm 0.002$	$\lesssim 2 \times 10^{-5}$	$0.007 \pm 0.005$	$0.025 \pm 0.003$	0



# ttH(ATLAS 13 TeV)



1712.08891

Category	Non-prompt	Fake $\tau_{\text{had}}$	$q$ mis-id	$t\bar{t}W$	$t\bar{t}Z$	Diboson	Other	Total Bkgd.	$t\bar{t}H$	Observed
Pre-fit yields										
$2\ell$ SS	$233 \pm 39$	—	$33 \pm 11$	$123 \pm 18$	$41.4 \pm 5.6$	$25 \pm 15$	$28.4 \pm 5.9$	$484 \pm 38$	$42.6 \pm 4.2$	514
$3\ell$ SR	$14.5 \pm 4.3$	—	—	$5.5 \pm 1.2$	$12.0 \pm 1.8$	$1.2 \pm 1.2$	$5.8 \pm 1.4$	$39.1 \pm 5.2$	$11.2 \pm 1.6$	61
$3\ell$ $t\bar{t}W$ CR	$13.3 \pm 4.3$	—	—	$19.9 \pm 3.1$	$8.7 \pm 1.1$	$< 0.2$	$4.53 \pm 0.92$	$46.5 \pm 5.4$	$4.18 \pm 0.46$	56
$3\ell$ $t\bar{t}Z$ CR	$3.9 \pm 2.5$	—	—	$2.71 \pm 0.56$	$66 \pm 11$	$8.4 \pm 5.3$	$12.9 \pm 4.2$	$93 \pm 13$	$3.17 \pm 0.41$	107
$3\ell$ VV CR	$27.7 \pm 8.7$	—	—	$4.9 \pm 1.0$	$21.3 \pm 3.4$	$51 \pm 30$	$17.9 \pm 6.1$	$123 \pm 32$	$1.67 \pm 0.25$	109
$3\ell$ $t\bar{t}$ CR	$70 \pm 17$	—	—	$10.5 \pm 1.5$	$7.9 \pm 1.1$	$7.2 \pm 4.8$	$7.3 \pm 1.9$	$103 \pm 17$	$4.00 \pm 0.49$	85
$4\ell$ Z-enr.	$0.11 \pm 0.07$	—	—	$< 0.01$	$1.52 \pm 0.23$	$0.43 \pm 0.23$	$0.21 \pm 0.09$	$2.26 \pm 0.34$	$1.06 \pm 0.14$	2
$4\ell$ Z-dep.	$0.01 \pm 0.01$	—	—	$< 0.01$	$0.04 \pm 0.02$	$< 0.01$	$0.06 \pm 0.03$	$0.11 \pm 0.03$	$0.20 \pm 0.03$	0
$1\ell + 2\tau_{\text{had}}$	—	$65 \pm 21$	—	$0.09 \pm 0.09$	$3.3 \pm 1.0$	$1.3 \pm 1.0$	$0.98 \pm 0.35$	$71 \pm 21$	$4.3 \pm 1.0$	67
$2\ell$ SS + $1\tau_{\text{had}}$	$2.4 \pm 1.4$	$1.80 \pm 0.30$	$0.05 \pm 0.02$	$0.88 \pm 0.24$	$1.83 \pm 0.37$	$0.12 \pm 0.18$	$1.06 \pm 0.24$	$8.2 \pm 1.6$	$3.09 \pm 0.46$	18
$2\ell$ OS + $1\tau_{\text{had}}$	—	$756 \pm 80$	—	$6.5 \pm 1.3$	$11.4 \pm 1.9$	$2.0 \pm 1.3$	$5.8 \pm 1.5$	$782 \pm 81$	$14.2 \pm 2.0$	807
$3\ell + 1\tau_{\text{had}}$	—	$0.75 \pm 0.15$	—	$0.04 \pm 0.04$	$1.38 \pm 0.24$	$0.002 \pm 0.002$	$0.38 \pm 0.10$	$2.55 \pm 0.32$	$1.51 \pm 0.23$	5
Post-fit yields										

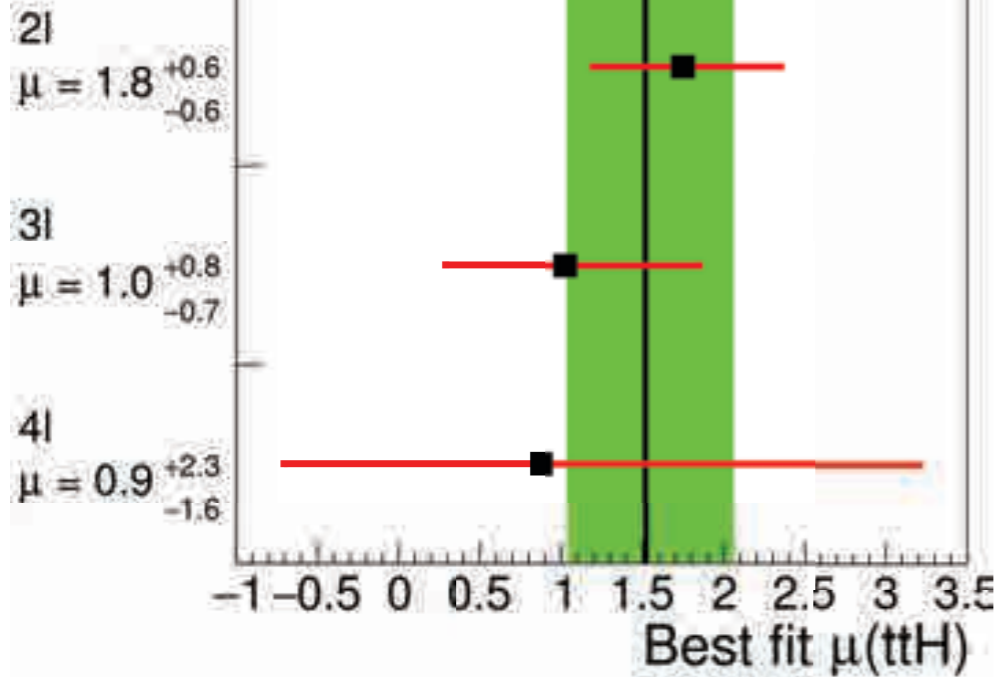


# ttH(CMS 13 TeV)

HIG-17-004-pas

CMS Preliminary 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV)  
m<sub>H</sub> = 125 GeV

combined  $\mu = 1.5^{+0.5}_{-0.5}$



	$\mu\mu$	$e\mu$	$ee$
$t\bar{t}W$	$51.0 \pm 0.6$ (stat.) $\pm 6.9$ (syst.)	$72.8 \pm 0.7$ (stat.) $\pm 10.2$ (syst.)	$20.5 \pm 0.4$ (stat.) $\pm 3.1$ (syst.)
$t\bar{t}Z/\gamma^*$	$17.7 \pm 0.8$ (stat.) $\pm 2.9$ (syst.)	$47.3 \pm 1.6$ (stat.) $\pm 9.0$ (syst.)	$17.5 \pm 1.0$ (stat.) $\pm 3.6$ (syst.)
WZ	$4.2 \pm 0.6$ (stat.) $\pm 4.1$ (syst.)	$7.0 \pm 0.8$ (stat.) $\pm 6.8$ (syst.)	$1.8 \pm 0.4$ (stat.) $\pm 1.7$ (syst.)
Rare SM bkg.	$4.2 \pm 1.5$ (stat.) $\pm 3.0$ (syst.)	$13.3 \pm 1.9$ (stat.) $\pm 9.3$ (syst.)	$4.8 \pm 1.1$ (stat.) $\pm 3.6$ (syst.)
WWss	$3.5 \pm 0.6$ (stat.) $\pm 2.5$ (syst.)	$4.1 \pm 0.6$ (stat.) $\pm 3.2$ (syst.)	$1.4 \pm 0.3$ (stat.) $\pm 1.2$ (syst.)
Conversions		$7.8 \pm 2.5$ (stat.) $\pm 2.3$ (syst.)	$3.6 \pm 3.5$ (stat.) $\pm 1.7$ (syst.)
Charge mis-meas.		$16.4 \pm 0.2$ (stat.) $\pm 9.1$ (syst.)	$10.5 \pm 0.2$ (stat.) $\pm 5.9$ (syst.)
Non-prompt leptons	$38.7 \pm 1.6$ (stat.) $\pm 20.5$ (syst.)	$61.8 \pm 2.0$ (stat.) $\pm 13.0$ (syst.)	$17.7 \pm 1.1$ (stat.) $\pm 5.4$ (syst.)
All backgrounds	$120.3 \pm 2.5$ (stat.) $\pm 11.7$ (syst.)	$231.2 \pm 4.3$ (stat.) $\pm 13.3$ (syst.)	$77.9 \pm 4.0$ (stat.) $\pm 9.0$ (syst.)
ttH signal	$20.1 \pm 0.5$ (stat.) $\pm 2.1$ (syst.)	$27.9 \pm 0.5$ (stat.) $\pm 3.0$ (syst.)	$8.0 \pm 0.3$ (stat.) $\pm 1.1$ (syst.)
Data		150	268

	3L	4L
$t\bar{t}W$	$32.8 \pm 1.0$ (stat.) $\pm 4.9$ (syst.)	
$t\bar{t}Z/\gamma^*$	$49.8 \pm 3.9$ (stat.) $\pm 11.1$ (syst.)	$2.15 \pm 0.24$ (stat.) $\pm 0.44$ (syst.)
WZ	$9.1 \pm 0.9$ (stat.) $\pm 4.0$ (syst.)	
Rare SM bkg.	$8.8 \pm 4.3$ (stat.) $\pm 5.9$ (syst.)	$0.27 \pm 0.16$ (stat.) $\pm 0.19$ (syst.)
WWss		
Conversions	$5.3 \pm 1.2$ (stat.) $\pm 4.0$ (syst.)	
Charge mis-meas.		
Non-prompt leptons	$30.8 \pm 1.5$ (stat.) $\pm 10.9$ (syst.)	
All backgrounds	$137.3 \pm 6.2$ (stat.) $\pm 12.4$ (syst.)	$2.42 \pm 0.28$ (stat.) $\pm 0.56$ (syst.)
ttH signal	$19.5 \pm 1.0$ (stat.) $\pm 3.0$ (syst.)	$1.00 \pm 0.09$ (stat.) $\pm 0.11$ (syst.)
Data		148

# Higgs sector of MSSM

## Higgs sector of MSSM

Higgs sector of the phenomenological Minimal Supersymmetric Standard Model, in light of the recent Higgs data, on and above the existing Run-I data

Barman, BB, Choudhury, Chowdhury, Lahiri, Ray 1608.02573

We keep Heavy Higgs bosons below 1 TeV in our scan

The input parameters are randomly varied over the following ranges:

$$\begin{aligned} 600 \text{ GeV} < M_1 < 5 \text{ TeV}, \quad 600 \text{ GeV} < M_2 < 5 \text{ TeV}, \quad 500 \text{ GeV} < M_3 < 5 \text{ TeV}, \\ 1 < \tan \beta < 60, \quad 100 \text{ GeV} < M_A < 1 \text{ TeV}, \quad 100 \text{ GeV} < \mu < 5 \text{ TeV}, \\ 600 \text{ GeV} < M_{\tilde{Q}_1} < 5 \text{ TeV}, \quad 600 \text{ GeV} < M_{\tilde{u}_1} < 5 \text{ TeV}, \\ 600 \text{ GeV} < M_{\tilde{d}_1} < 5 \text{ TeV}, \quad M_{\tilde{Q}_2} = M_{\tilde{Q}_1}, \quad M_{\tilde{u}_2} = M_{\tilde{u}_1}, \quad M_{\tilde{d}_2} = M_{\tilde{d}_1}, \\ A_{e,\mu,\tau} = A_{u,d,c,s} = 0, \quad -10 \text{ TeV} < A_{b,t} < 10 \text{ TeV}, \\ 200 \text{ GeV} < M_{\tilde{Q}_3, \tilde{u}_3, \tilde{d}_3} < 10 \text{ TeV}, \quad M_{\tilde{e}_{1L}, \tilde{e}_{1R}, \tilde{e}_{2L}, \tilde{e}_{2R}, \tilde{e}_{3L}, \tilde{e}_{3R}} = 2 \text{ TeV} \end{aligned}$$

FeynHiggs 2.12.0: for spectrum generation and cross section calculation

Micromegas 4.1.8 for flavour physics



# Run I signal strength data

Decay channel	Production mode	ATLAS	Production mode	CMS
$\gamma\gamma$	$ggF$	$1.32^{+0.38}_{-0.38}$ [143]	$ggF$	$1.12^{+0.37}_{-0.32}$ [144]
	$VBF$	$0.8^{+0.7}_{-0.7}$ [143]	$VBF$	$1.58^{+0.77}_{-0.68}$ [144]
	$Wh$	$1.0^{+1.60}_{-1.60}$ [143]	$Wh$	$-0.16^{+1.16}_{-0.79}$ [144]
	$t\bar{t}h$	$1.60^{+2.70}_{-1.80}$ [143]	$t\bar{t}h$	$2.69^{+2.51}_{-1.81}$ [144]
	$Zh$	$0.1^{+3.70}_{-0.10}$ [143]	-	-
$ZZ$	$VBF + Vh$	$0.26^{+1.64}_{-0.94}$ [145]	$VBF + Vh$	$1.70^{+2.2}_{-2.1}$ [146]
	$ggF + t\bar{t}h + b\bar{b}h$	$1.66^{+0.51}_{-0.44}$ [145]	$ggF + t\bar{t}h$	$0.80^{+0.46}_{-0.36}$ [146]
$W^+W^-$	$ggF$	$1.02^{+0.29}_{-0.26}$ [147]	0/1 jet (97% $ggF$ , 3% $VBF$ ) <sup>a</sup>	$0.74^{+0.22}_{-0.20}$ [148]
	$VBF$	$1.27^{+0.53}_{-0.45}$ [147]	$VBF$ tagged (17% $ggF$ , 83% $VBF$ ) <sup>a</sup>	$0.60^{+0.57}_{-0.46}$ [148]
	$Vh$	$3.0^{+1.64}_{-1.30}$ [149]	$Vh$ tagged	$0.39^{+1.97}_{-1.87}$ [148]
	-	-	$Wh$ tagged	$0.56^{+1.27}_{-0.95}$ [148]
$b\bar{b}$	$Vh$	$0.51^{+0.40}_{-0.37}$ [150]	$Vh$	$1.0^{+0.5}_{-0.5}$ [151]
$\tau^+\tau^-$	$ggF$	$1.93^{+1.45}_{-1.15}$ [152]	0 jet (96.9% $ggF$ , 1% $VBF$ , 2.1% $Vh$ ) <sup>a</sup>	$0.34^{+1.09}_{-1.09}$ [153]
	$VBF(60\%) + Vh(40\%)$	$1.24^{+0.58}_{-0.54}$ [152]	1 jet (75.7% $ggF$ , 14% $VBF$ , 10.3% $Vh$ ) <sup>a</sup>	$1.07^{+0.46}_{-0.46}$ [153]
	-	-	$VBF$ tagged (19.6% $ggF$ , 80.4% $VBF$ ) <sup>a</sup>	$0.94^{+0.41}_{-0.41}$ [153]
	-	-	$Vh$ tagged	$-0.33^{+1.02}_{-1.02}$ [153]
	-	-	-	-

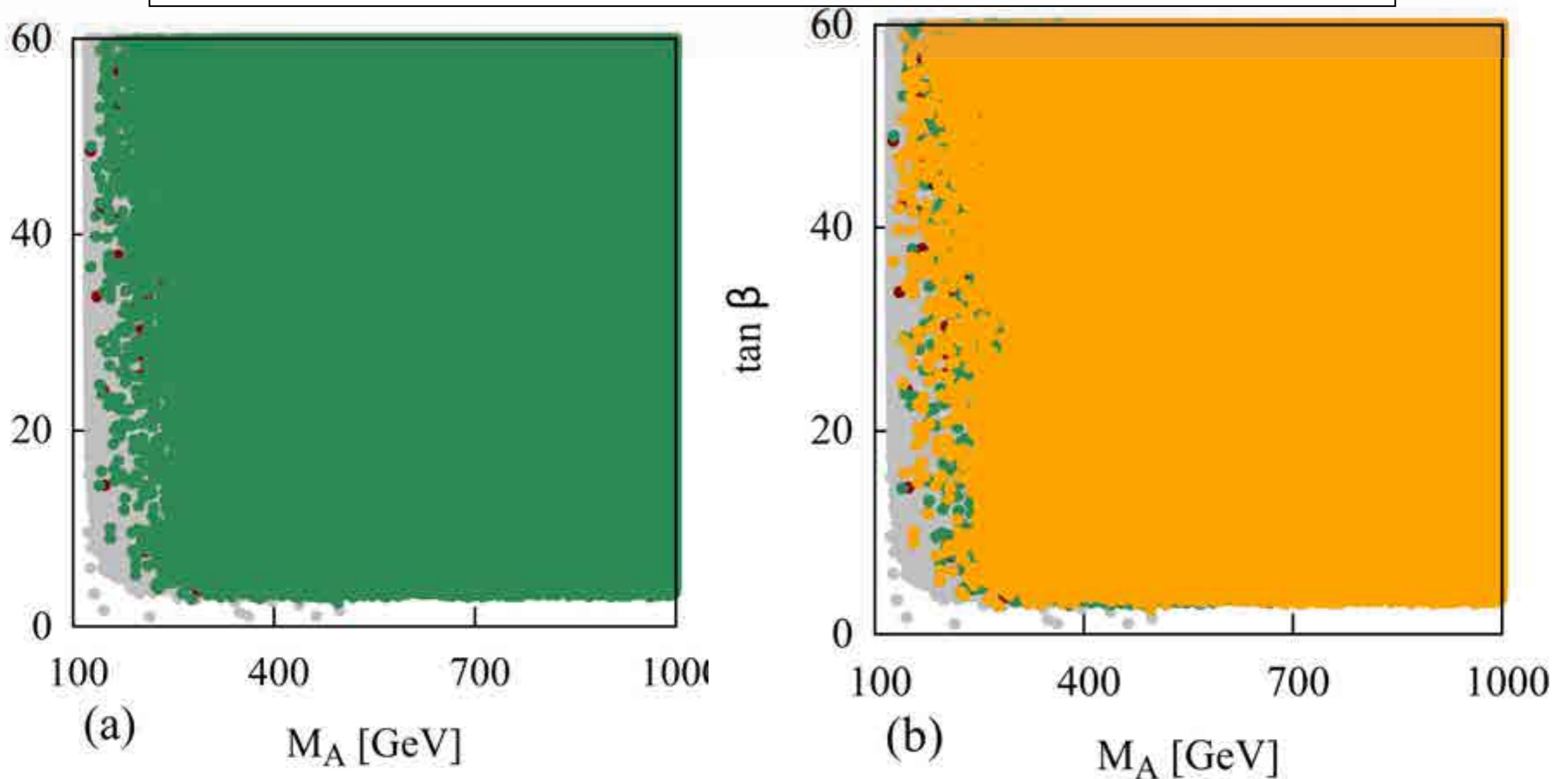
# Run II signal strength data

Decay channel	Production mode	ATLAS	Production mode	CMS
$\gamma\gamma$	$ggF$	$0.80^{+0.19}_{-0.18}$ [154]	$ggF$	$1.11^{+0.19}_{-0.18}$ [155]
	$VBF$	$2.1^{+0.60}_{-0.60}$ [154]	$VBF$	$0.5^{+0.6}_{-0.5}$ [155]
	$t\bar{t}h$	$0.5^{+0.60}_{-0.60}$ [154]	$t\bar{t}h$	$2.2^{+0.9}_{-0.8}$ [155]
	$Vh$	$0.70^{+0.9}_{-0.8}$ [154]	$Vh$	$2.3^{+1.1}_{-1.0}$ [155]
$ZZ$	$ggF$	$1.17^{+0.41}_{-0.50}$ [154]	$ggF$	$1.20^{+0.22}_{-0.21}$ [156]
	-	-	$VBF$	$0.05^{+1.03}_{-0.05}$ [156]
	-	-	$t\bar{t}h$	$0.00^{+1.19}_{-0.00}$ [156]
$b\bar{b}$	$VBF$	$-3.9^{+2.8}_{-2.9}$ [157]	$VBF$	$-3.7^{+2.4}_{-2.5}$ [158]
	$t\bar{t}h$	$2.1^{+1.0}_{-0.9}$ [159]	$t\bar{t}h$	$-2.0^{+1.8}_{-1.8}$ [160]
	$Vh$	$0.21^{+0.51}_{-0.50}$ [161]	-	-
$\tau^+\tau^-$	-	-	$ggh$	$1.05^{+0.49}_{-0.46}$ [162]
	-	-	$q\bar{q}h + Wh + Zh$	$1.07^{+0.45}_{-0.43}$ [162]



