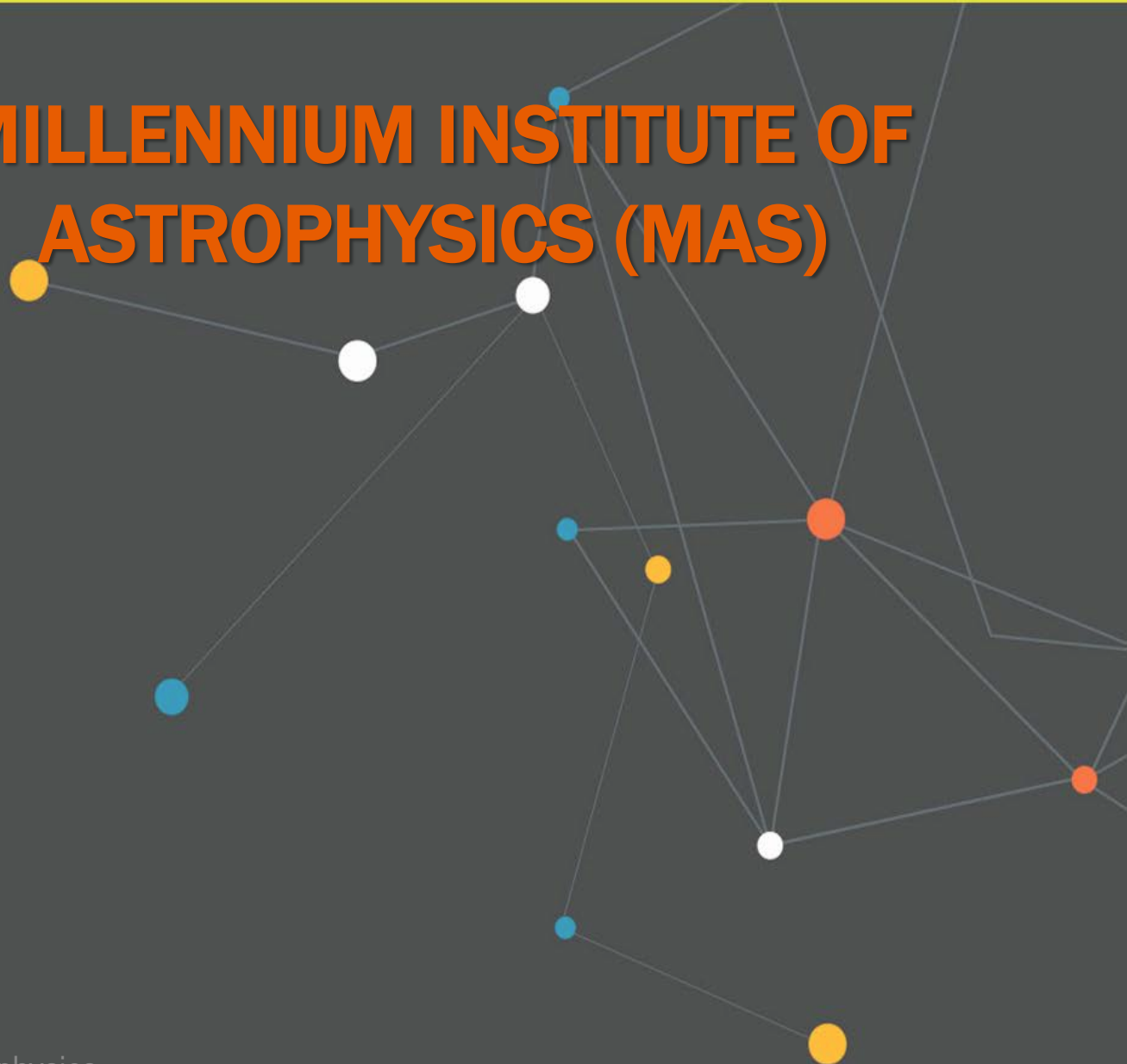
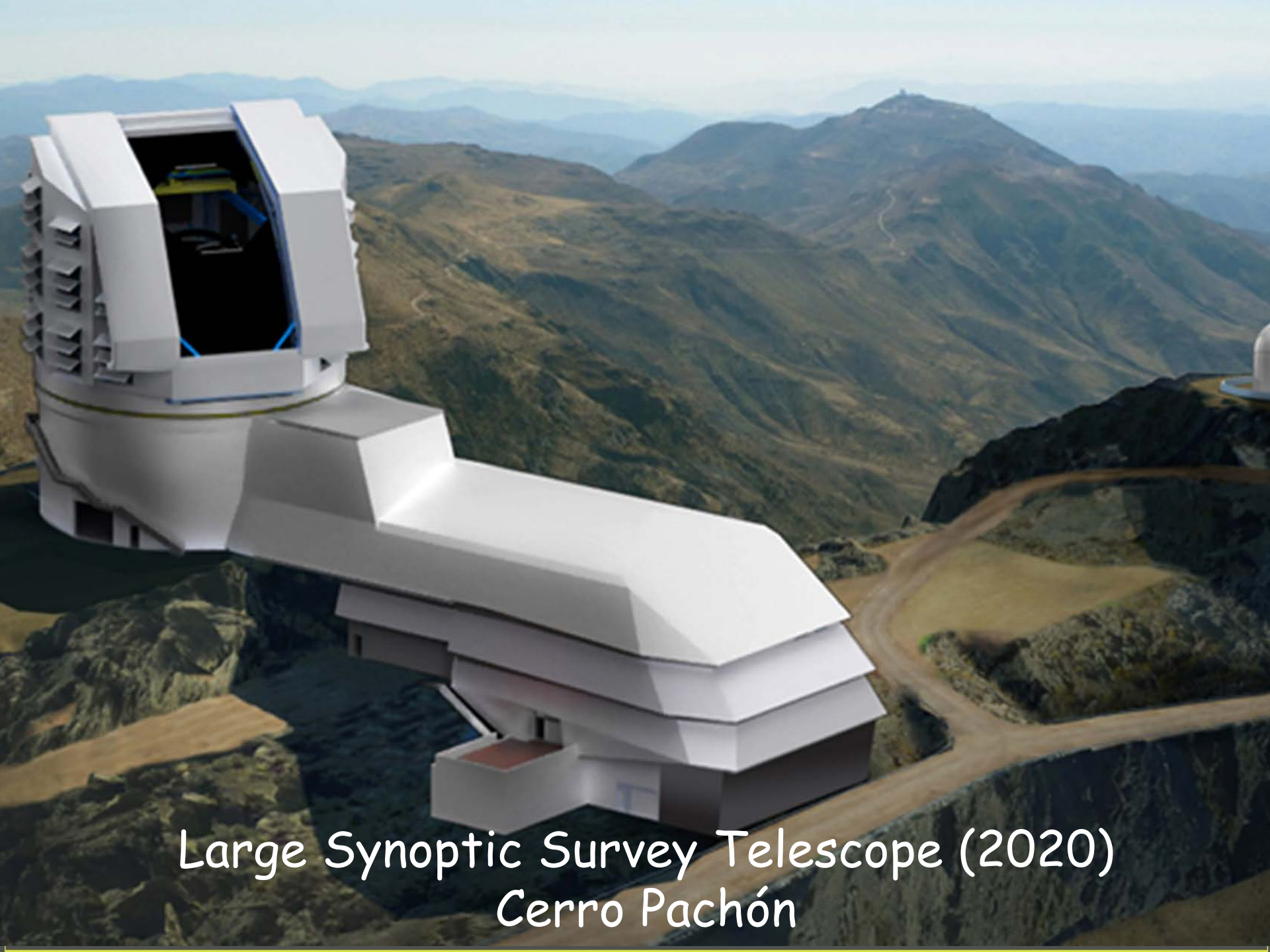




