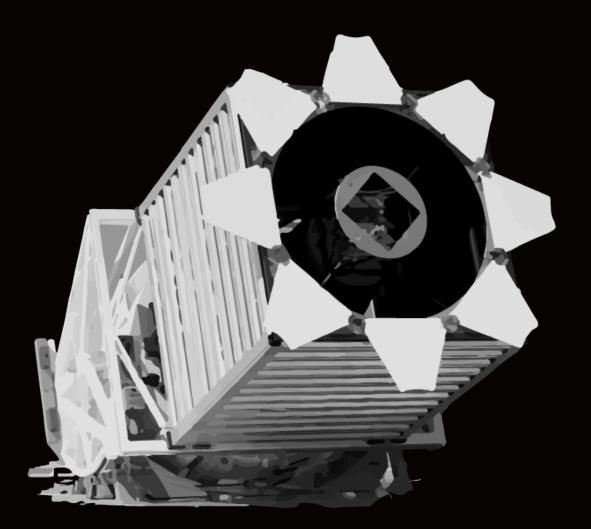
# HUNTING DIFFUSE GALAXIES WITH NEXT GENERATION IMAGING SURVEYS

Johnny Greco NSF Astronomy & Astrophysics Fellow The Ohio State University @johnnypgreco

## Building the Galaxy Census





## Sloan Digital Sky Survey



Blanton & Moustakas 2009

# Surface Brightness

## $\mu_0(i) = 23.1 \text{ mag arcsec}^{-2}$

 $M_{\star} = 10^6 M_{\odot}$ 



# Surface Brightness

## $\mu_0(i) = 23.0 \text{ mag arcsec}^{-2}$



 $M_{\star} = 10^6 M_{\odot}$ 



$$\mu_0(i)=23.1~{
m mag}~{
m arcsec}^{-2}$$
  
 $M_{\star}=10^6~M_{\odot}$   
 $\mu_0(i)=23.0~{
m mag}~{
m arcsec}^{-2}$   
 $M_{\star}=10^6~M_{\odot}$ 