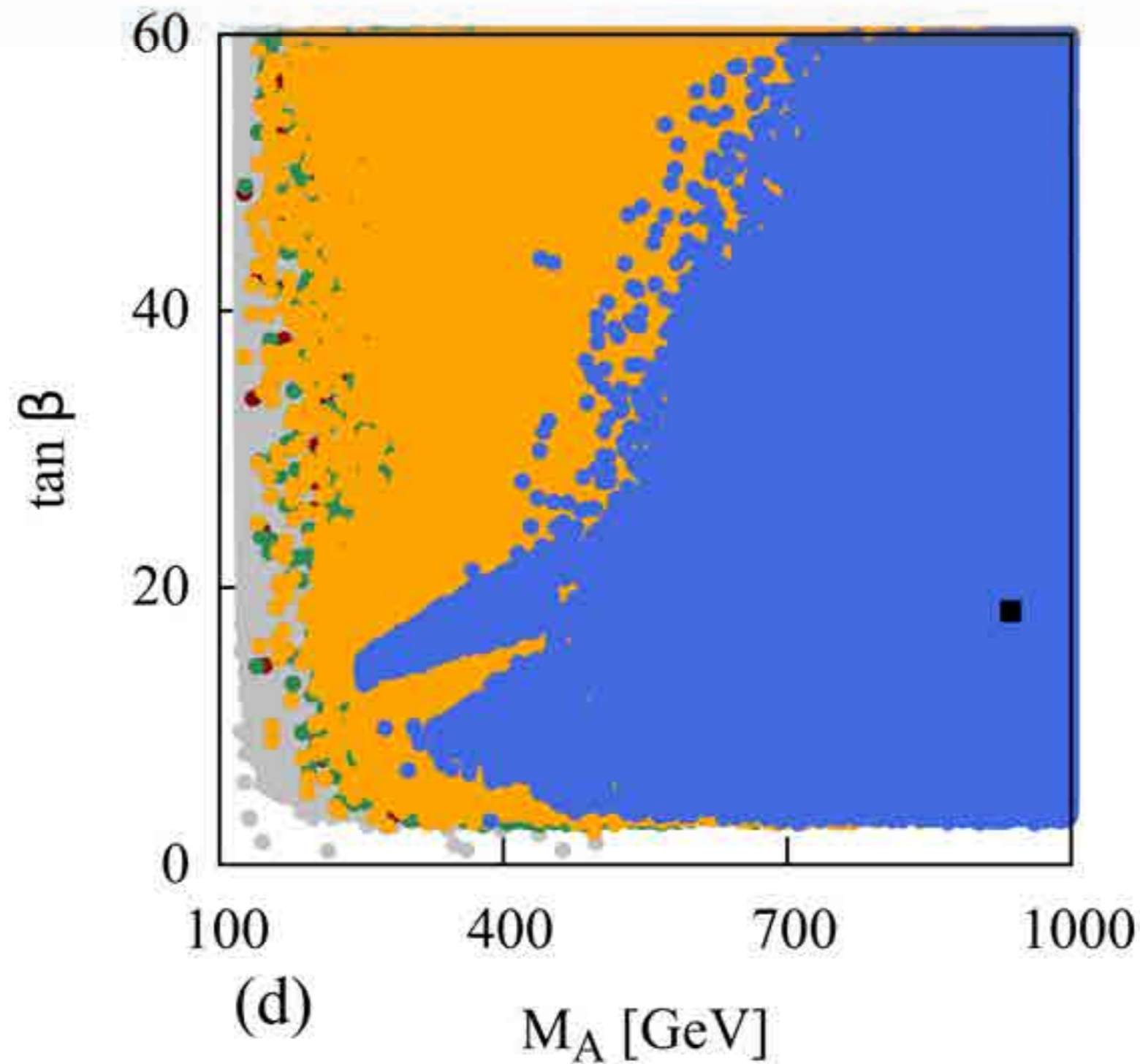
# Allowed parameter space: bounds from signal strengths

Barman, BB, Choudhury, Chowdhury, Lahiri, Ray (1608.02573)



grey points: satisfy the light Higgs mass constraint.  
red points : only LHC Run-II data  
green points: only LHC Run-I data  
yellow points : combined Run-I and Run-II.

# Allowed parameter space: bounds from flavour physics





# Heavy Higgs searches at the LHC

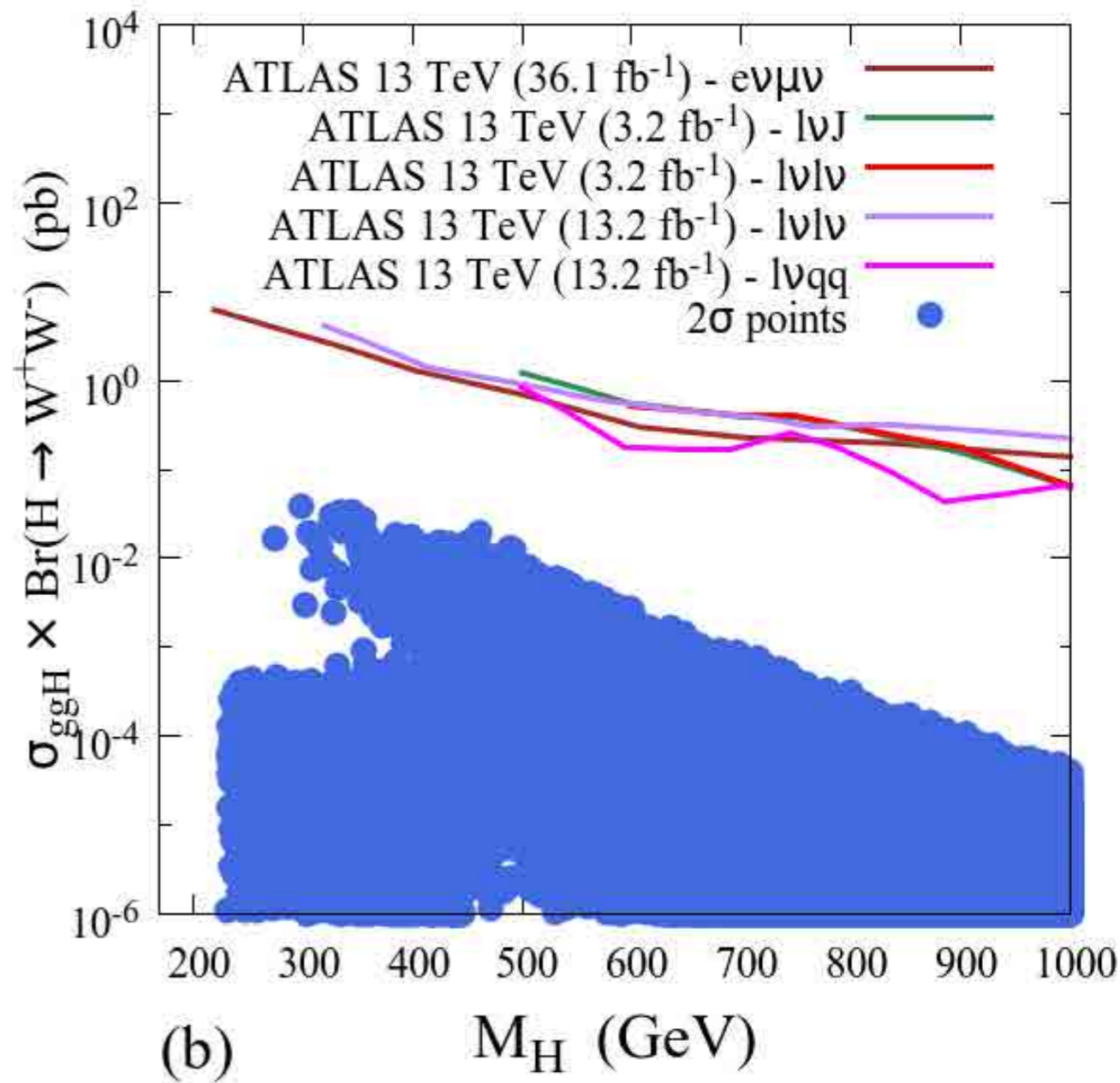
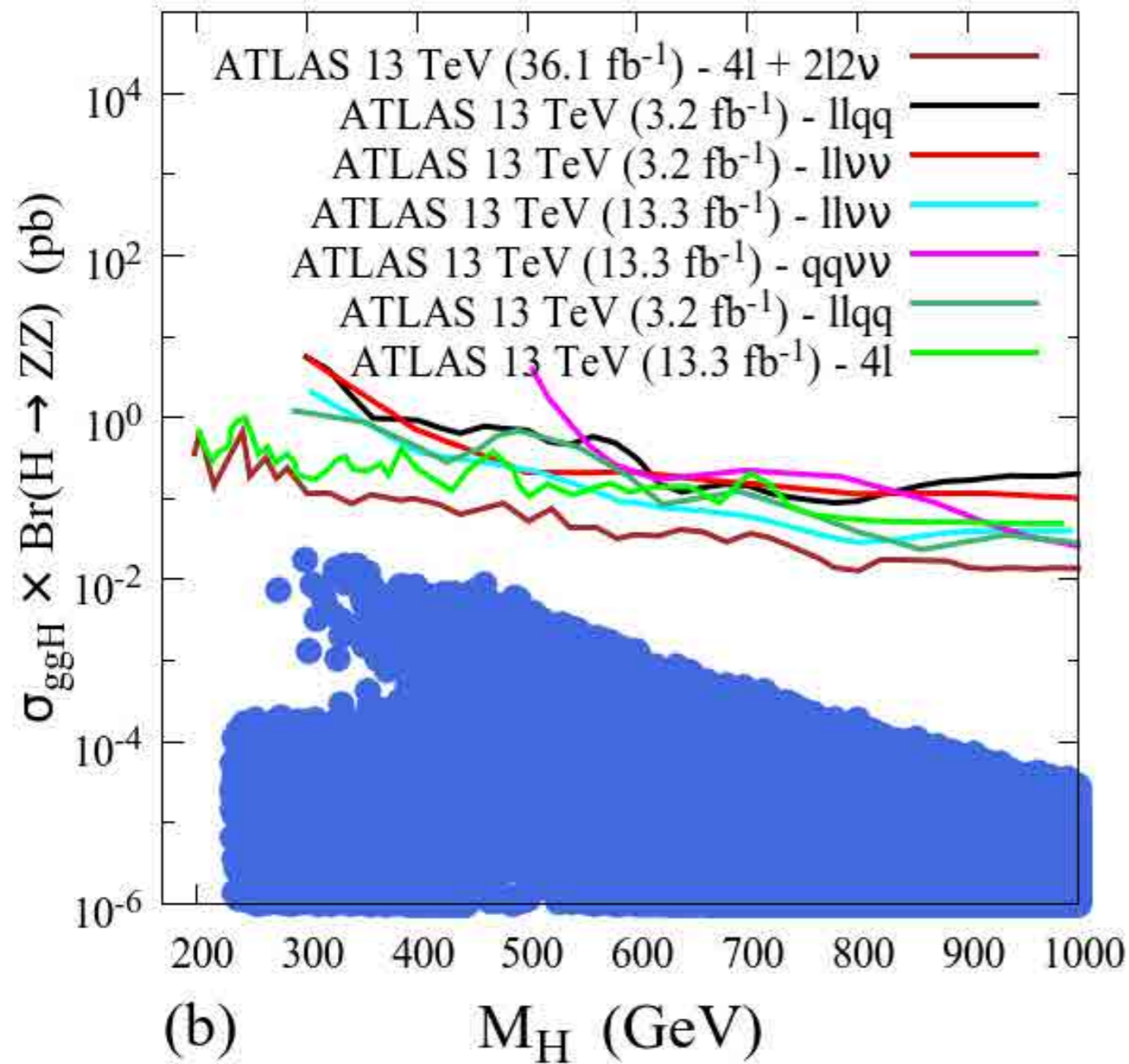
Channel	Experiment	Mass range (GeV)	Luminosity
$gg \rightarrow H/A \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	ATLAS 8 TeV [28]	90-1000	19.5-20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
	CMS 8 TeV [55]	90-1000	19.7 fb <sup>-1</sup>
	ATLAS 13 TeV [29]	200-1200	3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup>
	CMS 13 TeV [56]	100-3000	2.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$b\bar{b} \rightarrow H/A \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	ATLAS 8 TeV [28]	90-1000	19.5-20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
	CMS 8 TeV [55]	90-1000	19.7 fb <sup>-1</sup>
	ATLAS 13 TeV [29]	200-1200	3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup>
	CMS 13 TeV [56]	100-3000	2.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg \rightarrow H/A \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	ATLAS 8 TeV [30]	65-600	20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
	CMS 8+13 TeV [57]	500-4000	19.7+3.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
	ATLAS 13 TeV [31]	200-2000	3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow bH/A(H/A \rightarrow b\bar{b})$	CMS 8 TeV [58]	100-900	19.7 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow W^+W^-$	ATLAS 8 TeV [32]	300-1500	20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
	ATLAS 13 TeV [33]	500-3000	3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$W^+W^-/ZZ \rightarrow H \rightarrow W^+W^-$	ATLAS 8 TeV [32]	300-1500	20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
	ATLAS 13 TeV [33]	500-3000	3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ$	ATLAS 8 TeV [34]	160-1000	20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow (\ell\ell)(qq)$	ATLAS 13 TeV [35]	300-1000	3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow (\ell\ell)(\nu\nu)$	ATLAS 13 TeV [36]	300-1000	3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow Z\gamma$	ATLAS 13 TeV [37]	250-2750	3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$W^+W^-/ZZ \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ$	ATLAS 8 TeV [34]	160-1000	20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ$	CMS 8 TeV [59]	150-1000	5.1 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow W^+W^-$	CMS 8 TeV [59]	150-1000	5.1 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow hh$	ATLAS 8 TeV [38]	260-1000	20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow (b\bar{b})(b\bar{b})$	ATLAS 13 TeV [39]	500-3000	3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow (\gamma\gamma)(b\bar{b})$	CMS 8 TeV [60]	250-1100	19.7 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow (b\bar{b})(b\bar{b})$	CMS 8 TeV [61]	270-1100	17.9 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow (b\bar{b})(\tau^+\tau^-)$	CMS 8 TeV [62]	260-350	19.7 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg \rightarrow A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow (\tau^+\tau^-)(\ell\ell)$	CMS 8 TeV [62]	220-350	19.7 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg \rightarrow A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow (b\bar{b})(\ell\ell)$	CMS 8 TeV [63]	225-600	19.7 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg \rightarrow A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow Z(\tau^+\tau^-)$	ATLAS 8 TeV [40]	220-1000	20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
	ATLAS 13 TeV [41]	200-2000	3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow Abb \rightarrow Zhbb \rightarrow Z(b\bar{b})(b\bar{b})$	ATLAS 13 TeV [41]	200-1000	3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow tH^\pm(H^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm\nu) + X$	ATLAS 8 TeV [42]	180-1000	19.5 fb <sup>-1</sup>
	ATLAS 13 TeV [43]	200-2000	3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow tbH^\pm(H^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm\nu)$	CMS 8 TeV [64]	200-600	19.7 ± 0.5 fb <sup>-1</sup>
	ATLAS 8 TeV [44]	200-600	20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gb \rightarrow tH^\pm(H^\pm \rightarrow tb)$	ATLAS 8 TeV [44]	200-600	20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$qq' \rightarrow H^\pm(H^\pm \rightarrow tb) \rightarrow (l + \text{jets})$	ATLAS 8 TeV [44]	400-2000	20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$qq' \rightarrow H^\pm(H^\pm \rightarrow tb) \rightarrow (\text{all had.})$	ATLAS 8 TeV [44]	400-2000	20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow tbH^\pm(H^\pm \rightarrow tb)$	CMS 8 TeV [64]	200-600	19.7 ± 0.5 fb <sup>-1</sup>

Channel	Experiment	Mass range(GeV)	Luminosity
$gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ(\ell\nu\nu + \ell\ell\ell)$	ATLAS 13 TeV [165]	200-1200	36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ(\ell\nu\nu)$	ATLAS 13 TeV [45]	300-1000	13.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ(\nu\nu qq)$	ATLAS 13 TeV [46]	500-3000	13.2 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg/VV \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ(\ell\ell qq)$	ATLAS 13 TeV [46]	500-3000	13.2 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg/VV \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ(4\ell)$	ATLAS 13 TeV [47]	500-3000	14.8 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow W^+W^-(e\nu\mu\nu)$	ATLAS 13 TeV [166]	200-4000	36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg/VV \rightarrow H \rightarrow W^+W^-(\ell\nu\ell\nu)$	ATLAS 13 TeV [48]	200-3000	13.2 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow W^+W^-(\ell\nu qq)$	ATLAS 13 TeV [49]	500-3000	13.2 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg + VV \rightarrow H \rightarrow W^+W^-(\ell\nu\ell\nu)$	CMS 13 TeV [65]	200-1000	2.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	ATLAS 13 TeV [167]	200-2700	36.7 fb <sup>-1</sup>
	ATLAS 13 TeV [50]	200-2400	15.4 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	CMS 13 TeV [66]	500-4000	12.9 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg/b\bar{b} \rightarrow H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	ATLAS 13 TeV [168]	200-2300	36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg/b\bar{b} \rightarrow H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	ATLAS 13 TeV [51]	200-1200	13.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg/b\bar{b} \rightarrow H/A \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	CMS 13 TeV [169]	90-3100	35.9 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg/b\bar{b} \rightarrow H/A \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	CMS 13 TeV [67]	90-3200	12.9 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg/b\bar{b} \rightarrow H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	CMS 13 TeV [68]	550-1200	2.7 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$	ATLAS 13 TeV [52]	300-3000	13.3 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$	CMS 13 TeV [170]	260-1200	35.9 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$	CMS 13 TeV [171]	250-900	35.9 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$	CMS 13 TeV [172]	250-900	35.9 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$	CMS 13 TeV [173]	250-900	12.9 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$gg \rightarrow A \rightarrow Zh, h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	ATLAS 13 TeV [174]	200-2200	36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup>
	ATLAS 13 TeV [174]	200-2200	36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$pp \rightarrow tH^\pm(H^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm\nu) + X$	ATLAS 13 TeV [53]	200-2000	14.7 fb <sup>-1</sup>

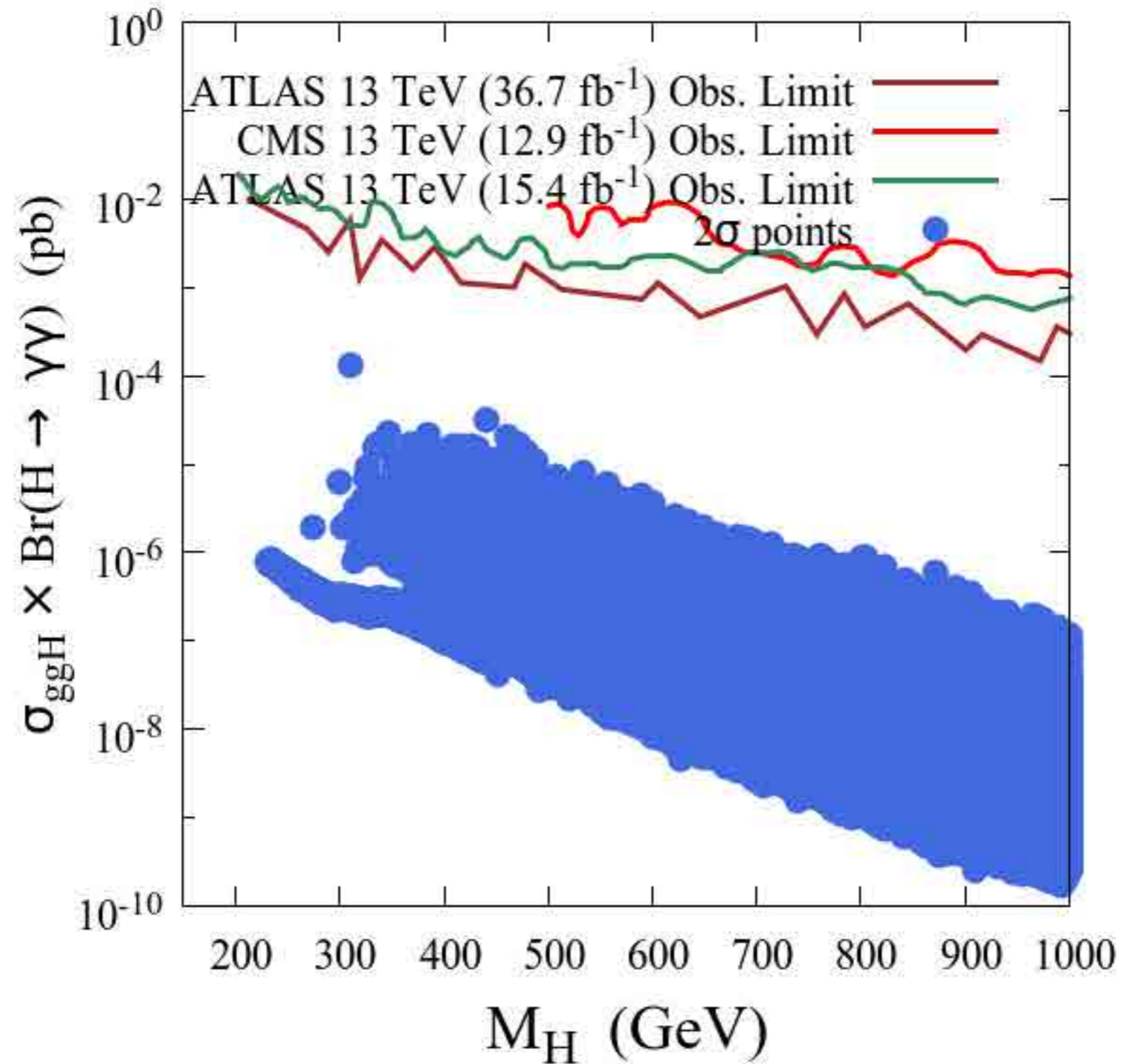
66 analyses in total  
(CMS + ATLAS: 8 + 13 TeV)