MILLENNIUM INSTITUTE OF ASTROPHYSICS (MAS)



Mario Hamuy W.
Universidad de Chile
Millennium Institute of Astrophysics



Large Synoptic Survey Telescope (2020)
Cerro Pachón

3000 Mpix 3x3 degree
field of view

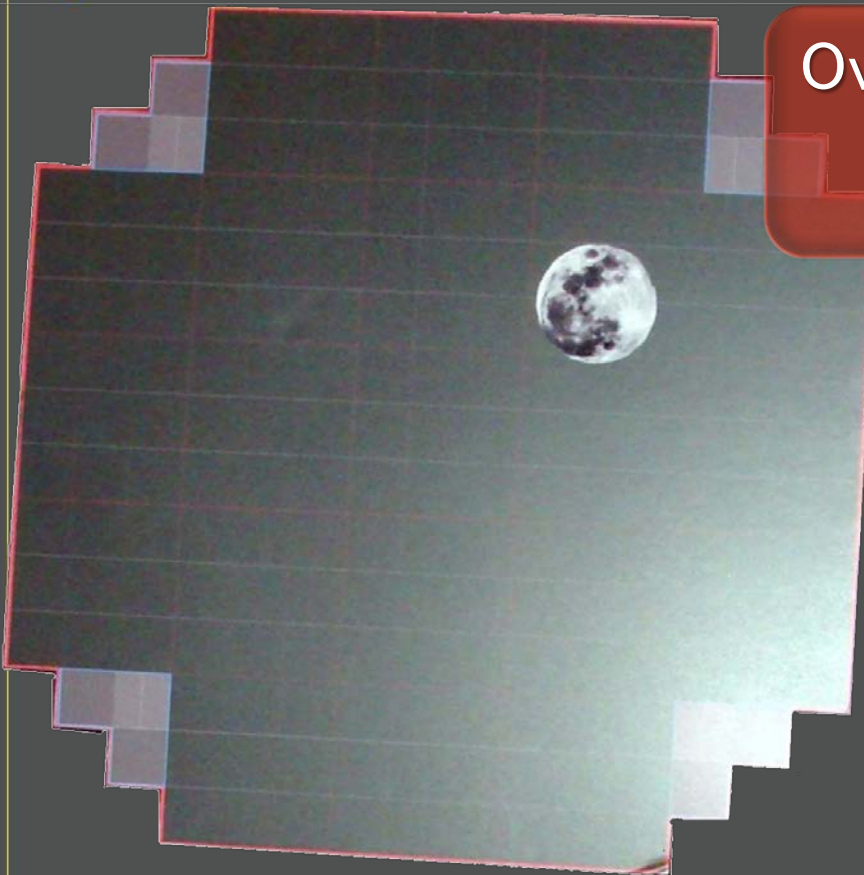
All southern hemisphere
in 3 days during 10 years

Over 10 years it will generate a 150
PB imaging dataset with a data
stream at a rate of 2 TB/hour

LSST will produce a 3D video of
the Universe

Cosmic Cinematography:
Exploration of time domain

Plethora of variable phenomena:
1,000,000 transients per night





Challenges for Chile

- LSST will be a discovery machine
- Access to 100% of the data
- But LSST will not do the analysis
- Need to develop efficient algorithms to filter relevant information





Millennium Institute of Astrophysics

MAS was created with a funding horizon of 10 years in order to cope with the new paradigm of data-driven astronomy