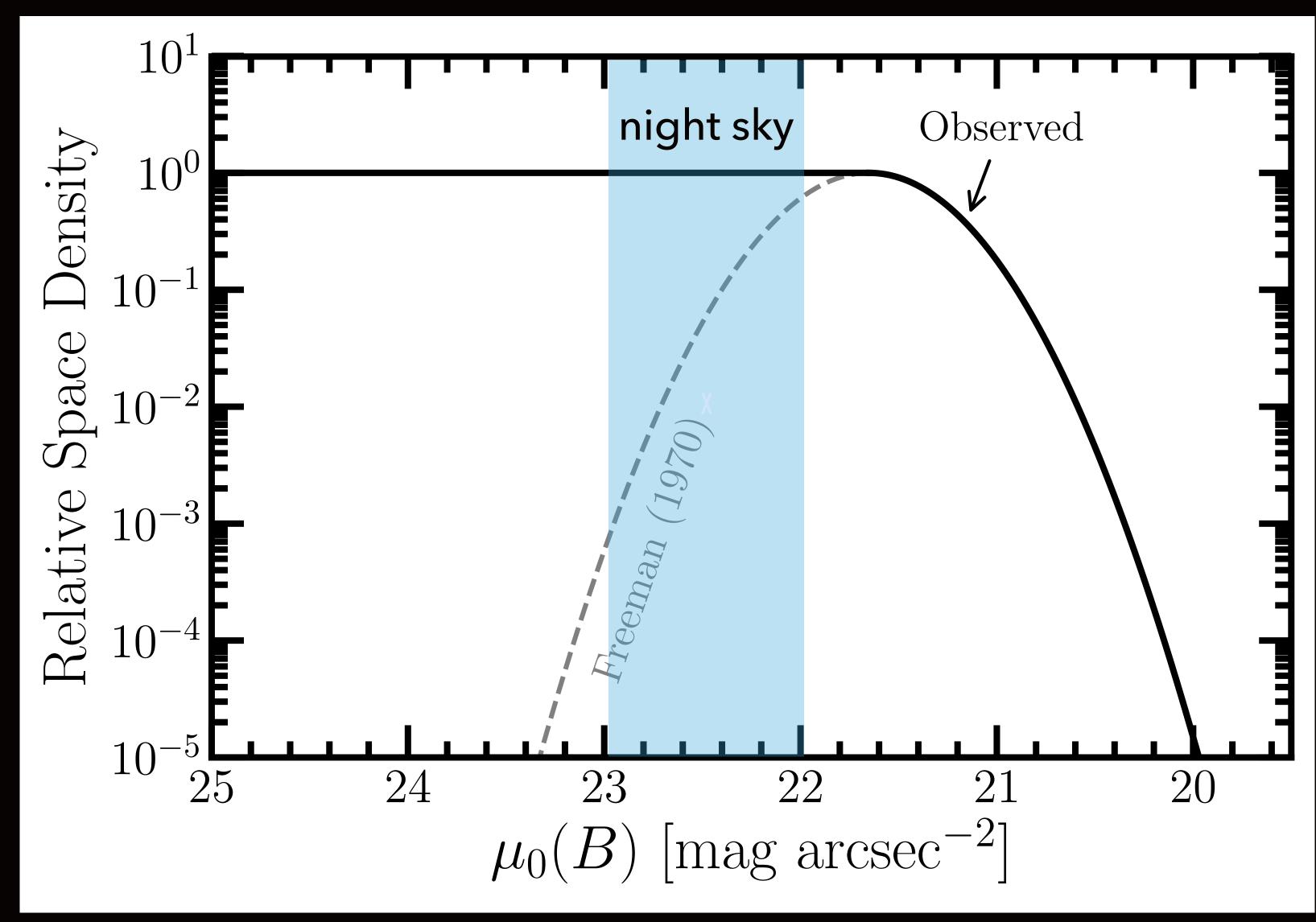
$$\mu_0(i)=27.2 ext{ mag arcsec}^{-2}$$
  
 $M_{\star}=10^6 \ M_{\odot}$   
 $\mu_0(i)=28.5 ext{ mag arcsec}^{-2}$   
 $M_{\star}=10^6 \ M_{\odot}$ 

# The Hidden Galaxy Population



## Low Surface Brightness (LSB) Galaxies

# The Hidden Galaxy Population



McGaugh et al., 1995

## Ultra-Diffuse Galaxies (UDGs)

1 kpc

M31

M32

LSB Galaxies Recux





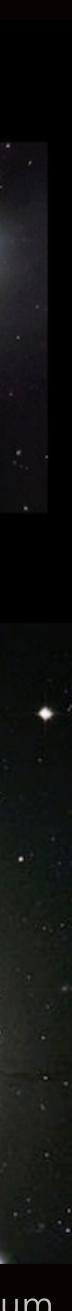
NGC 205

M33

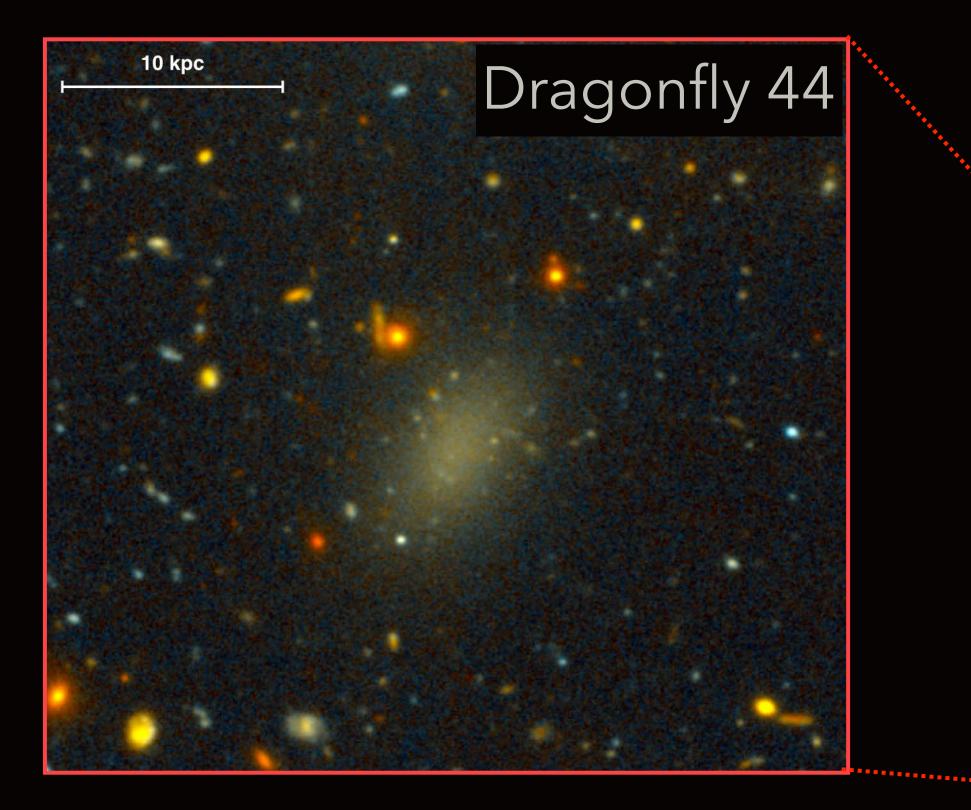
Ultra-diffuse galaxy in Coma (van Dokkum et al 2014)