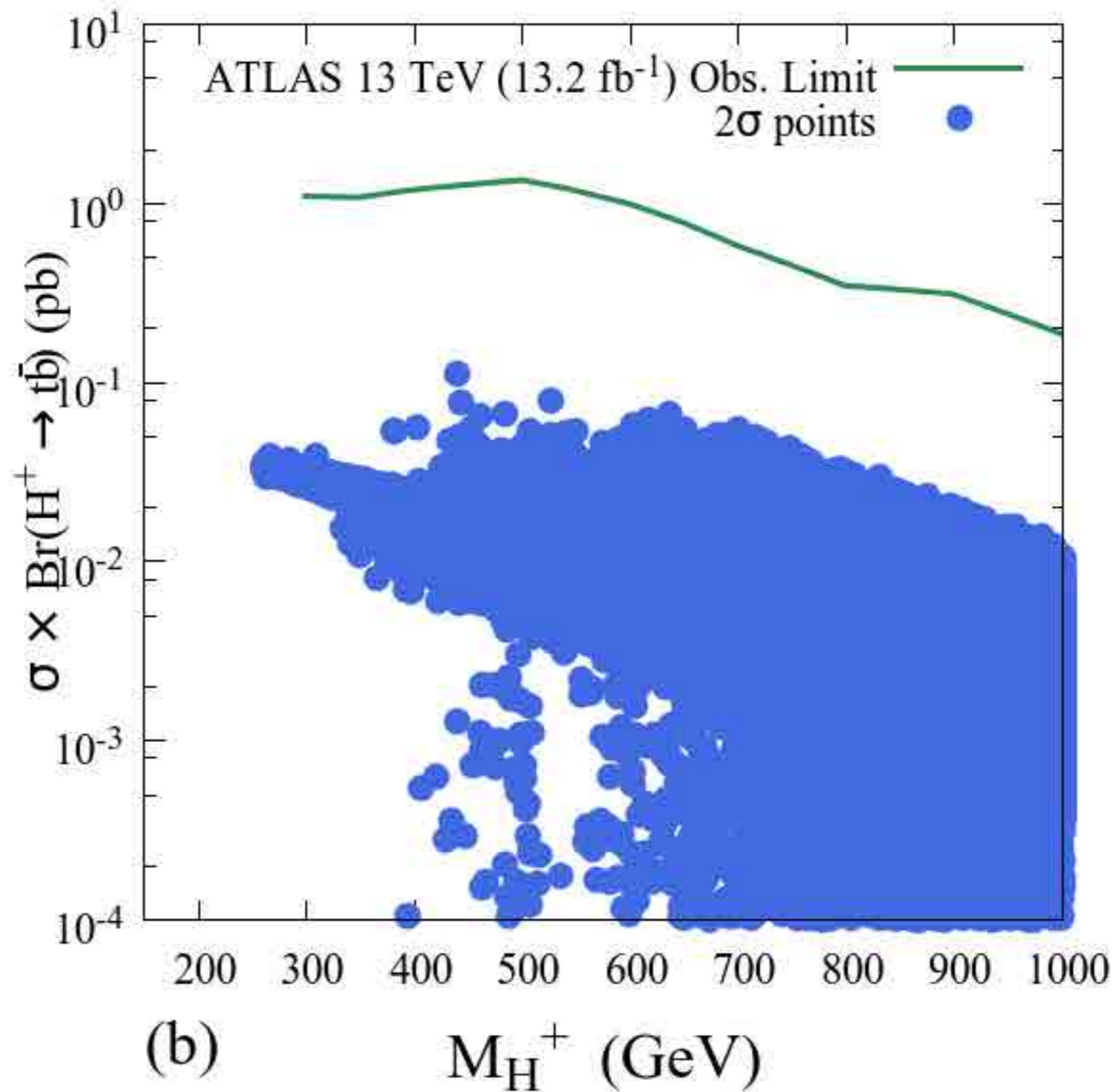
# Heavy Higgs searches at the LHC



# Heavy Higgs searches at the LHC

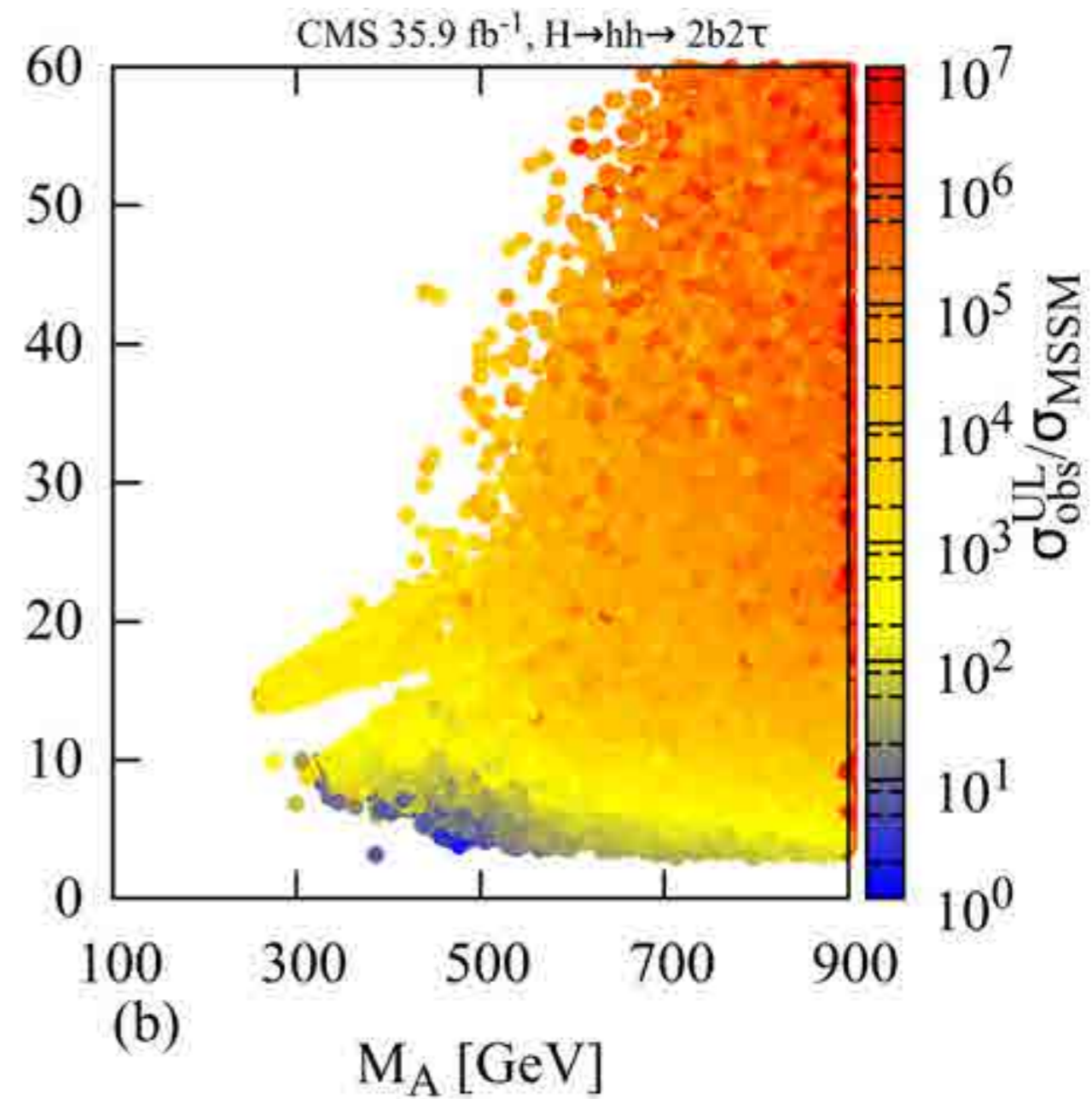
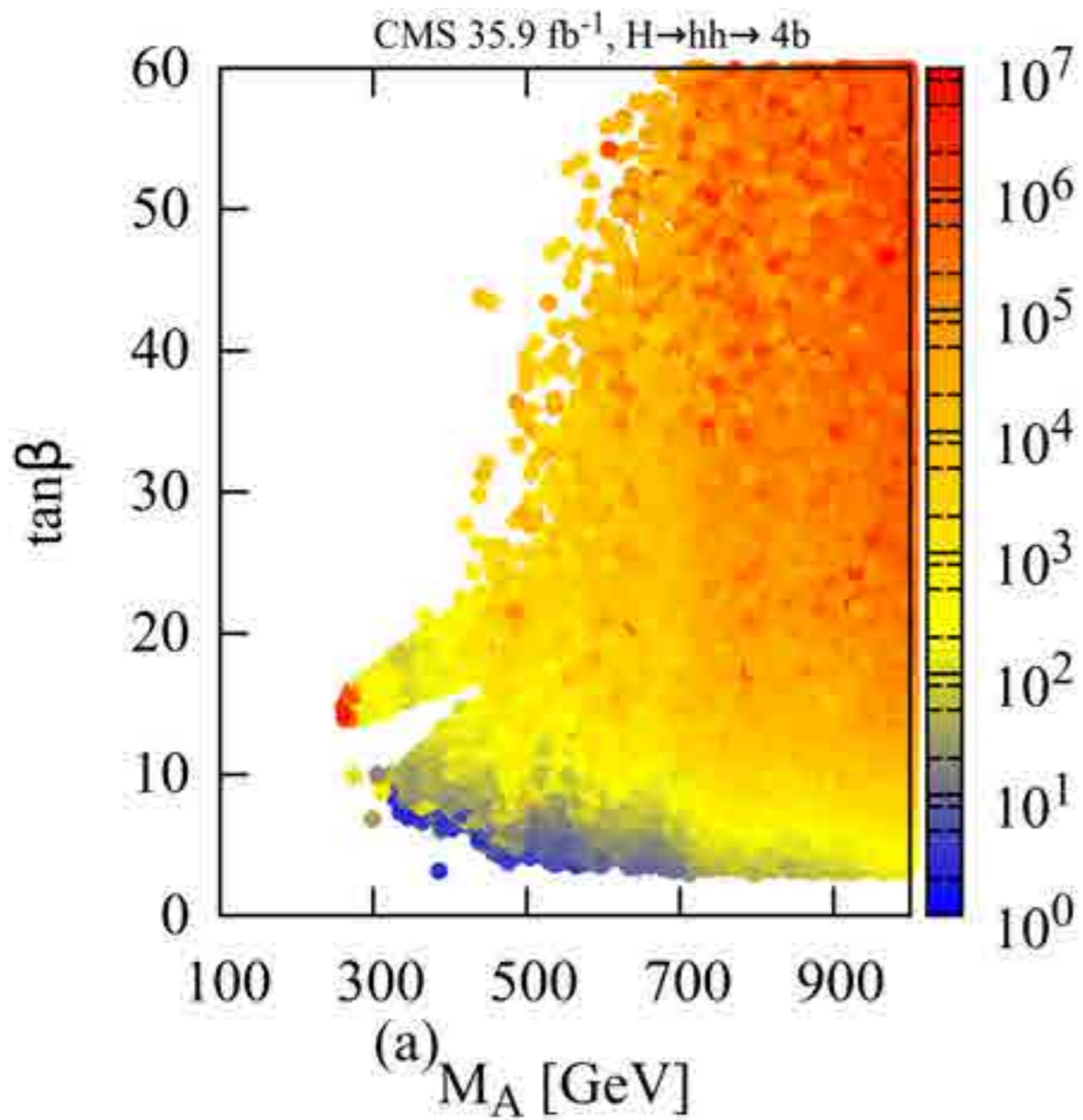


# Heavy Higgs searches at the LHC



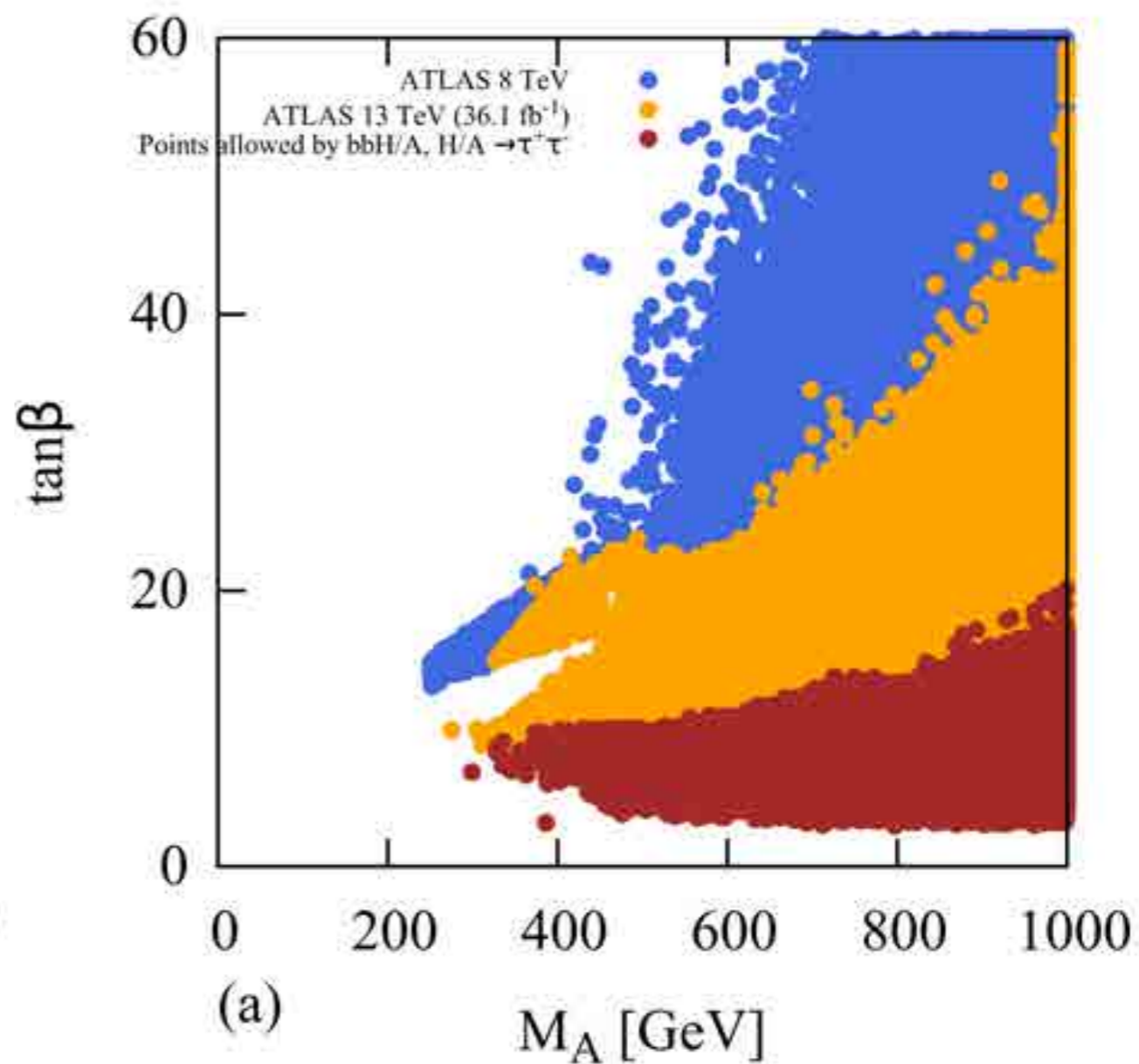
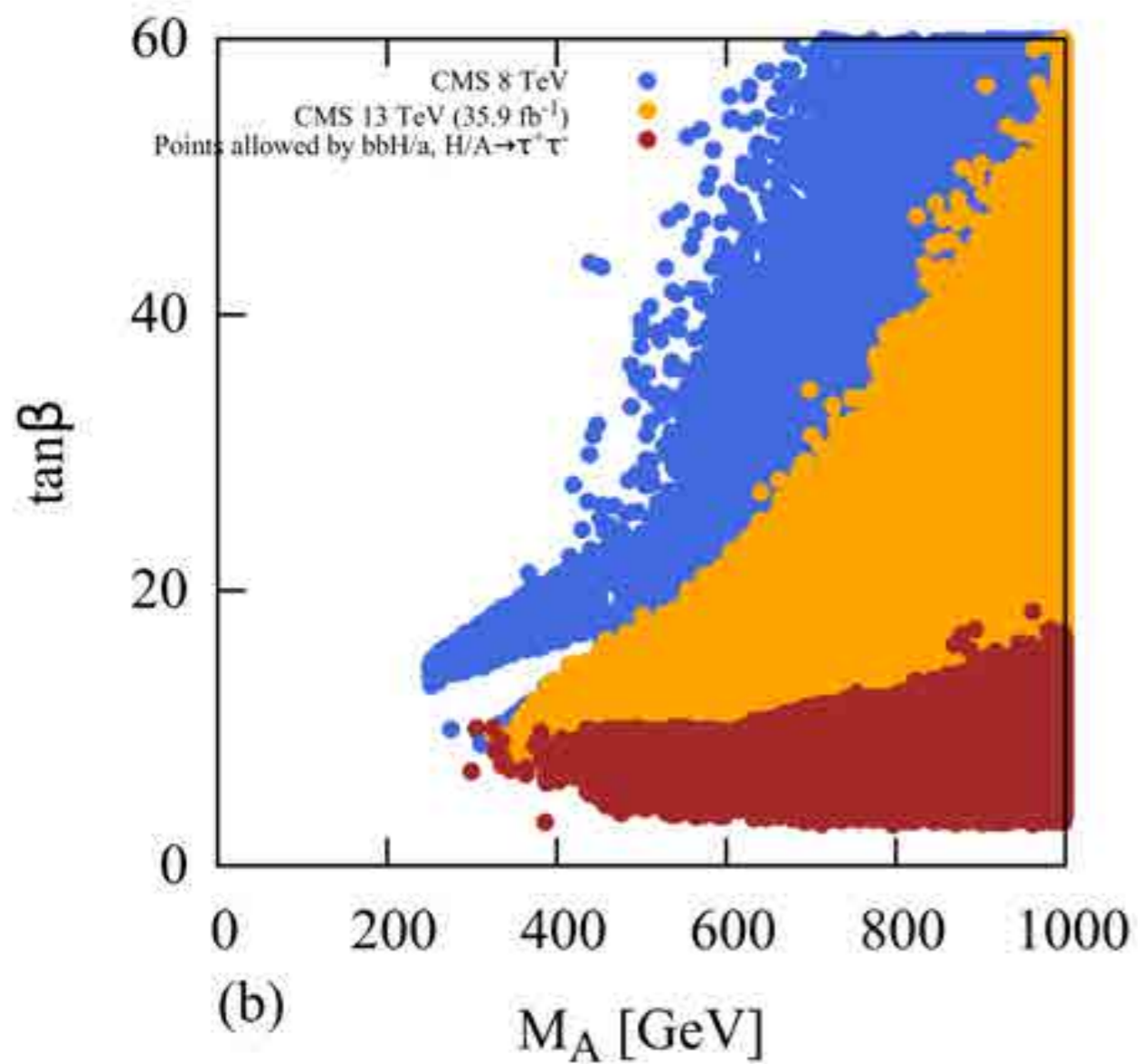