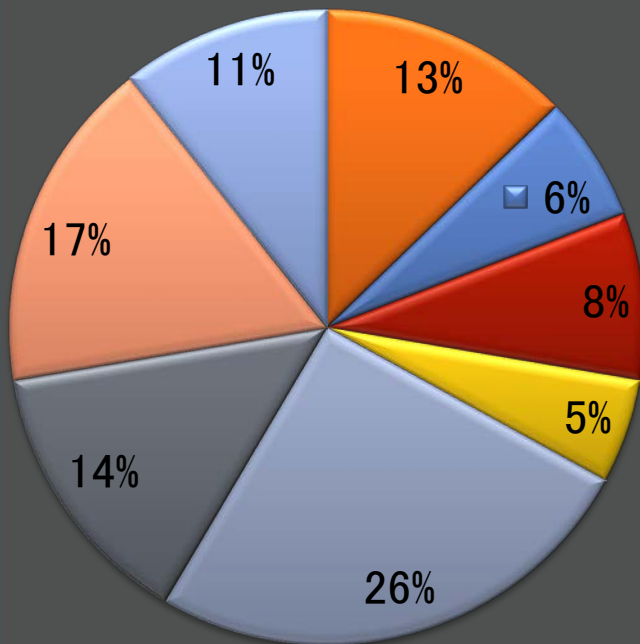
Interdisciplinary effort (Astrophysics, Statistics, Informatics) focused in Time Domain Astronomy to exploit a new dimension of the exploration of the Universe



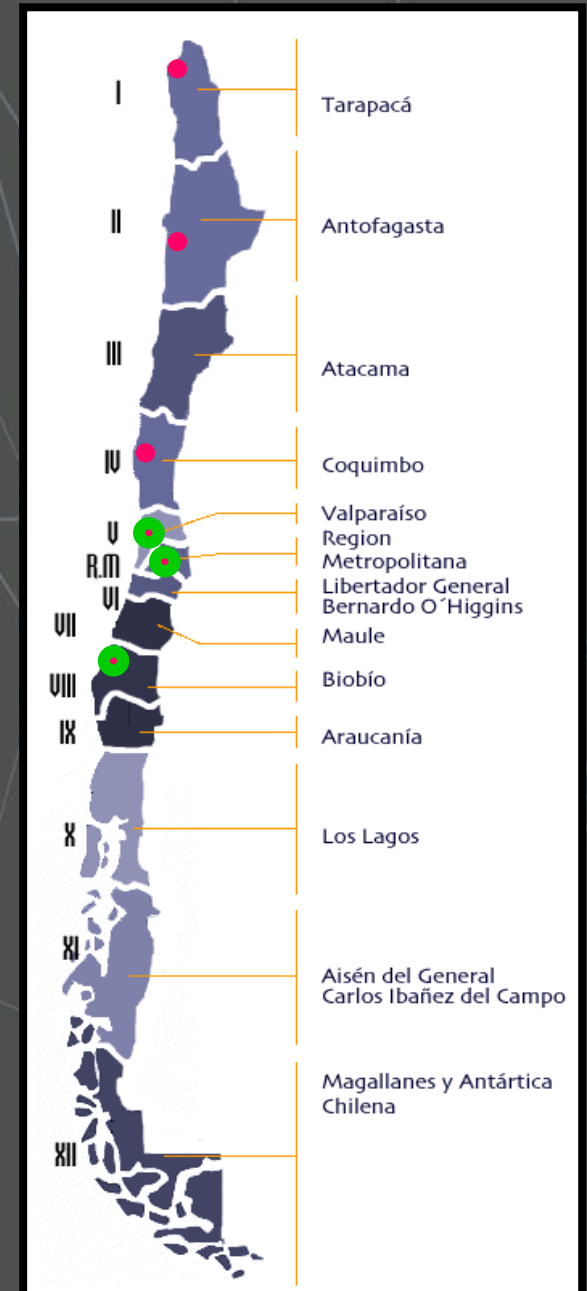
The main goal is to prepare the Chilean community for the challenges posed by the avalanche of data that will be come from LSST and other future, large scale surveys.

MAS Community

97 researchers



- Investigadores Asociados
- Investigadores Adjuntos
- Investigadores Jóvenes
- Investigadores Senior
- Postdoctorados
- Doctorandos
- Master
- Pregrado





MAS Host Institutions





INSTITUTO
MILENIO DE
ASTROFÍSICA

Organization

Executive Committee

Director

Dr. Mario Hamuy

Deputy Director

Dr. Dante Minniti

Supernovae

Dr. Giuliano Pignata

Milky Way and Local Group

Dr. Márcio Catelan

Transients

Dr. Andrés Jordán

Astrostatistics and Astroinformatics

Dr. Pablo Estévez

Outreach

Dr. Alejandro Clocchiatti

Networking

Dr. Jordanka Borissova

Executive Director

Marcela Valle

CHASE - Chilean Automatic Supernova sEarch

(PI G. Pignata)

6x40 cm telescopes on Cerro Tololo (down to 19th mag)
Targeted optical survey of 5500 pre-selected galaxies
1-7 days cadence
Full Data processing in < 12 hours + Daily inspection