M104

### Image credit: Pieter van Dokkum

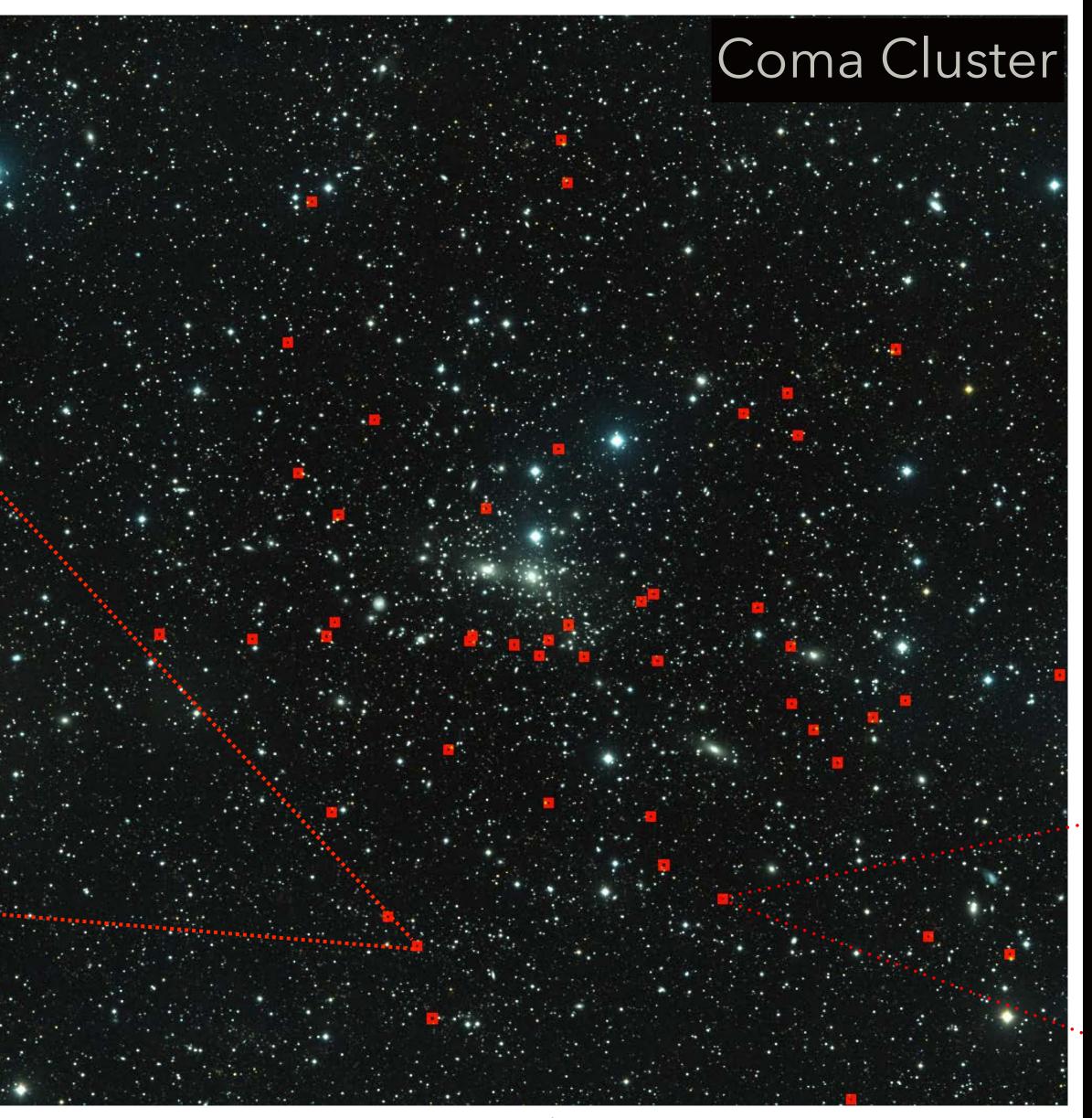


# UDGs in Coma



2.90

van Dokkum et al. 2015, 2016; Koda et al. 2015