# SUSY HIGGS: Heavy Higgs searches

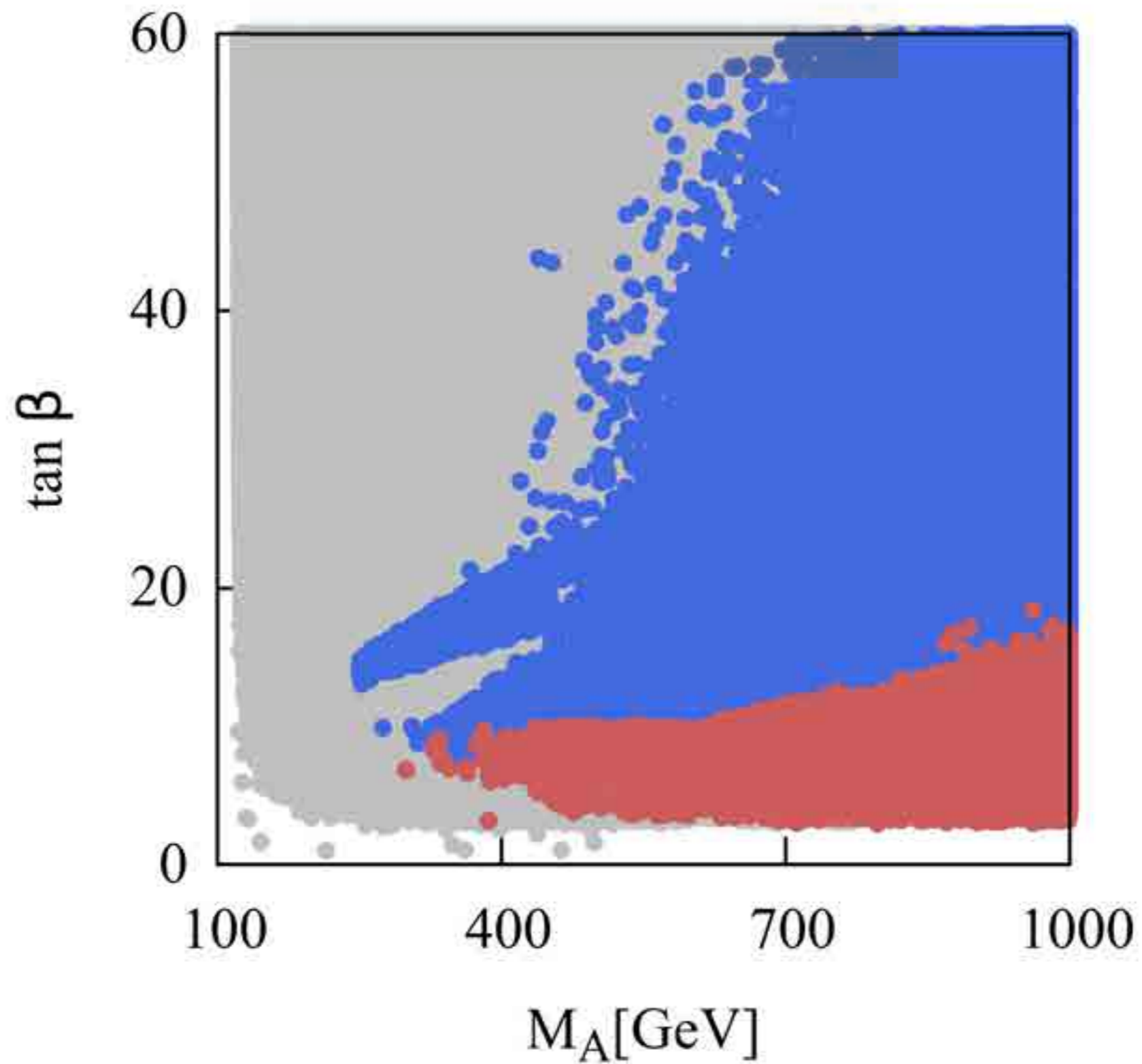




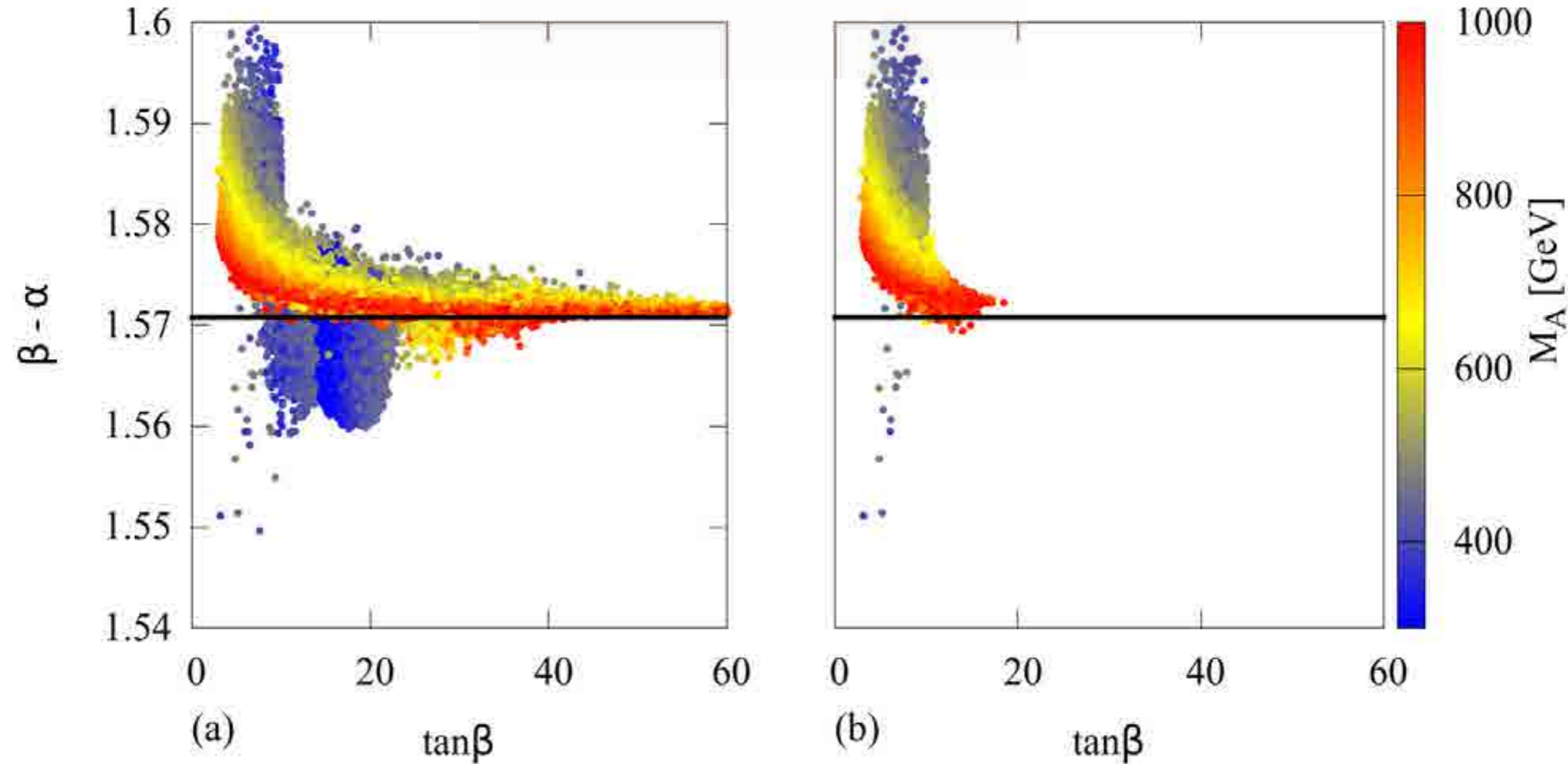
# SUSY HIGGS: Heavy Higgs searches



# Current status

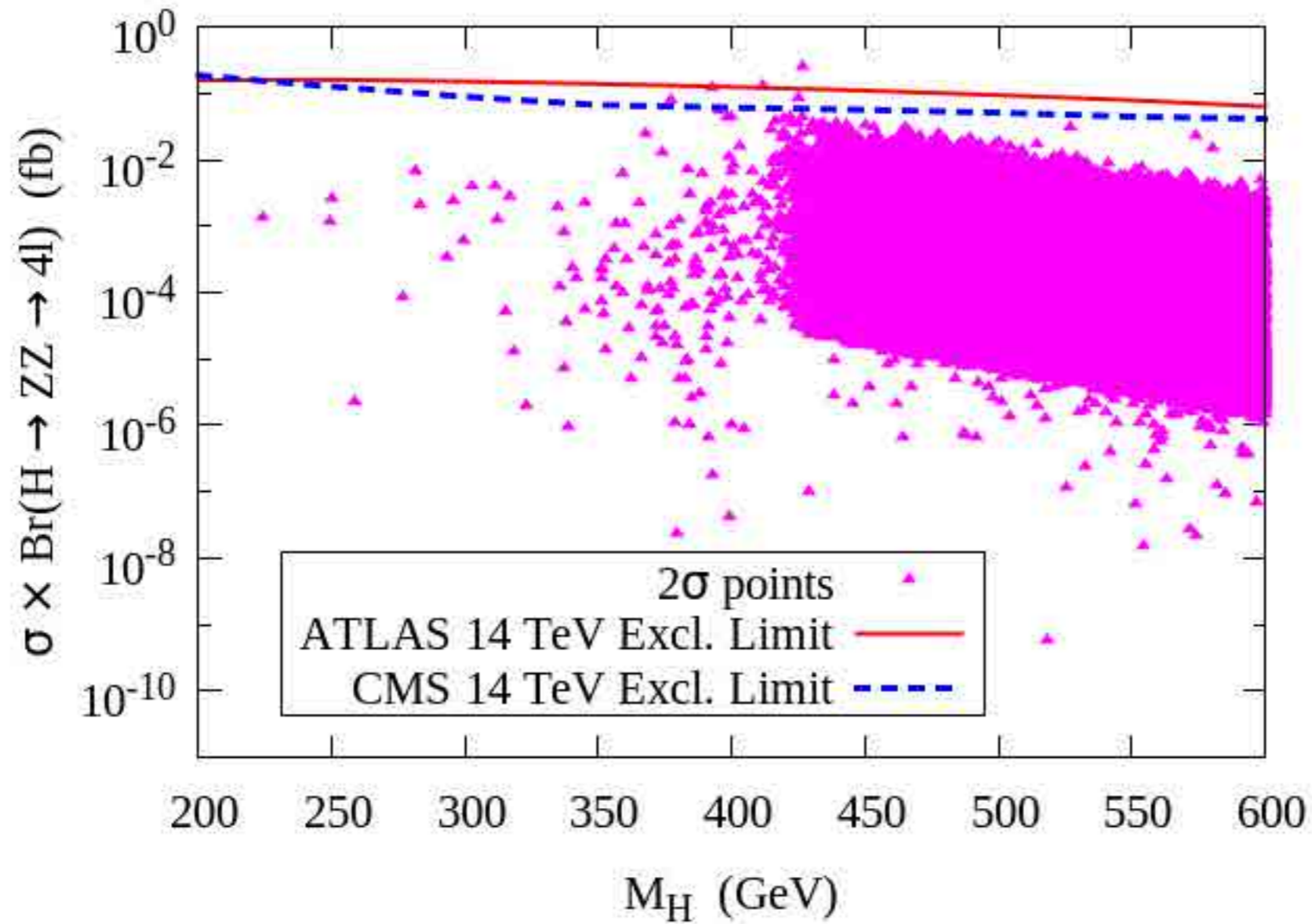


# Current status



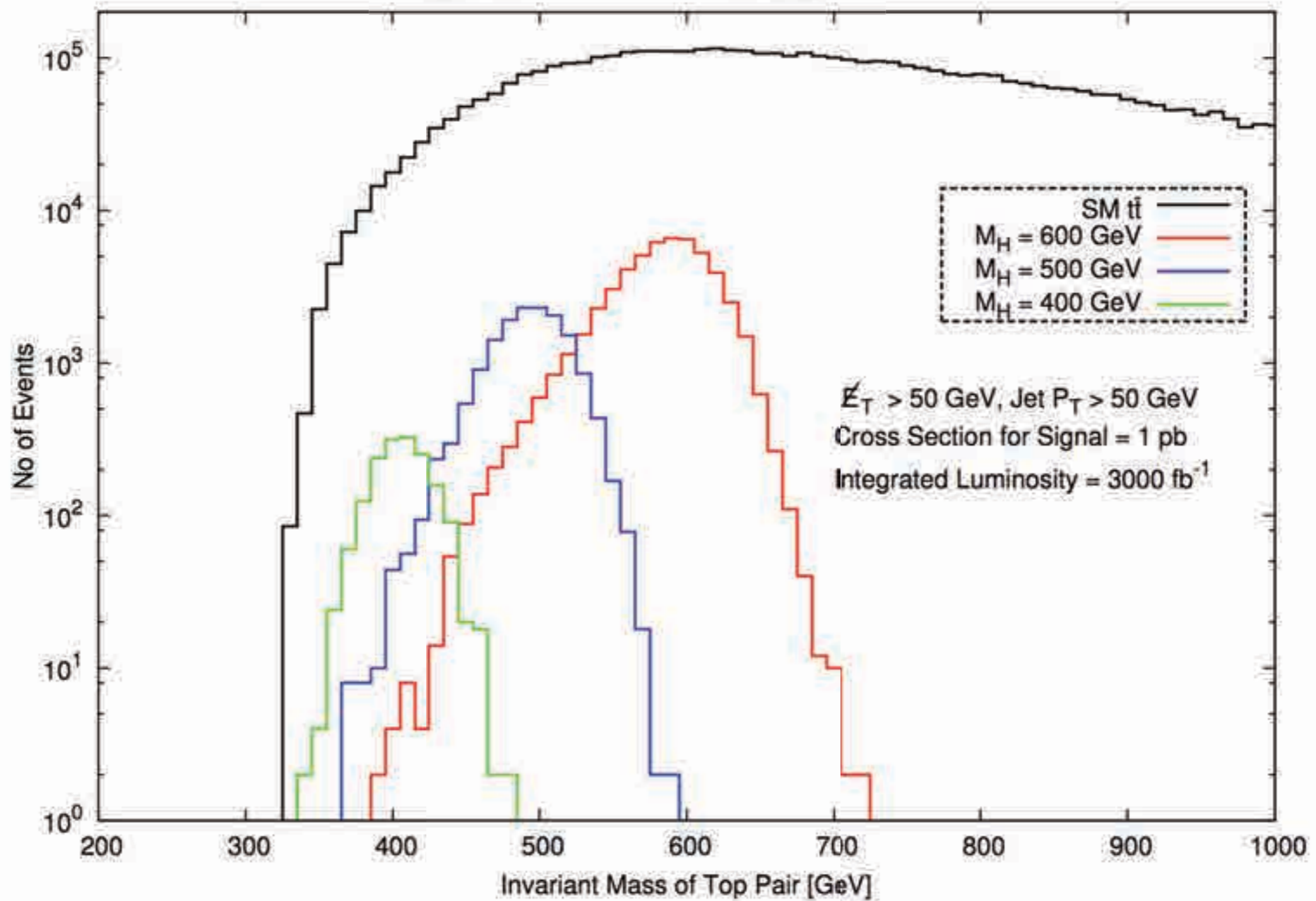
signal strength : about 20 % variation still possible