560 images per night

1,500,000+ images since 2007

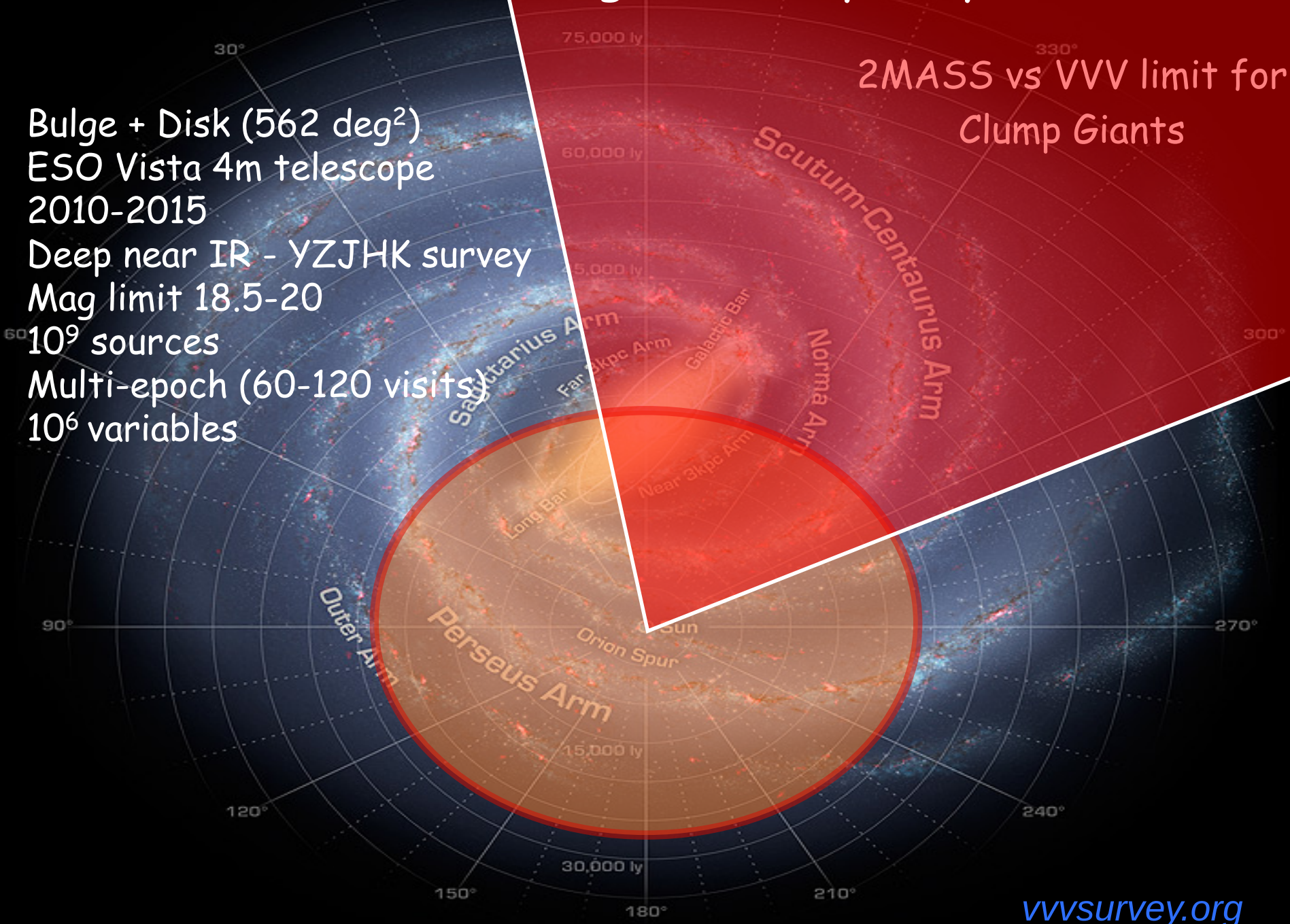
205 nearby supernovae



VVV: Re-discovering the Milky Way in 3D

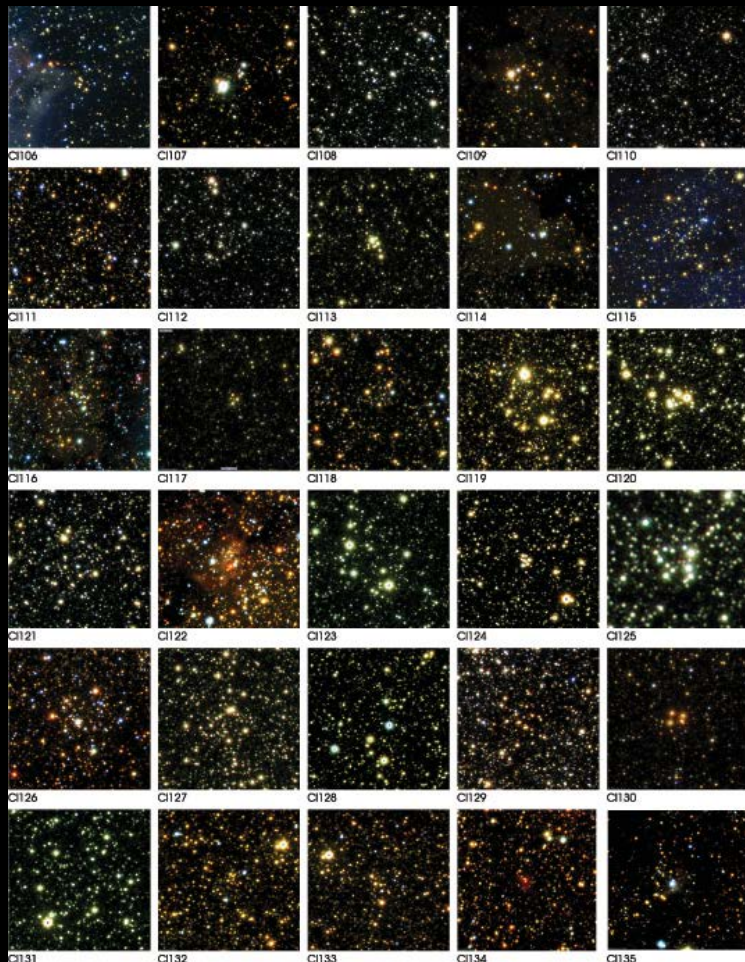
Bulge + Disk (562 deg²)
ESO Vista 4m telescope
2010-2015
Deep near IR - YZJHK survey
Mag limit 18.5-20
10⁹ sources
Multi-epoch (60-120 visits)
10⁶ variables