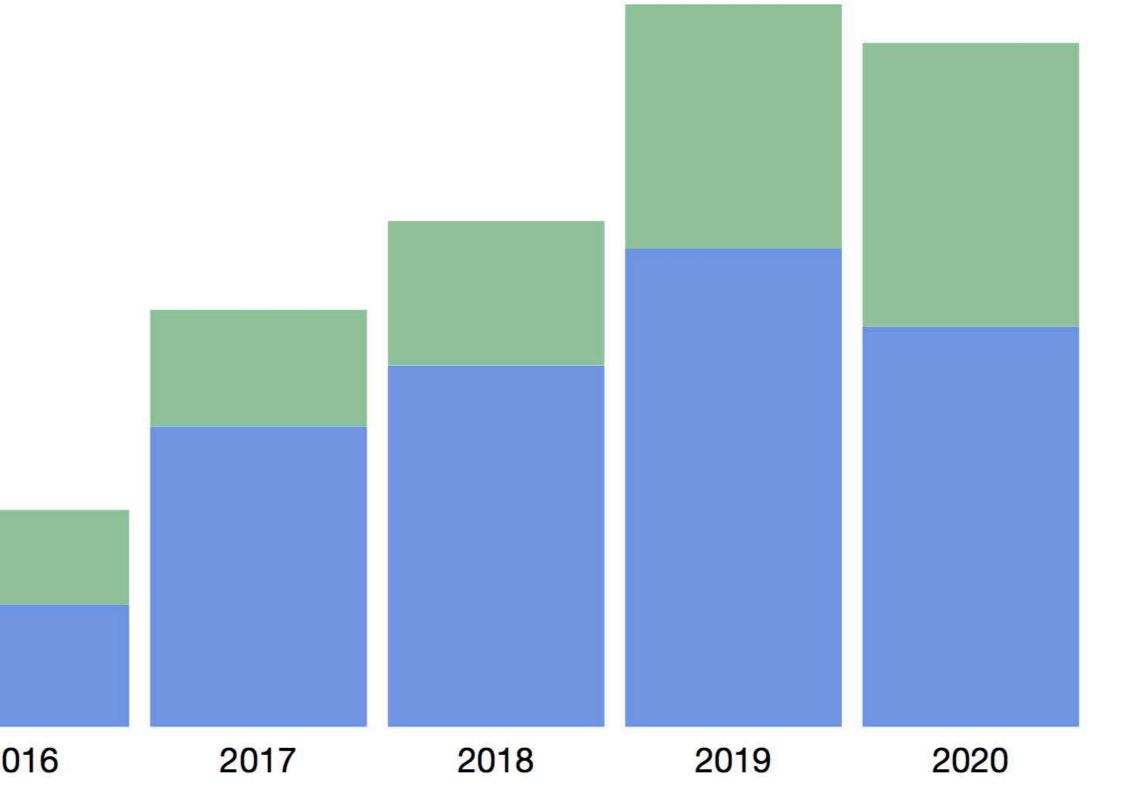


# Number of UDG Papers

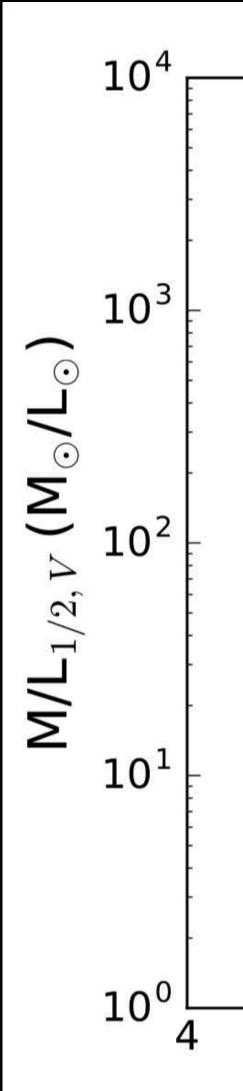
120	<ul> <li>Refereed</li> <li>Non-refer</li> </ul>	eed
100		
80		
60		
40		
20		
0	2015	20