# Future limits

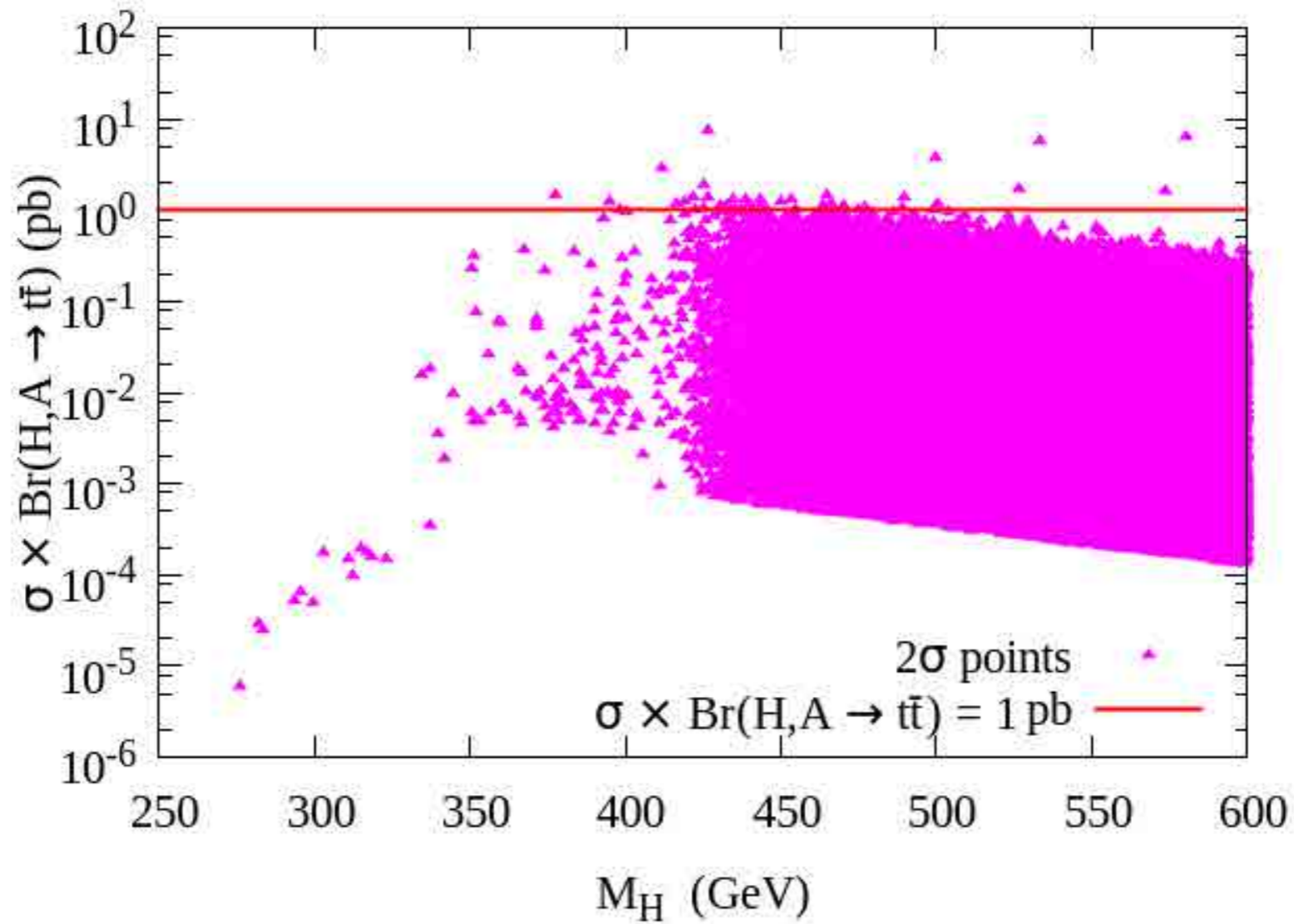




# Future limits

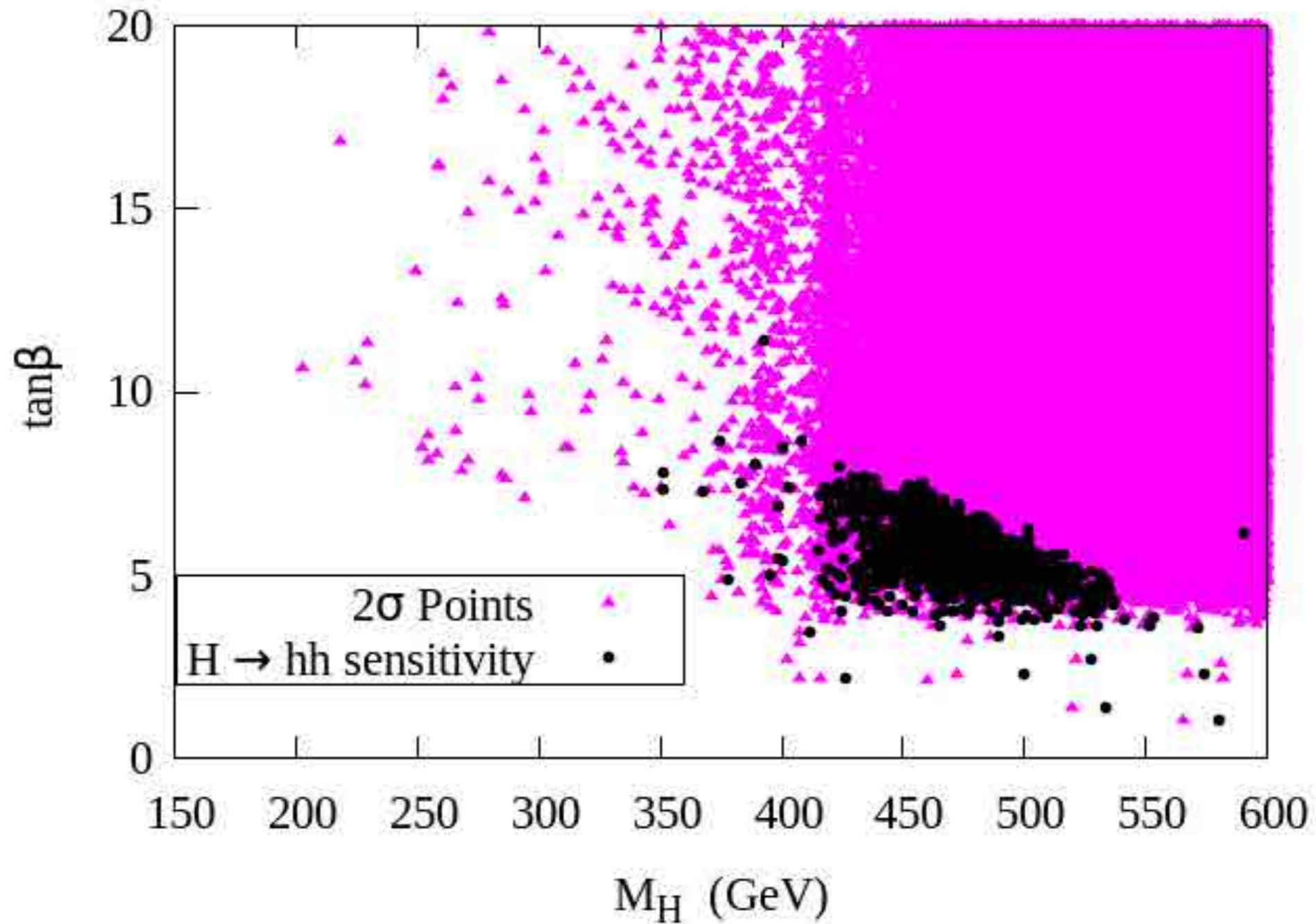


# Future limits



BB, Chakraborty, Choudhury Phys.Rev. D92 (2015) no.9, 093007

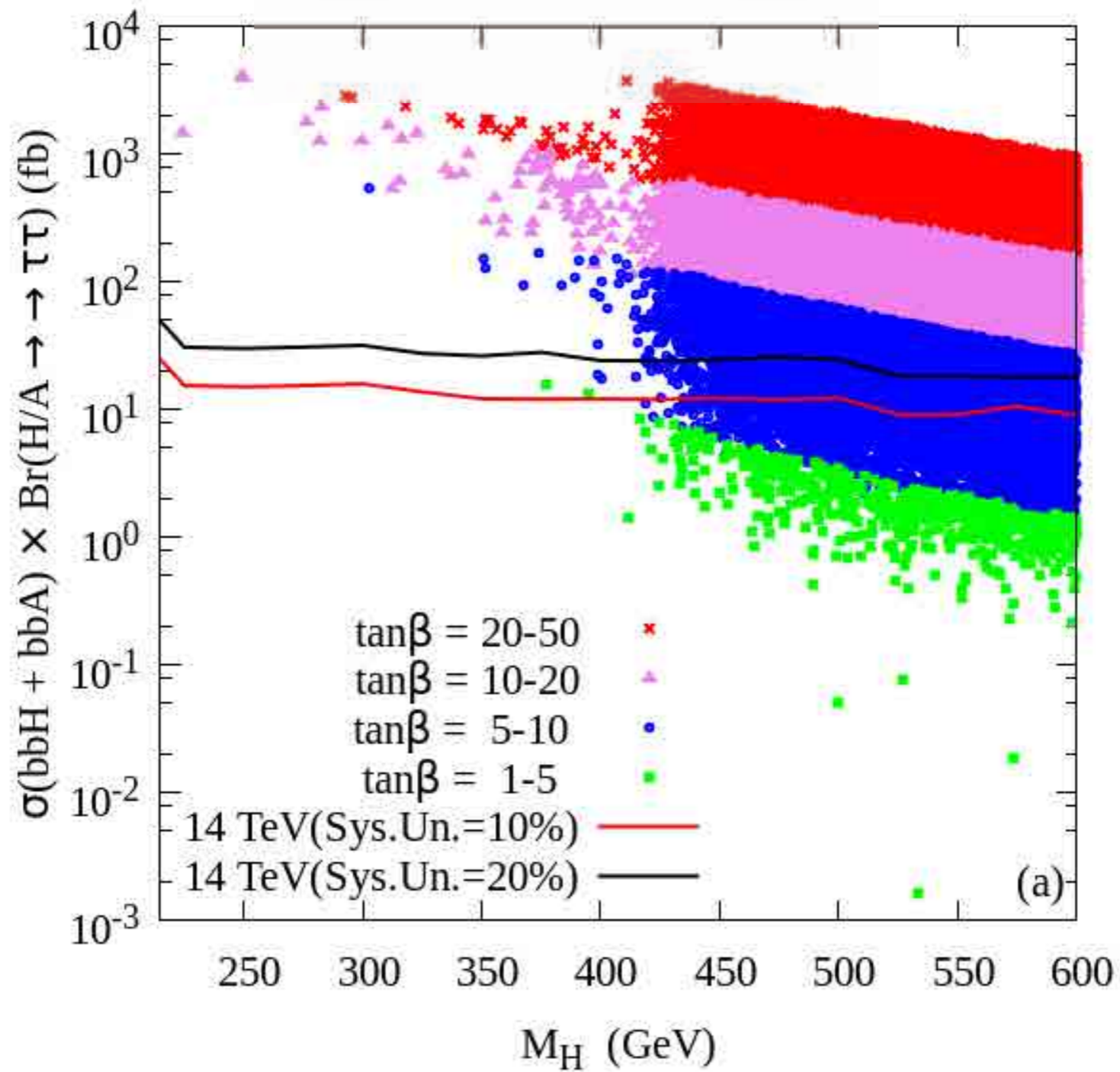
# Future limits



BB, Chakraborty, Choudhury Phys.Rev. D92 (2015) no.9, 093007



# Future limits



## Additional decay modes of Heavy Higgs bosons

The heavy Higgs limits are derived by assuming 100% decay to SM particles

SUSY particles can be lighter than Heavy Higgs bosons

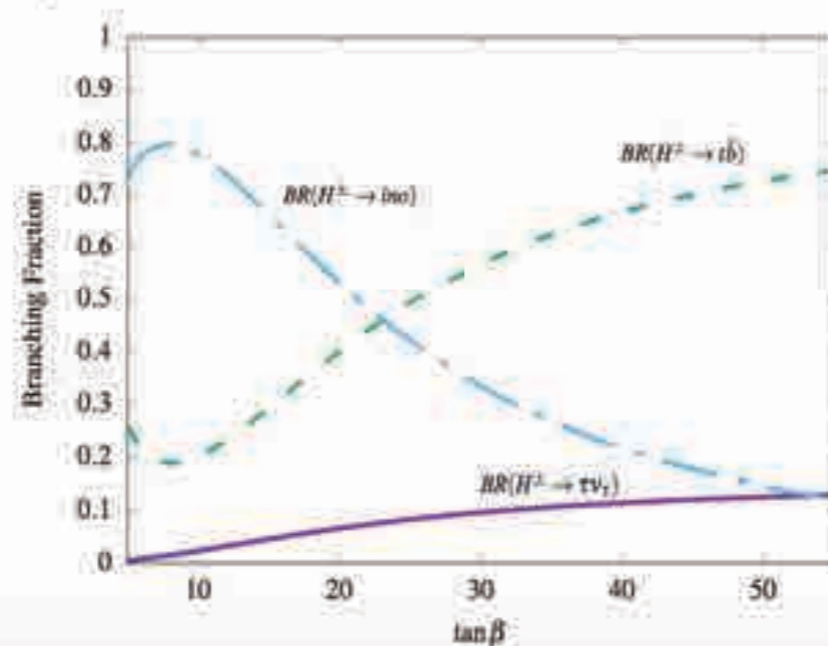
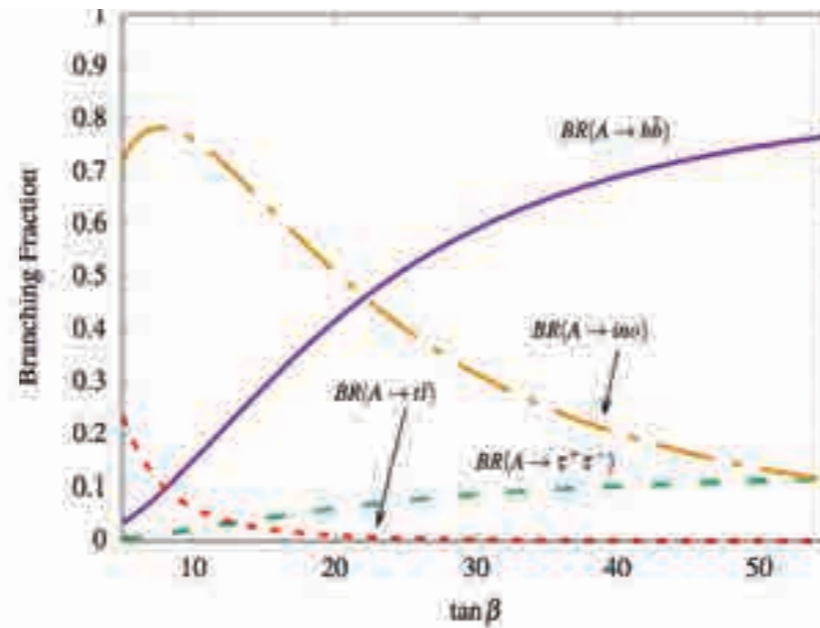
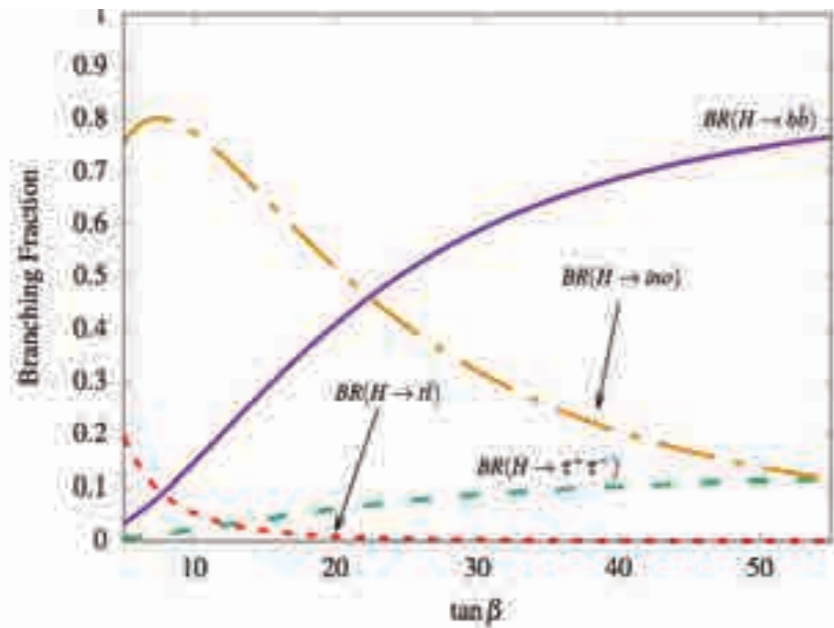
Heavy Higgs  $\rightarrow$  sparticles possible

Here we will consider Heavy Higgs  $\rightarrow$  electroweak inos

# Heavy Higgs decay to Electrowinos

$$\Gamma(H_k \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_i \tilde{\chi}_j) \sim M_{H_k} \left[ \left( (g_{ijk}^L)^2 + (g_{ijk}^R)^2 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{m_{\tilde{\chi}_i}^2}{M_{H_k}^2} - \frac{m_{\tilde{\chi}_j}^2}{M_{H_k}^2} \right) - 4\epsilon_i \epsilon_j g_{ijk}^L g_{ijk}^R \frac{m_{\tilde{\chi}_i} m_{\tilde{\chi}_j}}{M_{H_k}^2} \right]$$

$$g_{\tilde{\chi}_i^0 \tilde{\chi}_j^0 H_\ell}^L = \frac{1}{2s_w} (N_{j2} - \tan \theta_w N_{j1}) (e_\ell N_{i3} + d_\ell N_{i4}) + i \leftrightarrow j$$



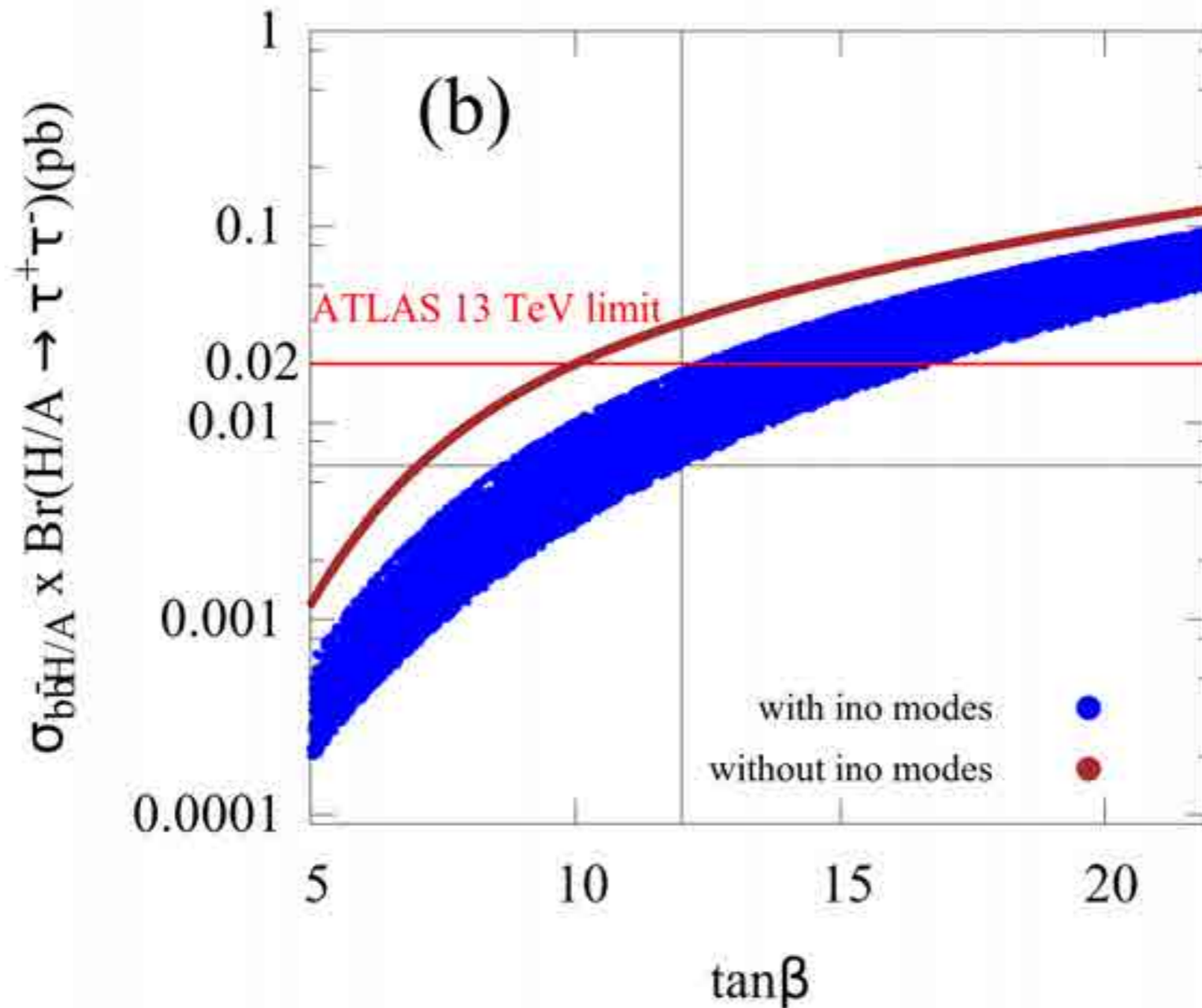
**Barman, BB, Chowdhury, Chakraborty,  
Phys.Rev. D94 (2016) no.7, 075013**

$M_A = 650 \text{ GeV}, M_1 = 500 \text{ GeV}, M_2 = 150 \text{ GeV}, \mu = 300 \text{ GeV},$   
 $M_3 = 5 \text{ TeV}, m_{\tilde{Q}_L} = m_{\tilde{t}_R} = m_{\tilde{b}_R} = 5 \text{ TeV},$   
 $A_t = -5 \text{ TeV}, A_b = A_\tau = 0.$



# Heavy Higgs decay to Electrowinos

$M_A = 600 \text{ GeV}$



limit is weaker in case of  $H \rightarrow$  electrowino

# Heavy Higgs decay to Electrowinos

We select four benchmark points and perform a detailed collider analysis to search for the MSSM heavy Higgs bosons in :

- Mono-Z ( $Z \rightarrow ll$ ) +  $\cancel{E}_T$ ,
- Mono-W ( $W \rightarrow l\nu$ ) +  $\cancel{E}_T$  and
- $W(W \rightarrow l\nu) Z(Z \rightarrow ll)$  +  $\cancel{E}_T$

in the context of a  $\sqrt{s} = 14$  TeV LHC corresponding to an integrated luminosity of  $3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ .

Barman, BB, Chowdhury, Chakraborty, Phys.Rev. D94 (2016) no.7, 075013

# Heavy Higgs decay to Electrowinos

$$pp \rightarrow H/A, \quad H/A \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_{2,3}^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0, \quad \tilde{\chi}_{2,3}^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 Z.$$

Signal : mono Z + MET ( typically used for DM searches)

## Benchmark point

Benchmark Points	Parameters (GeV)	Mass (GeV)	Processes	Branching Fraction
BP-1	$M_A = 591.2,$ $M_1 = 127.1,$ $M_2 = 900,$ $\mu = 237.2,$ $\tan \beta = 15,$ $A_t = 1890,$ $m_{\tilde{Q}_{3L}} = 4160,$ $m_{\tilde{t}_R} = 6520,$ $m_{\tilde{b}_R} = 2280,$ $A_b = A_\tau = 0$ $M_3 = 2960$	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 119.7$	$H \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	4.58%
		$M_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = 241.8$	$H \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_3^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	10.14%
		$M_{\tilde{\chi}_3^0} = 241.8$	$A \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	9.23%
		$M_{\tilde{\chi}_4^0} = 907.4$	$A \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_3^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	4.65%
		$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = 234.3$	$\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow Z \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	100%
		$M_{\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm} = 907.4$	$\tilde{\chi}_3^0 \rightarrow Z \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	100%
		$M_H = 591.3$ $M_{H^\pm} = 596.8$		
BP-2	$M_A = 550,$ $M_1 = 80,$ $M_2 = 900,$ $\mu = 350,$ $\tan \beta = 8.5,$ $A_t = 3770,$ $m_{\tilde{Q}_{3L}} = 3380,$ $m_{\tilde{t}_R} = 9040,$ $m_{\tilde{b}_R} = 2820,$ $A_b = A_\tau = 0$ $M_3 = 8900$	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 77.2$	$H \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	4.82%
		$M_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = 347.8$	$H \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_3^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	13.93%
		$M_{\tilde{\chi}_3^0} = 353.6$	$A \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	14.14%
		$M_{\tilde{\chi}_4^0} = 908.5$	$A \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_3^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	3.89%
		$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = 345.1$	$\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow Z \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	24.25%
		$M_{\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm} = 908.5$	$\tilde{\chi}_3^0 \rightarrow Z \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	83.56%
		$M_H = 550.6$ $M_{H^\pm} = 556.0$		



# Heavy Higgs decay to Electrowinos

## CUTS

Signal Regions	Selection Cuts
SRA1	$\cancel{p}_T > 125 \text{ GeV} \quad \& \quad \xi < 0.3$
SRB1	$\cancel{p}_T > 150 \text{ GeV} \quad \& \quad \xi < 0.5$

$$\xi = \frac{|p_T^{\ell\ell} - \cancel{p}_T|}{p_T^{\ell\ell}}$$

## Results

Signal Regions	Signal		Backgrounds		Significance	
	BP-1	BP-2	<i>ZZ</i>	<i>WZ</i>	BP-1	BP-2
SRA1	921	804	15077	5738	7.45	6.50
SRB1	506	619	9187	3152	5.24	6.41