2MASS vs VVV limit for
Clump Giants

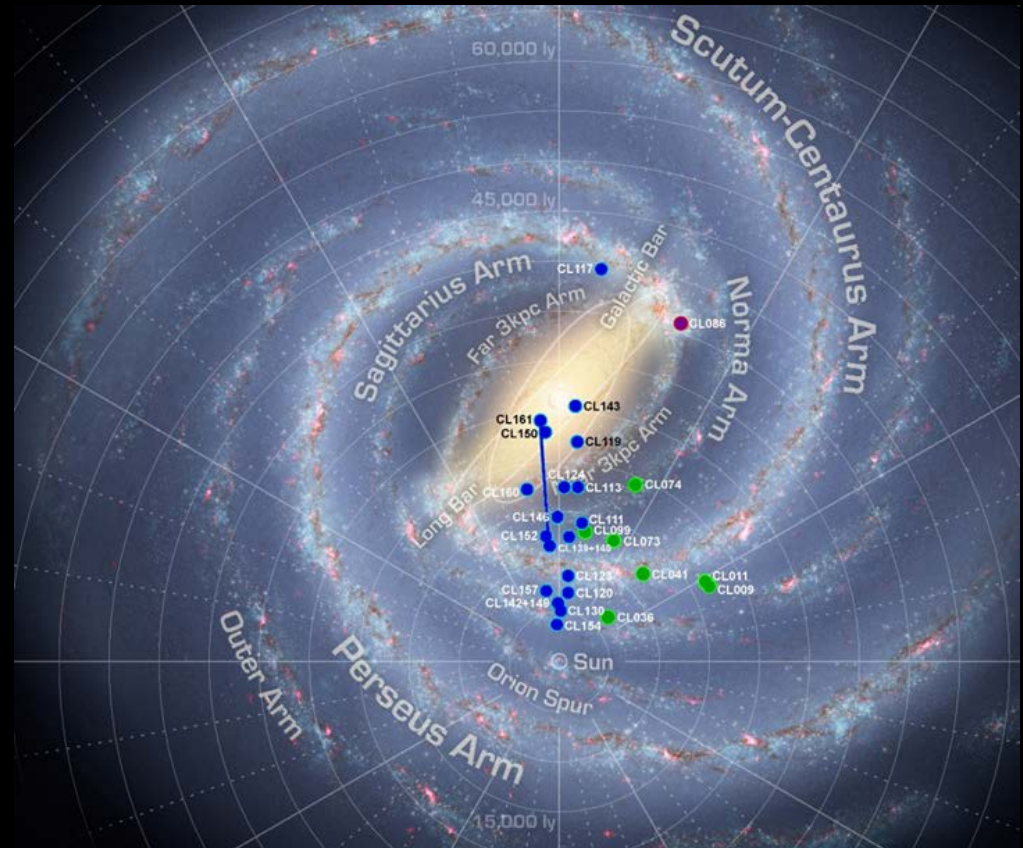


New Galactic star clusters discovered by VVV

58 new star clusters discovered in the inner 10 degrees around Galactic center using VVV (Borissova et al. 2014)



Color composed J, H, Ks images
of the newly discovered clusters



Positions of the clusters

ASAS-SN (All-Sky Automated Survey for Supernovae)

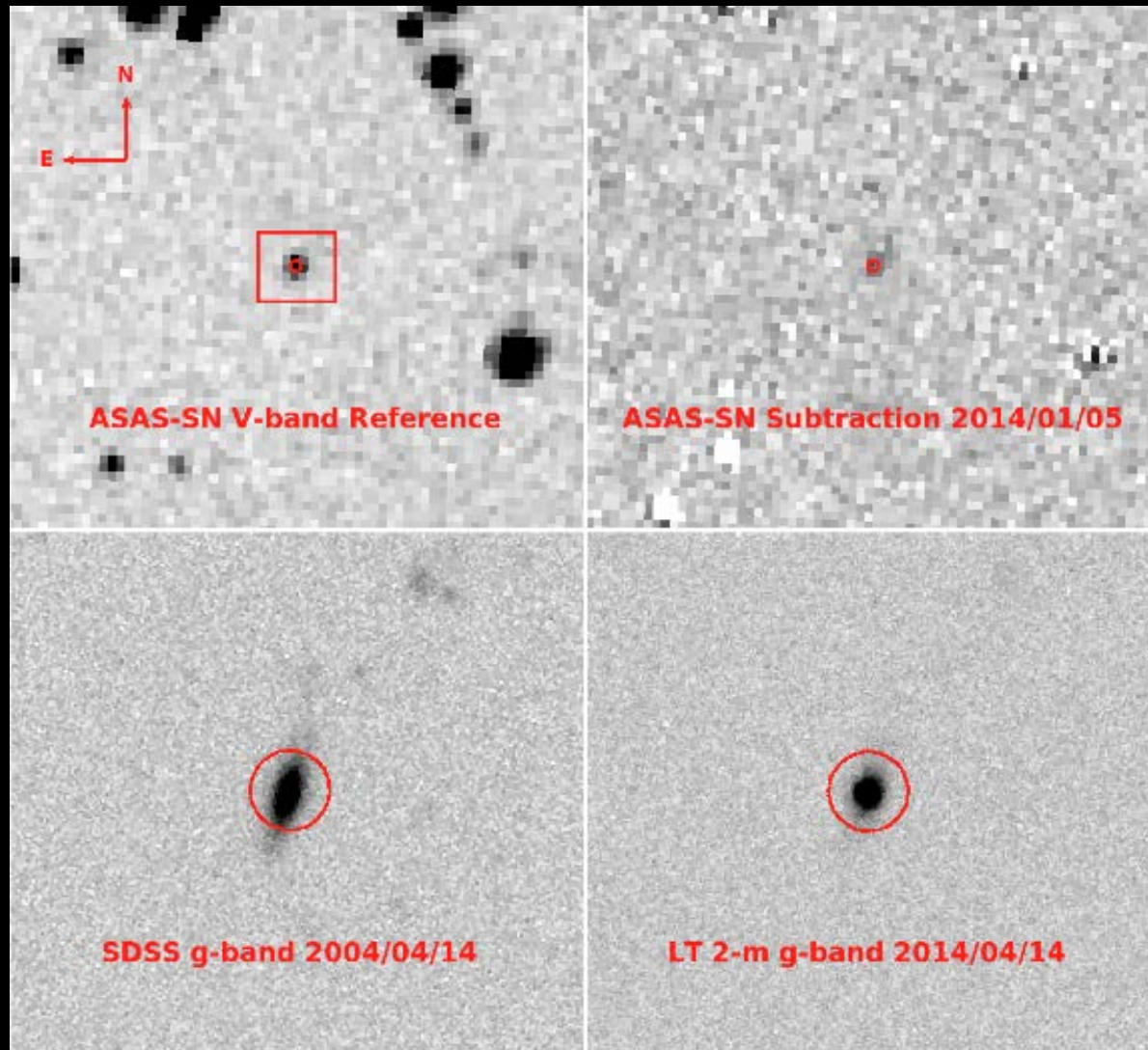
Kochanek, Prieto, et al.