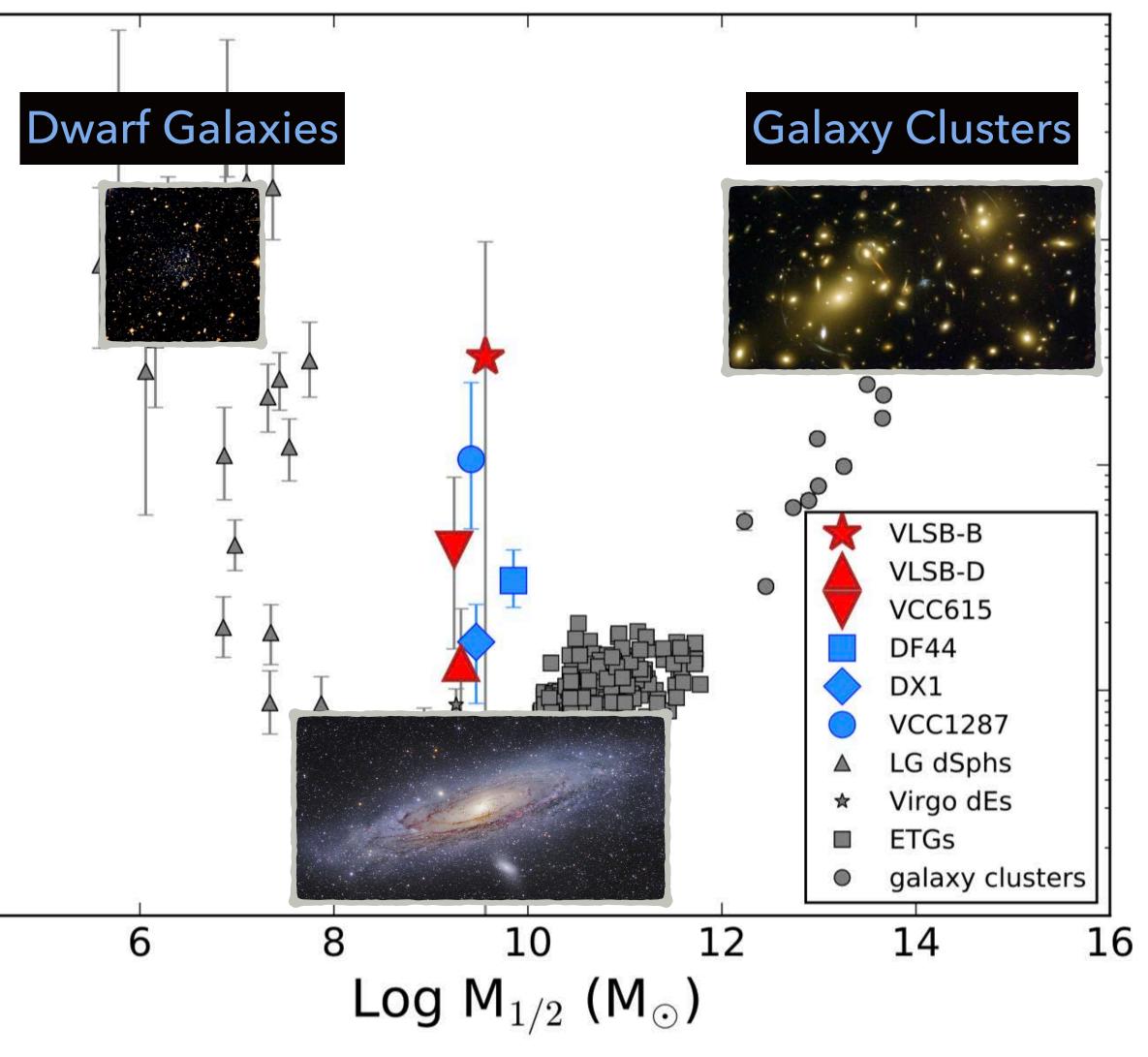
Data Source: ADS

# Year of Publication



# Extreme mass-to-light ratios





Toloba et al. 2018





Published: 28 March 2018

Pieter van Dokkum <sup>™</sup>, Shany Danieli, Yotam Cohen, Allison Merritt, Aaron J. Romanowsky, Roberto Abraham, Jean Brodie, Charlie Conroy, Deborah Lokhorst, Lamiya Mowla, Ewan O'Sullivan & Jielai Zhang

## The Galaxy That Challenged Dark Matter (And Failed)



Science

### Second ghostly galaxy without dark matter discovered, first confirmed