This channel has some potential to search for Heavy Higgs boson

# Heavy Higgs decay to Electrowinos

$$pp \rightarrow H/A \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_2^\mp, \quad \tilde{\chi}_2^\mp \rightarrow W^\mp \tilde{\chi}_1^0$$

$$pp \rightarrow H/A \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_{2,3}^0, \quad \tilde{\chi}_{2,3}^0 \rightarrow W^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^\mp.$$

Signal : mono lepton + MET ( typically used for W' search)

## Benchmark point

BP-3	$M_A = 600,$	$M_1 = 950,$	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 158.2$	$H \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_2^\mp$	23.39%
	$M_2 = 178.2,$	$\mu = 286.1,$	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = 292.7$	$A \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_2^\mp$	16.70%
	$\tan \beta = 21,$	$A_t = 4320,$	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_3^0} = 310.3$	$\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	43.48%
	$m_{\tilde{Q}_{3L}} = 3370,$	$m_{\tilde{t}_R} = 4230,$	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_4^0} = 952.3$	$H \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$	8.30%
	$m_{\tilde{b}_R} = 5330,$	$A_b = A_\tau = 0$	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = 159.0$	$H \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_3^0$	1.30%
	$M_3 = 7100$		$M_{\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm} = 316.8$	$A \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$	3.05%
			$M_H = 600.0$	$A \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_3^0$	4.10%
			$M_{H^\pm} = 605.5$	$\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm W^\mp$	73.32%
				$\tilde{\chi}_3^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm W^\mp$	81.06%



# Heavy Higgs decay to Electrowinos

## CUTS

Signal Regions	Selection Cuts
SRA2	$\cancel{E}_T > 50 \text{ GeV} \quad \& \quad M_T > 175 \text{ GeV}$
SRB2	$\cancel{E}_T > 100 \text{ GeV} \quad \& \quad M_T > 125 \text{ GeV}$

## Results

Signal Regions	Signal	Backgrounds					Significance
	BP-3	$l\nu$	$WW$	$WZ$	$t\bar{t}$	$ZZ$	BP-3
SRA2	6572	$1.0 \cdot 10^7$	76427	68426	58204	9088	2.05
SRB2	5499	$6.8 \cdot 10^6$	47603	52266	59380	8071	2.07

This channel has suffered from huge SM background:  
probably not very useful



# Heavy Higgs decay to Electrowinos

$$pp \rightarrow H/A, \quad H/A \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_2^\mp, \quad \tilde{\chi}_2^\mp \rightarrow W^\mp \tilde{\chi}_3^0, \quad \tilde{\chi}_3^0 \rightarrow Z \tilde{\chi}_1^0$$

$$pp \rightarrow H/A, \quad H/A \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_3^0 \tilde{\chi}_4^0, \quad \tilde{\chi}_3^0 \rightarrow Z \tilde{\chi}_1^0, \quad \tilde{\chi}_4^0 \rightarrow W^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^\mp,$$

## Benchmark point

BP-4	$M_A = 657.5,$	$M_1 = 159.5,$	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 145.5$	$H \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_2^\mp$	28.971%
	$M_2 = 337.2,$	$\mu = 236.6,$	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = 230.7$	$A \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_2^\mp$	15.8%
	$\tan \beta = 23,$	$A_t = 1290,$	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_3^0} = 248.9$	$\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm \tilde{\chi}_3^0$	21.85%
	$m_{\tilde{Q}_{3L}} = 9590,$	$m_{\tilde{t}_R} = 1920,$	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_4^0} = 387.6$	$\tilde{\chi}_3^0 \rightarrow Z \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	100%
	$m_{\tilde{b}_R} = 2600,$	$A_b = A_\tau = 0$	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = 221.4$	$H \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_3^0 \tilde{\chi}_4^0$	8.89%
	$M_3 = 6180$		$M_{\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm} = 387.3$	$A \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_3^0 \tilde{\chi}_4^0$	0.39%
			$M_H = 657.5$	$\tilde{\chi}_4^0 \rightarrow W^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	67.78%
			$M_{H^\pm} = 662.4$		

# Heavy Higgs decay to Electrowinos

## CUTS

Signal Regions	Selection Cuts
SRA2	$\cancel{E}_T > 50 \text{ GeV} \quad \& \quad M_T > 150 \text{ GeV}$
SRB2	$\cancel{E}_T > 50 \text{ GeV} \quad \& \quad M_T > 200 \text{ GeV}$

## Results

Signal Regions	Signal	Backgrounds		Significance
	BP-4	$WZ$	$ZZ$	BP-4
SRA3	6.92	544	21	0.29
SRB3	4.33	389	16	0.22

Number of signal events is very small, may not be useful

## Invisible decay of 125 GeV Higgs boson

for very light neutralino  $h_{125} \rightarrow \chi_1^0 \chi_1^0$  possible

$$g_{h\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = g (N_{11} - \tan \theta_W N_{12}) (\sin \alpha N_{13} + \cos \alpha N_{14})$$

light neutralino will also couple to Z boson

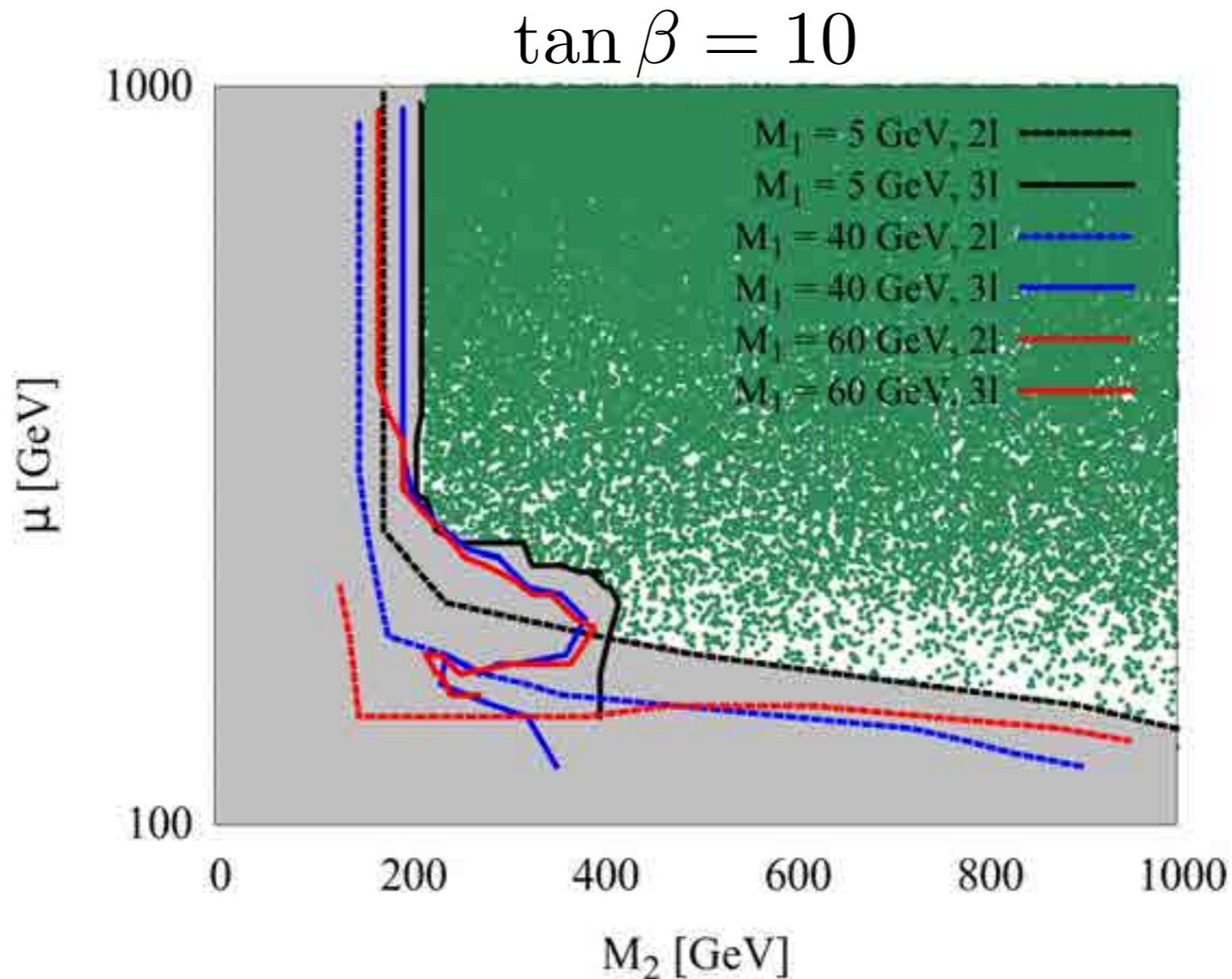
$$g_{Z\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = \frac{g}{2 \cos \theta_W} (|N_{13}|^2 - |N_{14}|^2)$$

Two possibilities : thermal dark matter and non standard cosmological model



# Invisible decay of 125 GeV Higgs boson

bounds :Z decay , LEP limit, Higgs signal strength, direct detection, electrowikino searches(8 TeV)

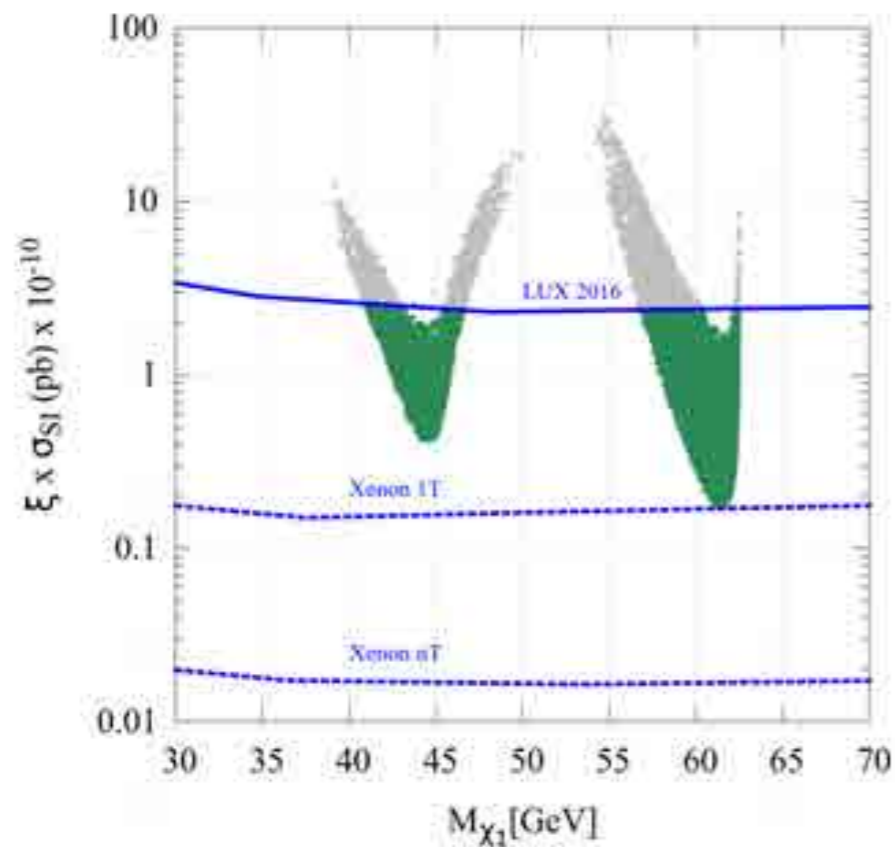


# Invisible decay of 125 GeV Higgs boson

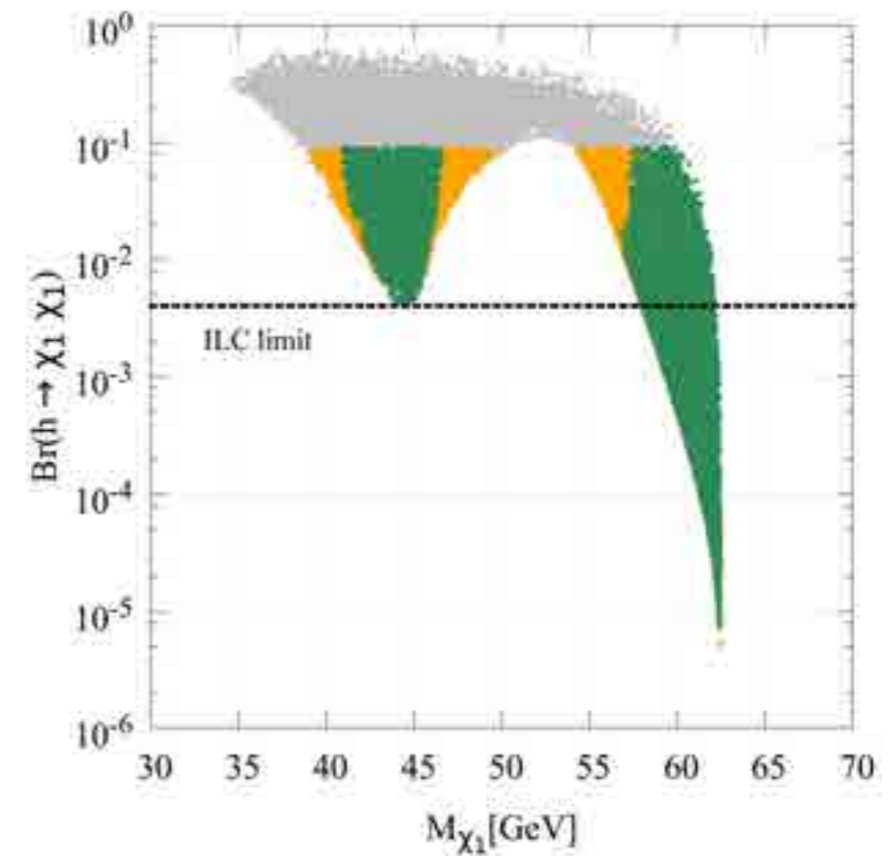
LHC limit on Higgs  $\rightarrow$  invisible  $\sim 10\%$  from Higgs global fit

Direct search limit  $\sim 24\%$  (3000 fb limit  $\sim 3-5\%$ )

For thermal relic only 2 possibilities: Z pole and Higgs pole



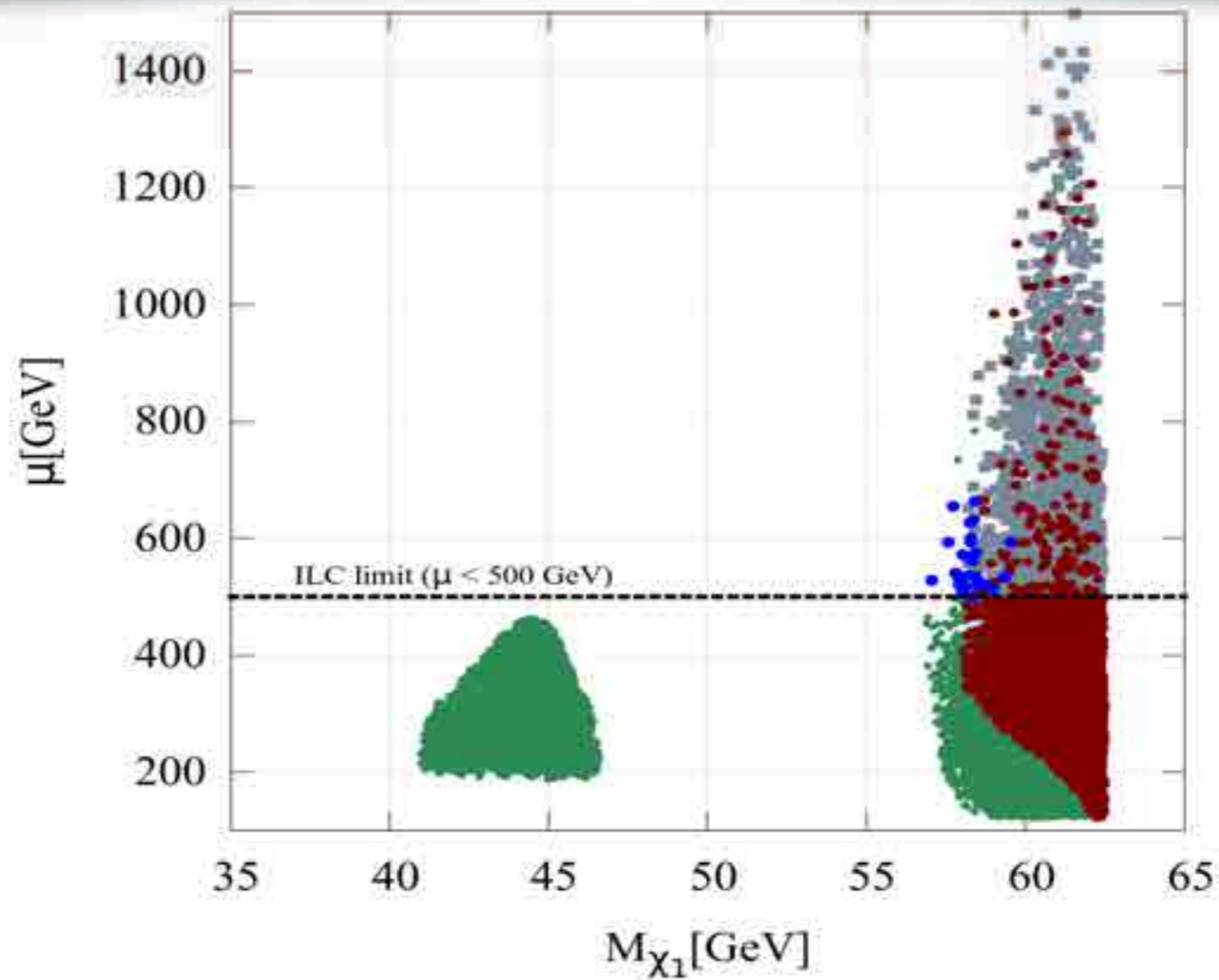
Current and future  
direct detection bounds



ILC limit  
Higgs  $\rightarrow$  invisible

spin dependent direct detection experiments can probe Z resonance region

# Invisible decay of 125 GeV Higgs boson: ILC direct search



- grey points: Can not be probed by ILC
- brown points : only via higgsino/wino searches
- green points: both invisible branching and higgsino search
- blue points : only Higgs invisible

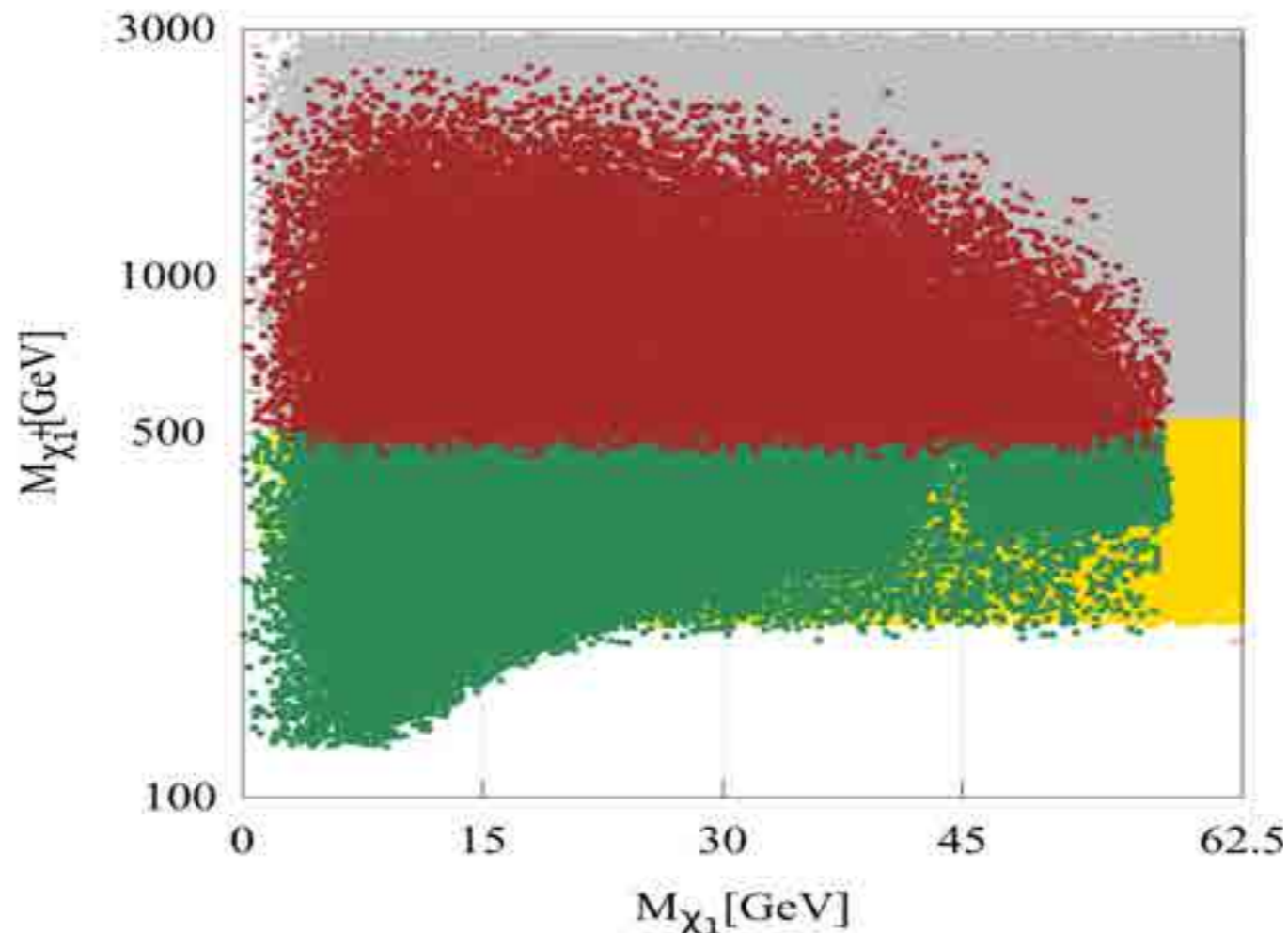


## Non standard Cosmology :

relic density condition : bino-like neutralinos lighter than about 40 GeV are ruled out