6x14 cm telescopes on Haleakala and Cerro Tololo
Blind optical survey - 15,000 deg²
down to 17th mag
7.5 arcsec / pixel
2 nights cadence
2014-
50% of all nearby supernovae



ASAS-SN Discovery of a tidal disruption of a star by a super massive black hole

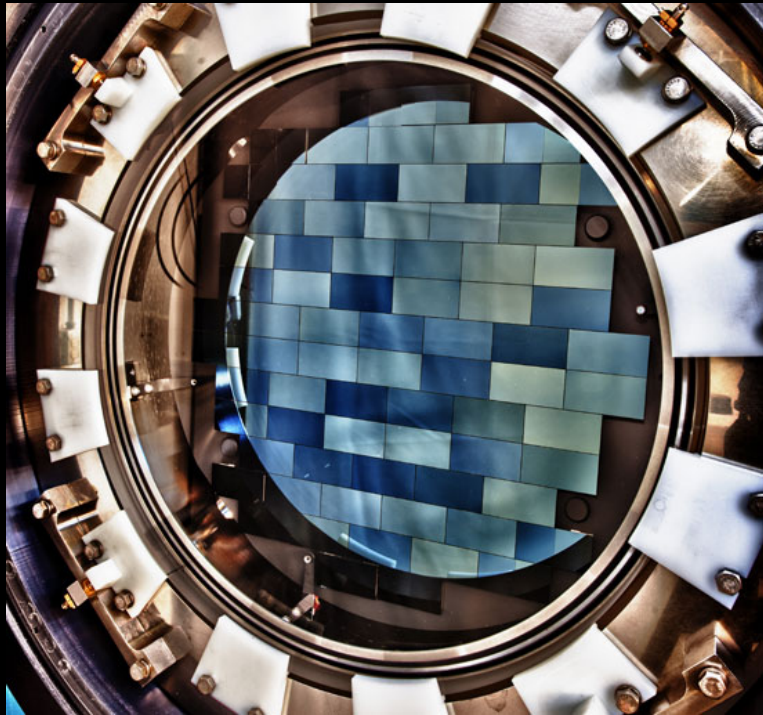
Holoien (Ohio State U.), Prieto (MAS/UDP), et al., MNRAS, 2014



HITS (High Cadence Transient Survey)

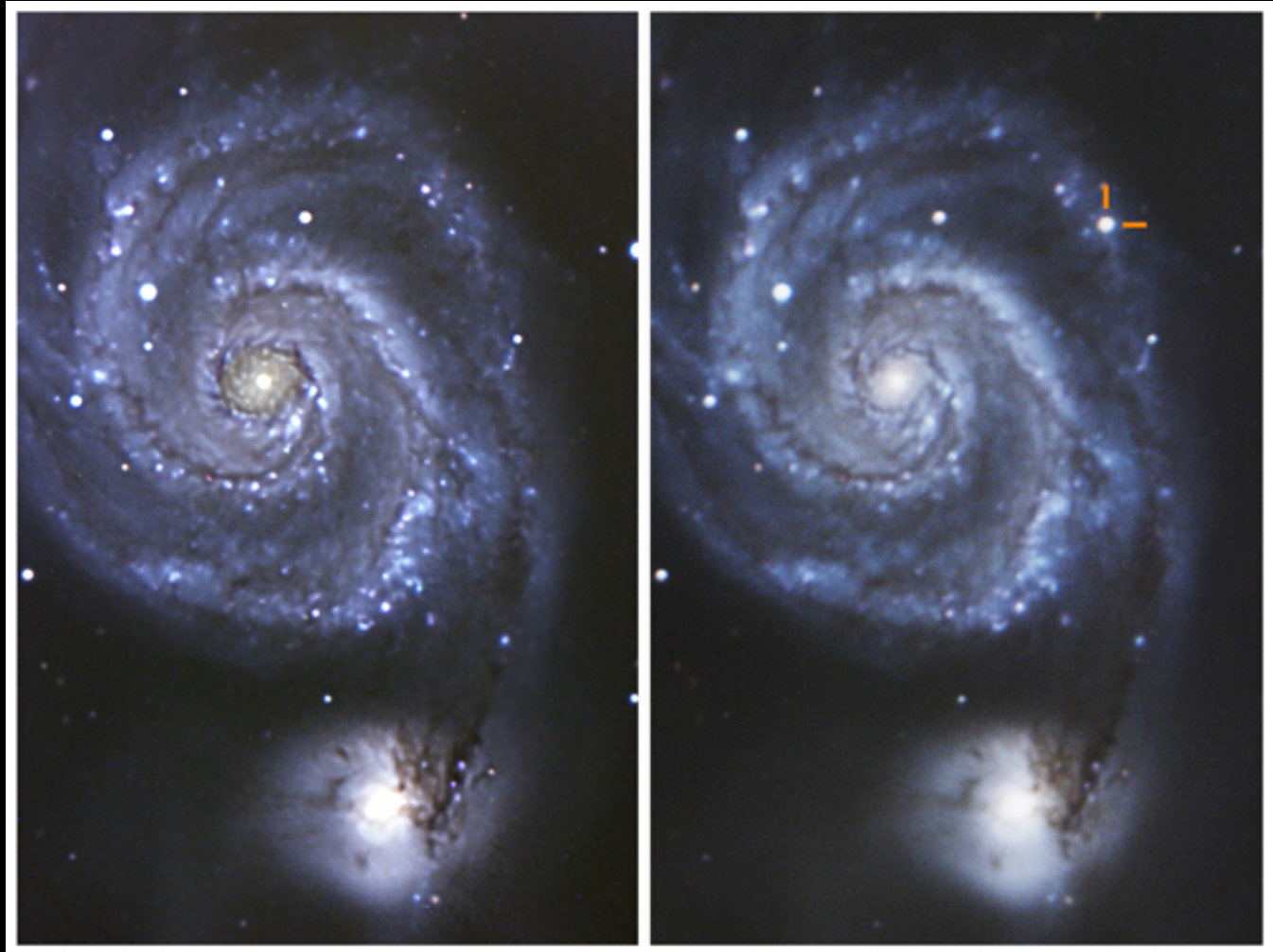
(PI F. Forster)

Cerro Tololo 4m telescope + DECam
Blind optical survey - 120 deg^2
0.27 arcsec/pix
down to 25th mag
2 hours cadence - 5 nights
2013-

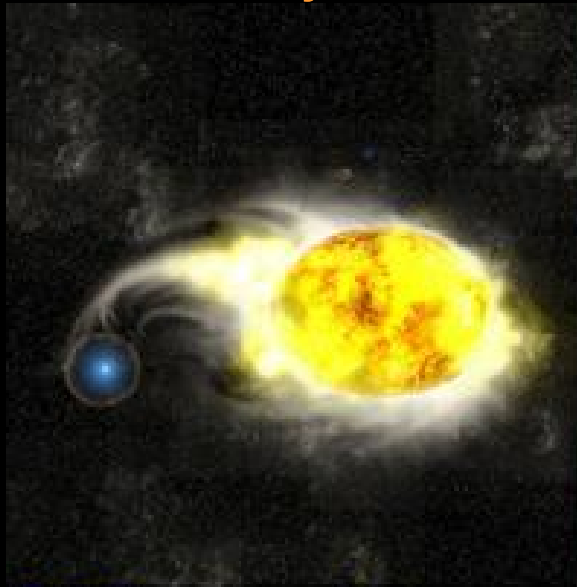


Japan-Chile collaboration

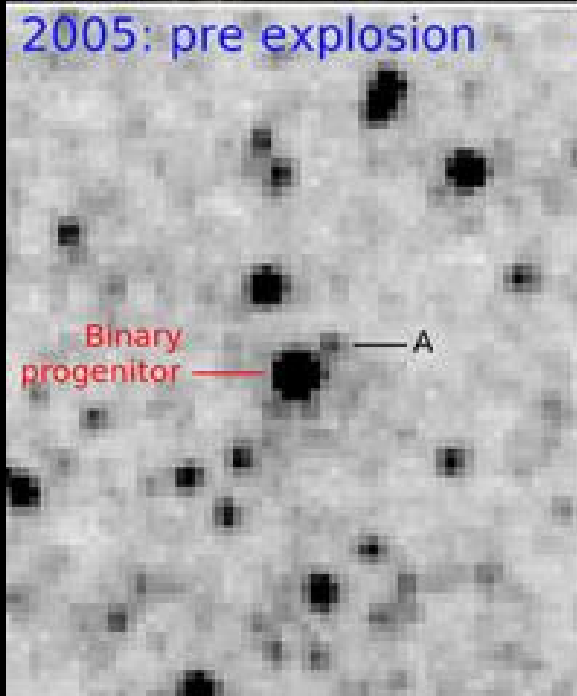
Discovery of progenitor system for the hydrogen poor SN 2011dh



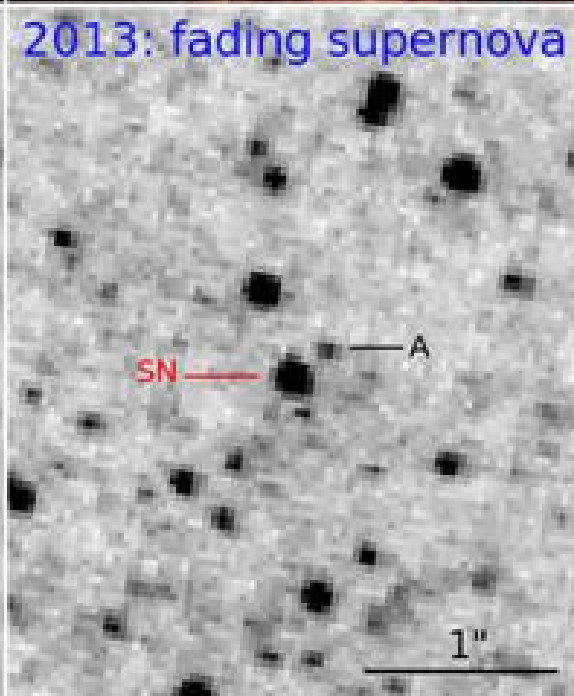
Folatelli, Bersten, Maeda, Nomoto (Kavli-IPMU, U. Tokyo, Kyoto U.)
Kuncarayakti, Hamuy (MAS, U. de Chile), et al. ApJL, 2014