Non standard cosmological models : the lower bound on the lightest neutralino mass is lifted and we obtain LSP's with masses that span the whole range of the scan

Neutralino with mass  $\sim$  a few GeV is possible ( weaker bound from direct detection cross section)



grey points: Can not be probed by ILC

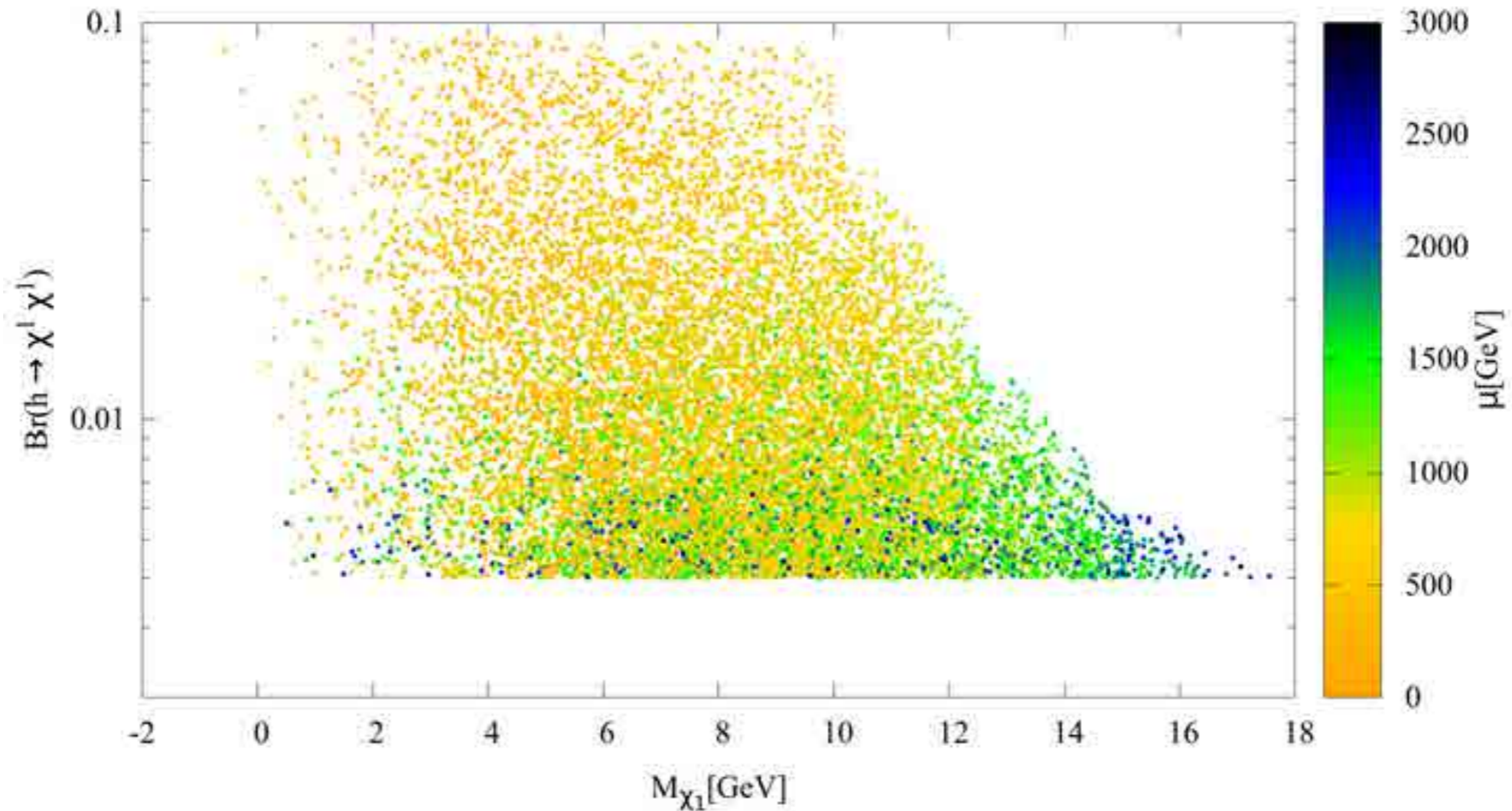
yellow points : only via higgsino/wino searches

green points: invisible branching + higgsino search

brown points : only Higgs invisible

# Complementarity of future experiments in probing dark matter

One example : signal in ILC only



Light neutralino , large value of Higgs -> invisible possible

No Direct detection , It will indicate non standard cosmological model

Many such possibilities exist : detailed discussion in Phys.Rev. D95 (2017) no.9, 095018

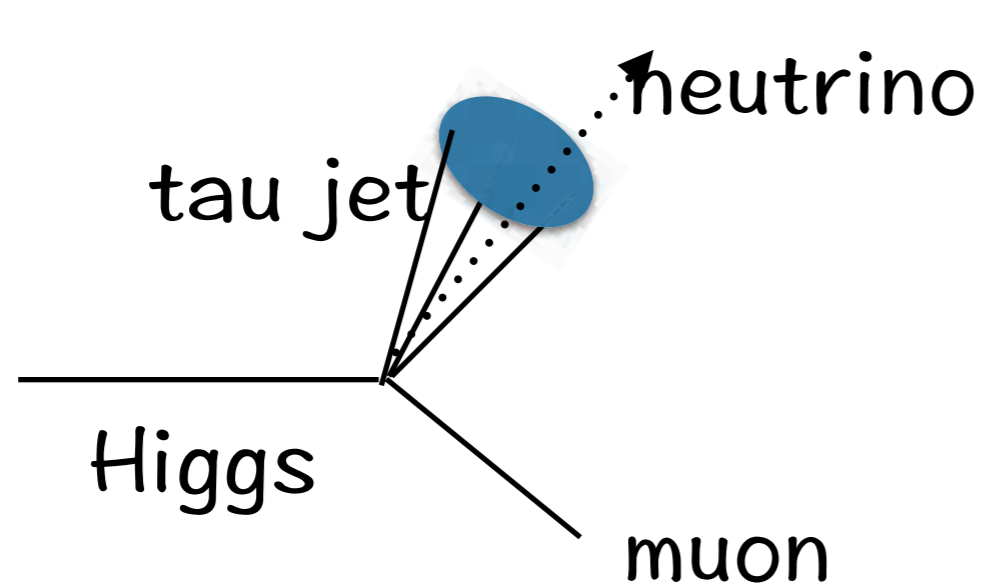
# LFV Higgs decay

In SM, lepton flavour violating decays are extremely suppressed

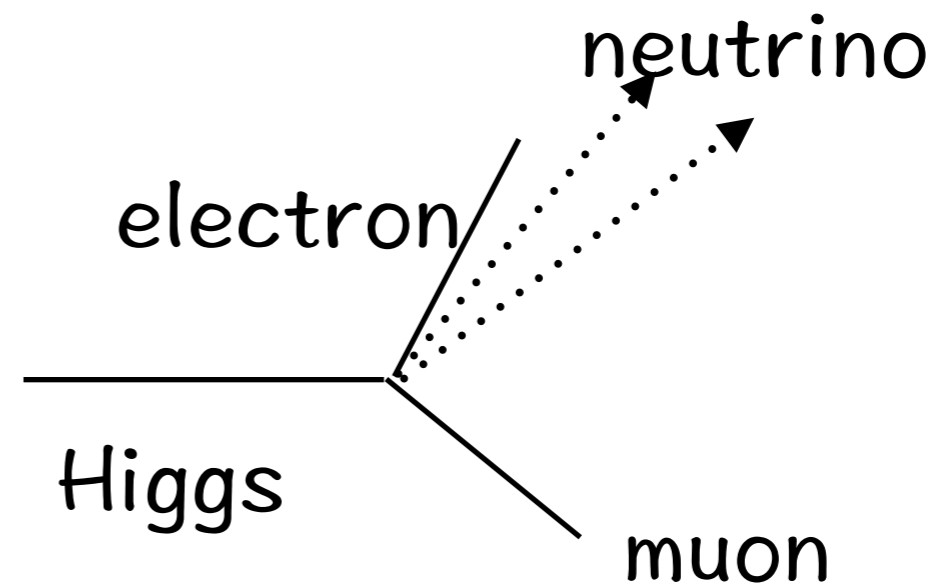
A large number of BSM theories can give rise to LFV in the range of current experimental limits

LFV is an interesting way to search for new physics!

$$H \rightarrow l_i l_j$$

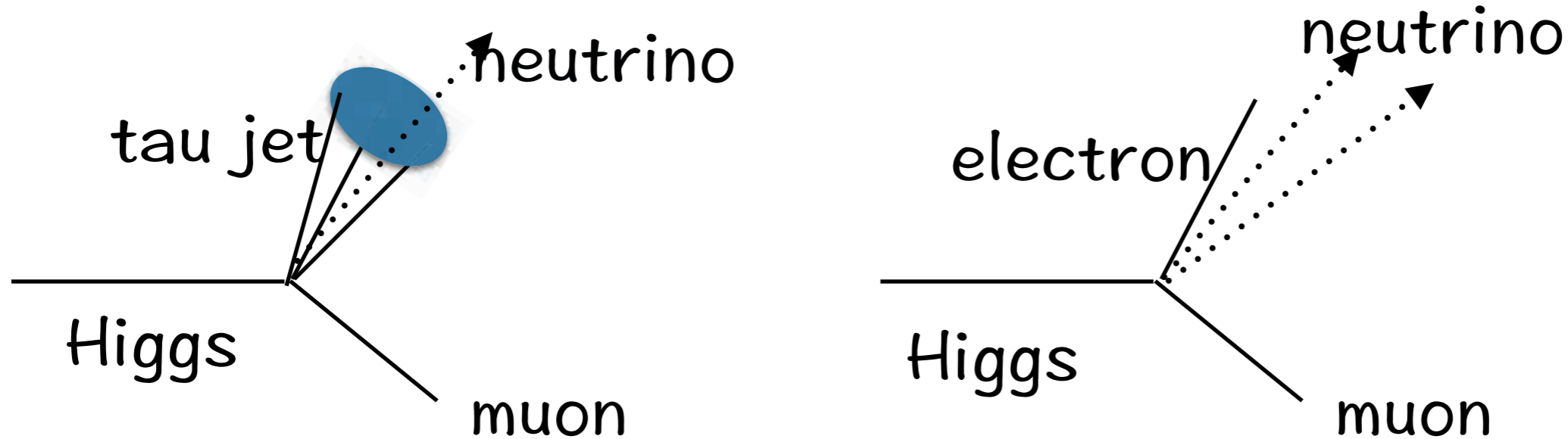


$H \rightarrow \text{muon} + \text{tau jet}$



$H \rightarrow \text{muon} + \text{electron}$





$H \rightarrow \text{muon} + \text{tau jet}$

$H \rightarrow \text{muon} + \text{electron}$

Charge of tau/electron + muon = 0

**CMS** : A slight excess of signal events with a significance of 2.5 sigma is observed (In the collinear mass window 100 -150 GeV)

95 % Upper limit on branching ( Higgs to Mu tau ) = 1.57 %

**ATLAS** : slight excess in one of the signal regions (no excess in other)

95 % Upper limit on branching ( Higgs to Mu tau ) = 1.85 % (1508.03372)

Excess in  $t\bar{t}H$  in leptonic channel and LFV decay of Higgs may be correlated  
 [ BB, Chakraborty, Mukherjee arXiv:1505.02688]

# LFV Higgs decay LHC ( $H \rightarrow e \tau$ )

LHC 14 TeV  $L = 3000 \text{ fb}$

(effective operators)

$$L_V \equiv -Y_{e\mu} \bar{e}_L \mu_R h - Y_{\mu e} \bar{\mu}_L e_R h - Y_{e\tau} \bar{e}_L \tau_R h - Y_{\tau e} \bar{\tau}_L e_R h - Y_{\mu\tau} \bar{\mu}_L \tau_R h - Y_{\tau\mu} \bar{\tau}_L \mu_R h$$

$e\mu + MET$  channel:  $L = 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

signal ( $Br(H \rightarrow e\tau) = 0.1\%$ )  $\sim 1600$  SM bkg  $\sim 48000$

$$\frac{s}{\sqrt{B}} \sim 2 \text{ for } Br(H \rightarrow e\tau) = 0.03\%$$

$$\frac{s}{\sqrt{B + k^2 B^2}} \text{ with } k=0.1, \sim 2\sigma \text{ for } Br(h \rightarrow e\tau) = 0.6\%$$

Limit from hadronic channel is weaker than the leptonic channel Combination will help to strengthen the limit

$H \rightarrow \tau \mu$  : Direct search limit is already stronger than low energy bounds

$H \rightarrow e \mu$  : Low energy limit is much better than direct search results

# LFV Higgs decay LHC ( $H \rightarrow e \mu$ )

$p p \rightarrow h \rightarrow e \mu$

- $p_T(e) > 40 \text{ GeV}$  and  $p_T(\mu) > 40 \text{ GeV}$
- $|\eta_e| < 1.479$  and  $|\eta_\mu| < 0.8$  (in the barrel)
- $\cancel{E}_T < 20 \text{ GeV}$
- $123 \text{ GeV} < m_h < 127 \text{ GeV}$ .

signal = 1435 for  $\text{Br}(H \rightarrow e \mu) = 0.01 \%$  and bkg  $\sim 13900$   
2 sigma w.o systematic uncertainty .0017%



# LFV Higgs decay ILC 250 GeV ( $H \rightarrow e \tau$ )

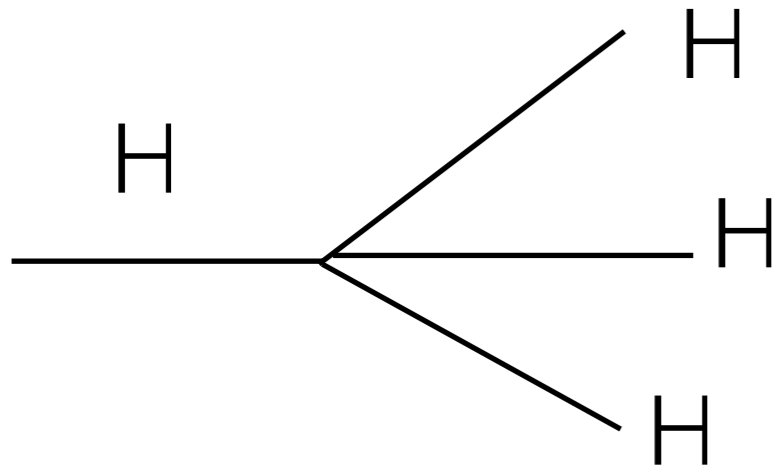
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow Zh, h \rightarrow \tau e$ , with  $Z \rightarrow 2j$  and  $\tau \rightarrow e\nu, \mu\nu$  or  $\tau$  tagged as  $\tau_{had}$

Channel	BR % ( $\mathcal{S}^{optimal}$ )
$e + \mu + \geq 2j + \cancel{E}_T$	0.96 ( $2\sigma$ )
	3.39 ( $5\sigma$ )
$2e + \geq 2j + \cancel{E}_T$	3.93 ( $2\sigma$ )
	> 10 ( $5\sigma$ )
$e + \tau_{had} + \geq 2j + \cancel{E}_T$	0.44 ( $2\sigma$ )
	1.54 ( $5\sigma$ )

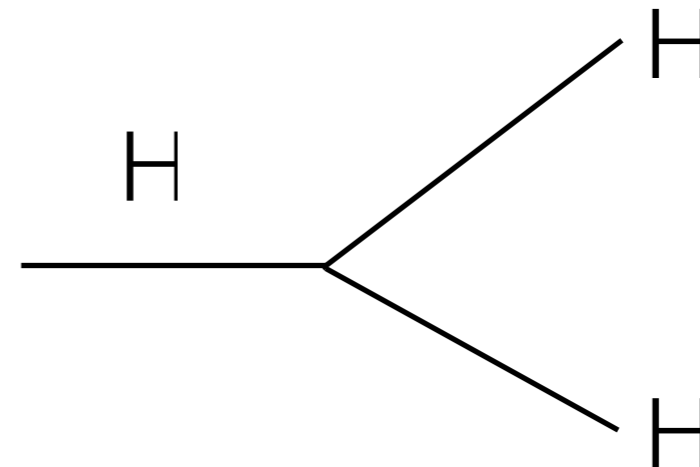
Limited by statistics

# Measurement of Higgs self coupling

Direct Measurement of Higgs boson self coupling necessary to verify SM

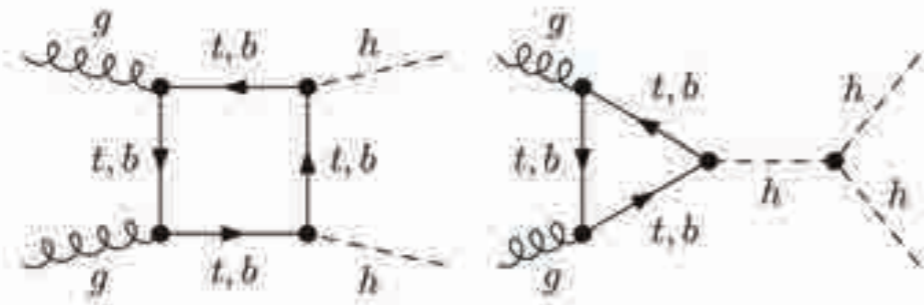


Direct Measurement of 4-Higgs boson vertex at HL-LHC not possible



Verification of SM Measurement of tri Higgs boson vertex only possible at HL-LHC

di-Higgs production



SM cross section  $\sim 39$  fb

# Di-Higgs production at the LHC

We choose final states based on rate and cleanliness  
( contains photon or/and lepton)

Focus on 11 channels, viz.

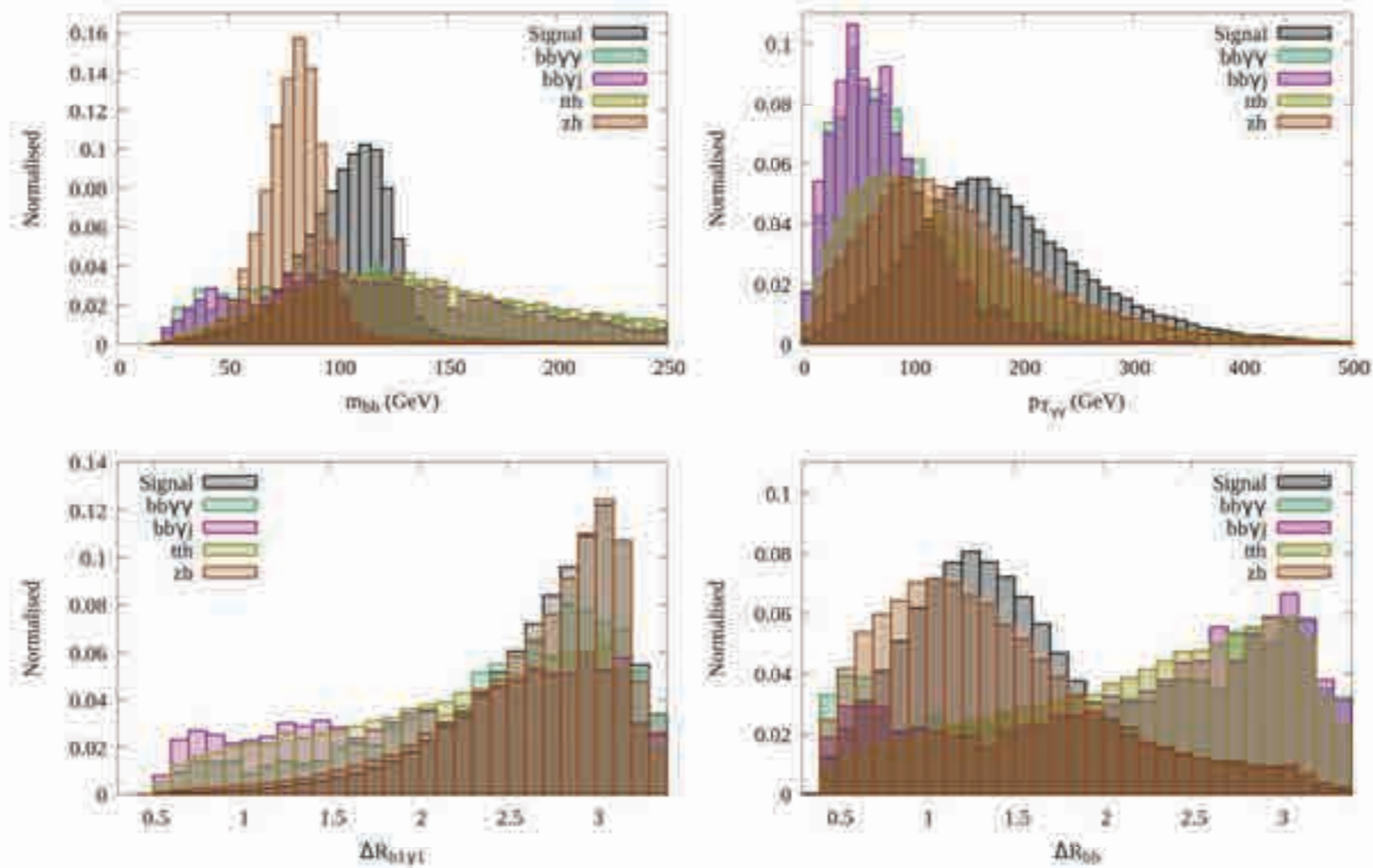
- $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$
- $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^- \rightarrow b\bar{b}ll + \cancel{E}_T, b\bar{b}l\tau_h + \cancel{E}_T, b\bar{b}\tau_h\tau_h + \cancel{E}_T$
- $b\bar{b}WW^* \rightarrow b\bar{b}ll + \cancel{E}_T, b\bar{b}lj + \cancel{E}_T$
- $WW^*\gamma\gamma \rightarrow ll\gamma\gamma + \cancel{E}_T, lj\gamma\gamma + \cancel{E}_T$
- $WW^*WW^* \rightarrow l^\pm l^\pm jj + \cancel{E}_T, lllj + \cancel{E}_T, llll + \cancel{E}_T$

Results are quoted for 3000 fb (14 TeV)

Adhikary, Banerjee, Barman, BB, Niyogi 1712.05346



# Di-Higgs production at the LHC: bb gamma gamma



Cut flow	Event rates with $3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of integrated luminosity							$\frac{s}{\sqrt{B}}$
	Signal $hh \rightarrow 2b2\gamma$	SM Backgrounds						
		$hbb$	$tth$	$Zh$	$b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma^*$ <sup>3</sup>	Fake 1 <sup>4</sup>	Fake 2 <sup>5</sup>	
Order	NNLO [70]	NNLO (5FS) + NLO (4FS) [111]	NLO [111]	NNLO (QCD) + NLO EW [111]	LO	LO	LO	
$2b + 2\gamma$	31.63	21.20	324.91	39.32	25890.31	1141.18	393.79	0.19
lepton veto	31.63	21.20	255.66	39.32	25889.94	1141.18	393.79	0.19
$N_j < 6$	31.04	21	192.05	39.23	25352.78	1064.64	167.32	0.19
$\Delta R$ cuts	22.19	7.75	38.71	23.48	4715.21	130.10	28.81	0.31
$m_{bb}$	12.71	1.53	13.80	1.09	862.37	22.11	6.88	0.42
$m_{\gamma\gamma}$	12.36	1.5	13.16	1.06	26.54	22.11	6.88	1.46
$p_{T,bb} p_{T,\gamma\gamma}$	12.32	1.48	13.03	1.06	26.54	21.82	6.88	1.46

# Di-Higgs production at the LHC: bb gamma gamma

Significance can be slightly improved if we use BDT

Sl. No.	Process	Events
Background	$hb\bar{b}$	2.75
	$t\bar{t}h$	14.85
	$Zh$	12.28
	$b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma^*$	34.46
	Fake 1	14.25
	Fake 2	8.46
	Total	87.05
Signal ( $hh \rightarrow 2b2\gamma$ )		16.46
Significance ( $S/\sqrt{B}$ )		1.76

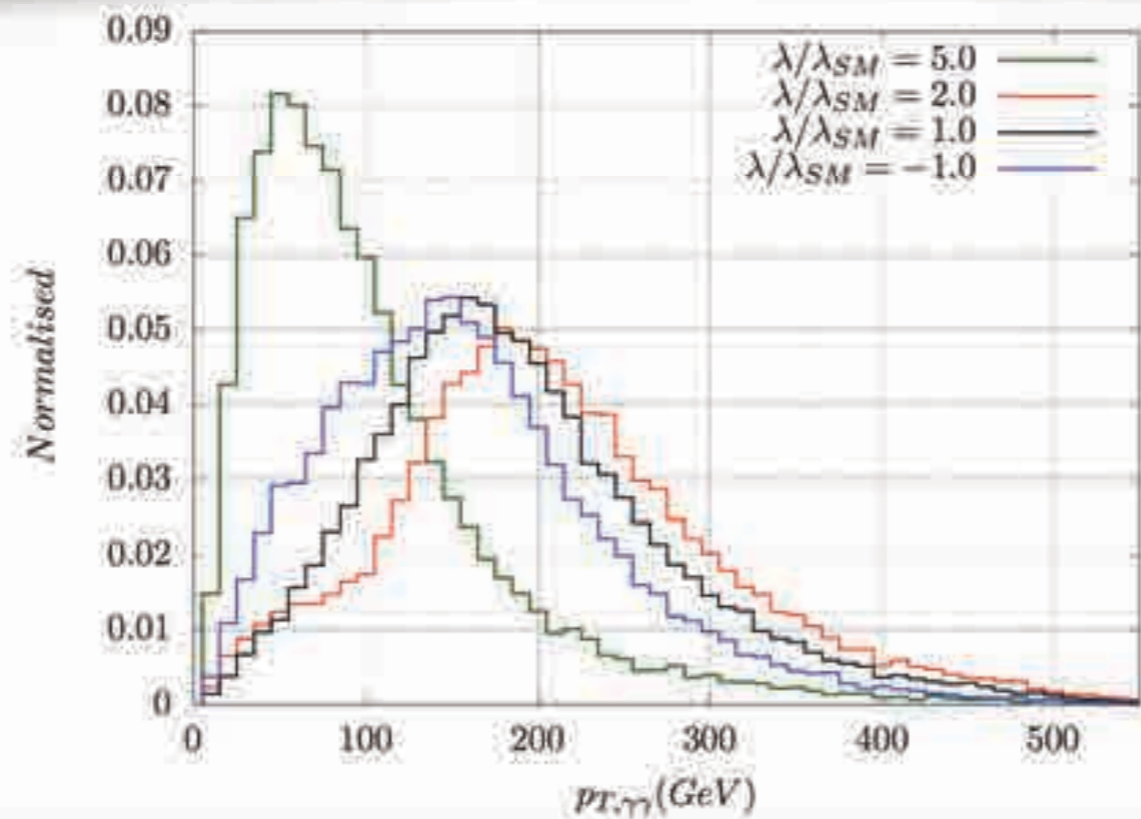
Variables used  
in our analysis

$$m_{bb}, p_{T,\gamma\gamma}, \Delta R_{\gamma\gamma}, p_{T,bb}, \Delta R_{b_1\gamma_1}, p_{T,\gamma_1}, \Delta R_{bb},$$

$$p_{T,\gamma_2}, \Delta R_{b_2\gamma_1}, \Delta R_{b_2\gamma_2}, p_{T,b_1}, \Delta R_{b_1\gamma_2}, p_{T,b_2}, \cancel{E}_T,$$



# Di-Higgs production: variation of self-coupling



Cut Based (optimised for $\lambda_{hhh}/\lambda_{SM} = 1$ )					
$\lambda/\lambda_{SM}$	Signal cross-section (fb)	Efficiency	Signal yield	Background yield	$S/\sqrt{B}$
-1.0	0.40	0.027	32.40	70.81	3.85
1.0	0.105	0.039	12.28		1.46
2.0	0.05	0.046	6.90		0.82
5.0	0.26	0.008	6.24		0.74

BDT (optimised for $\lambda_{hhh}/\lambda_{SM} = 1$ )					
$\lambda/\lambda_{SM}$	Signal cross-section (fb)	Efficiency	Signal yield	Background yield	$S/\sqrt{B}$
-1.0	0.40	0.035	41.76	87.05	4.48
1.0	0.105	0.052	16.46		1.76
2.0	0.05	0.063	9.42		1.01
5.0	0.26	0.010	7.84		0.84

BDT (optimised for each $\lambda_{hhh}$ )					
$\lambda/\lambda_{SM}$	Signal cross-section (fb)	Efficiency	Signal yield	Background yield	$S/\sqrt{B}$
-1.0	0.40	0.049	58.80	166.13	4.55
1.0	0.105	0.052	16.46	87.05	1.76
2.0	0.05	0.068	10.20	85.54	1.10
5.0	0.26	0.046	35.88	455.51	1.69



## Higgs self coupling measurement: contamination from BSM physics

Higgs self coupling: measured from di-Higgs cross section

Number of events in a particular channel coming from SM di-Higgs production is small—> only number counting possible (not possible to study differential distributions )

New physics can alter the self-coupling or top Higgs coupling (fairly restricted already)-> change in the number of events

New physics can also generate the same final state -> Can be interpreted as a change in Higgs self coupling  
some totally different new physics scenarios can mimic some or all SM di-Higgs final states

**BB , Choudhury Phys.Rev. D91 (2015) 073015 and  
Adhikary, Banerjee, Barman, BB, Niyogi 1712.05346**

## Higgs self coupling measurement: contamination from BSM physics

Three possibilities :

- a). New physics cross section is large and no overlap with SM counterpart: possible to measure Higgs self coupling as well as new physics signals
- b). New physics cross section is large and kinematic variables overlaps with SM counterpart: discovery of new physics possible but not the measurement Higgs self coupling
- c). New physics cross section is small and kinematic variables overlaps with SM counterpart: Most challenging scenario, can be interpreted as modified Higgs self coupling

Q: How much contamination possible ?

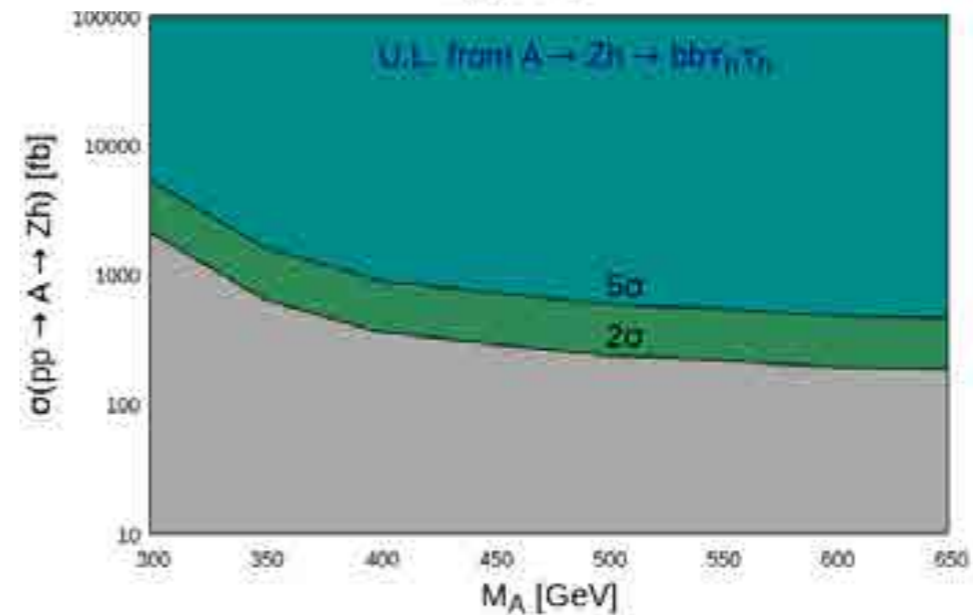
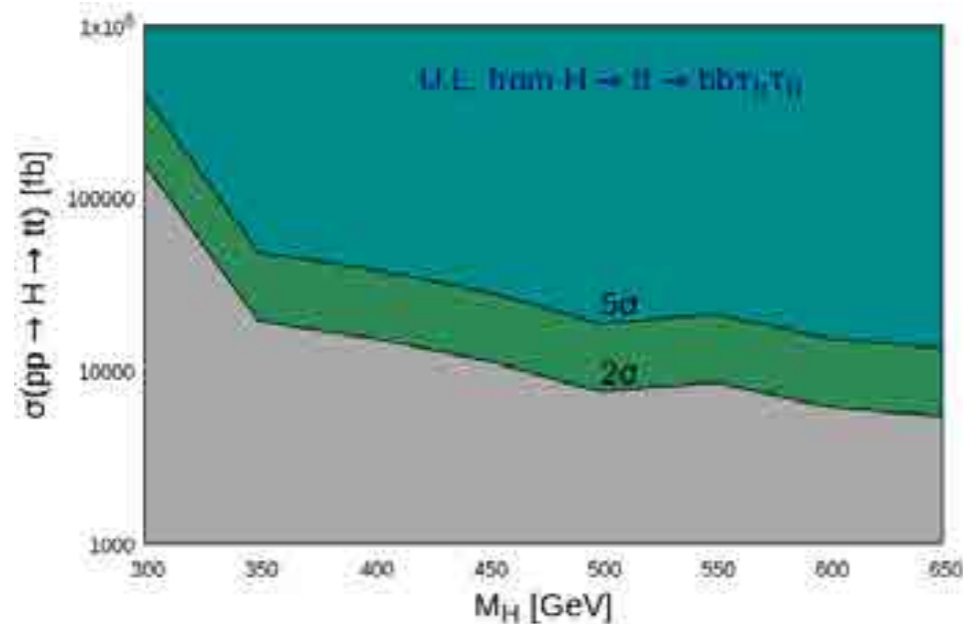
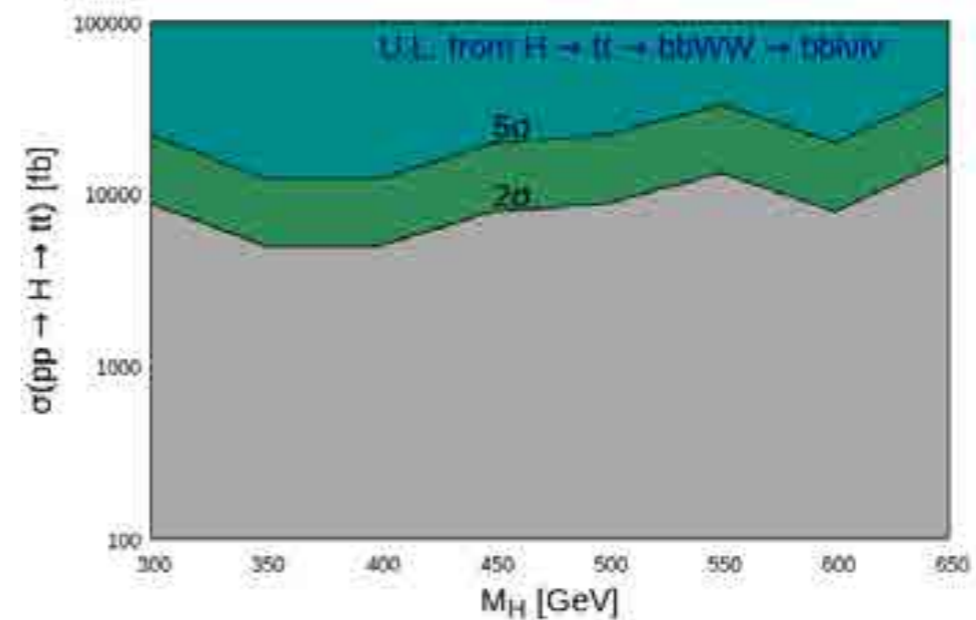
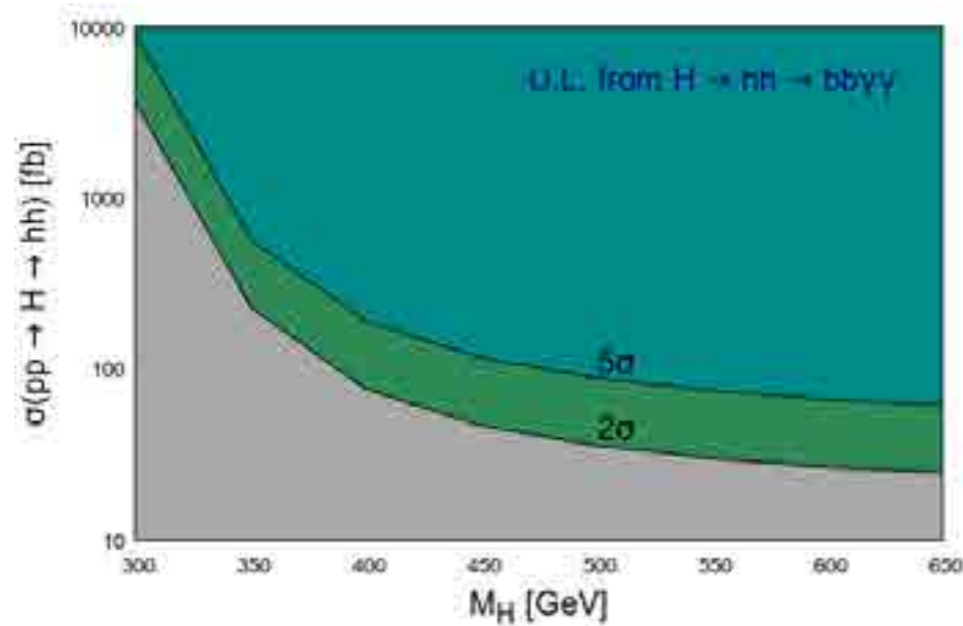
Q: Which method is better : cut based vs BDT performed to maximise SM di-Higgs?

Correlations possible: Some non-resonant channels will incur contamination from more new physics scenarios than others

**BB , Choudhury Phys.Rev. D91 (2015) 073015 and  
Adhikary, Banerjee, Barman, BB, Niyogi 1712.05346**

# Higgs self coupling measurement: contamination from BSM physics

- Double Higgs production,  $pp \rightarrow hh(+X)$  through resonant or non-resonant production modes  $H \rightarrow hh$ , di-Higgs production from SUSY cascade
- Single Higgs production in association with some other particles,  $pp \rightarrow h + X$  ( $A \rightarrow Zh$ )
- Null Higgs scenario,  $pp \rightarrow X$ , yielding some of the final states ( $H \rightarrow$  top pair)





# Conclusion

- \* The observed Higgs boson is consistent with SM , still some room for BSM physics in the Higgs sector
- \* The effect of Higgs coupling measurements is mild on MSSM Higgs bosons, flavour physics impose stronger bound than signal strength measurements
- \* Heavy Higgs production in association with b quark(s) put very strong constraint and rule out high tan beta region
- \*  $H \rightarrow hh$  has the potential to rule out low tan beta region
- \* The limits on Heavy Higgs bosons can be weakened in the presence of additional SUSY decay modes. Further analysis required in this direction.
- \* Measurement of Higgs self coupling via di-Higgs production can be contaminated by new physics

Thank You !

BACKUP

- Higgs mass is restricted between  $122.4 \leq M_h \leq 127.8$  GeV.
- Low energy constraints:
  - In SM, NNLO prediction for  $\text{Br}(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma)_{SM} = (3.36 \pm 0.23) \times 10^{-4}$ , and,

$$R_{bs\gamma} \equiv \frac{\text{Br}(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma)_{\text{exp}}}{\text{Br}(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma)_{SM}} = 0.99 \pm 0.08 .[1, 2, 3] \quad (1)$$

- Constraint on  $\text{Br}(B_S \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$ : Combined analysis by CMS and LHCb has derived its value at  $(2.8_{-0.6}^{+0.7}) \times 10^{-9}$  [4].
- The latest measurement of  $B^+$  decaying into  $\tau^+ \nu$  was also taken into account:  $\text{Br}(B^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_\tau)_{\text{exp.}} = (1.06 \pm 0.19) \times 10^{-4}$  [3]

Taken from RKB