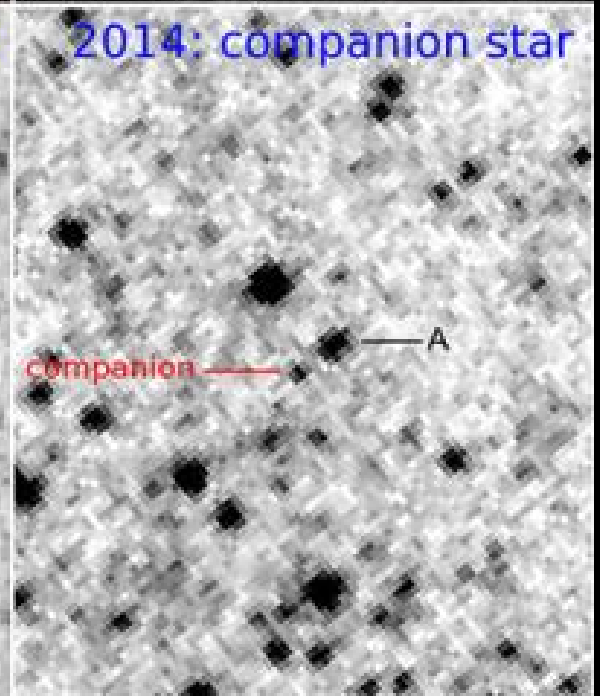
2005: pre explosion



2013: fading supernova



2014: companion star



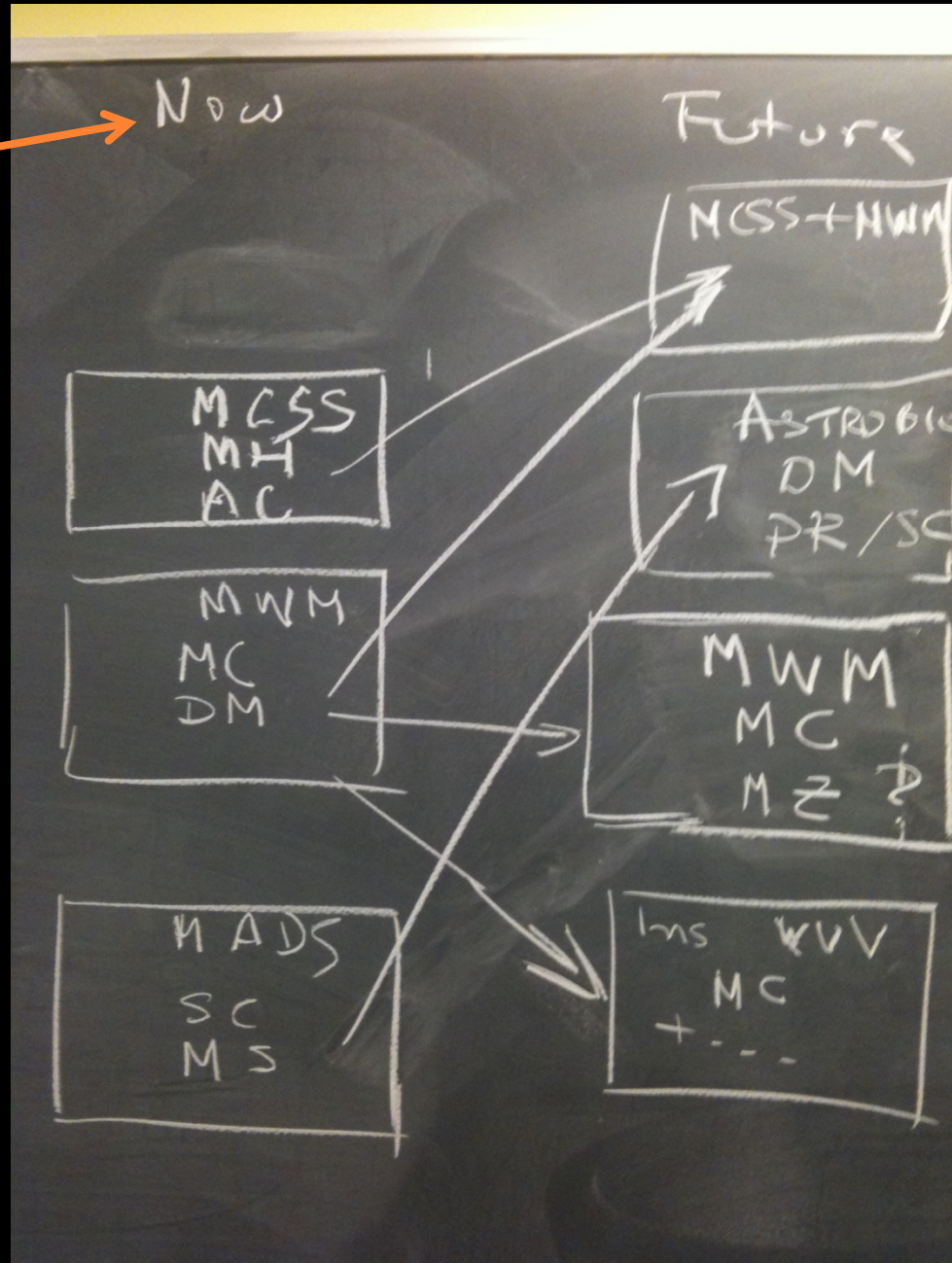


First MAS Workshop (Aug 7-8)



From MCSS to MAS: The IPMU blessing

December 2012



Millennium Institute of Astrophysics