Ironically, by finding two galaxies severely lacking in dark matter, researchers have made a compelling case for the existence of the mysterious material.

By Jake Parks | Published: Friday, March 29, 2019



by W. M. Keck Observatory

# Extreme mass-to-light ratios

### A galaxy lacking dark matter

Ethan Siegel Senior Contributor Starts With A Bang Contributor Group ①

The Universe is out there, waiting for you to discover it.

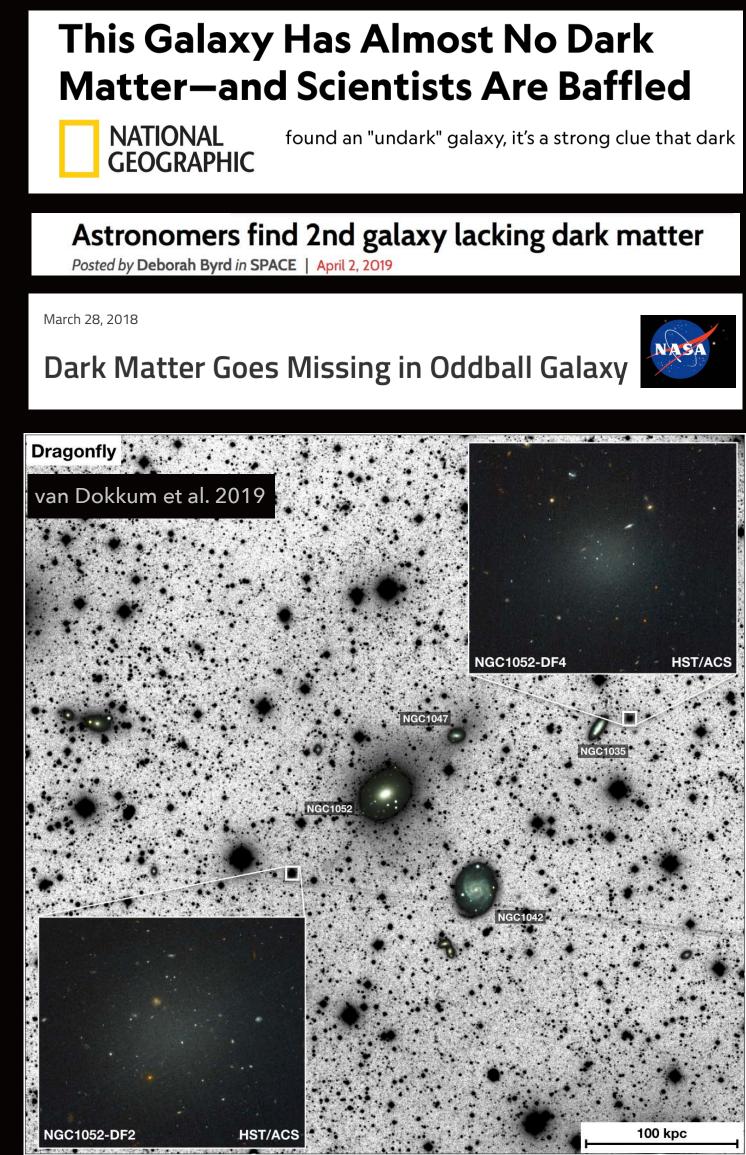
## WHAT IS THIS GALAXY DOING WITHUUT A DANN PIATIEN HALU:

Unusual galaxies defy dark matter theory

NATIONAL

Posted by Deborah Byrd in SPACE | April 2, 2019

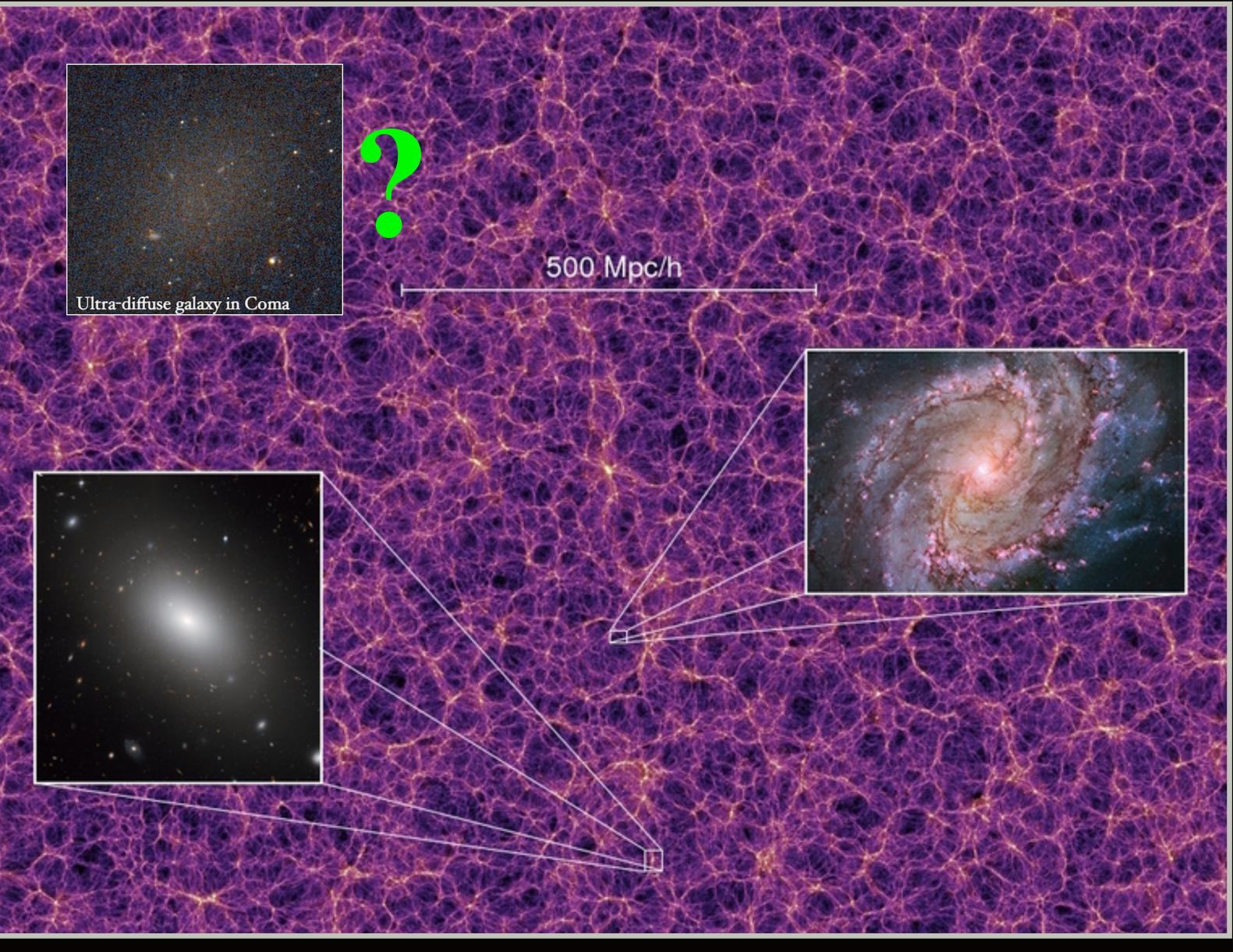




Dark matter 'missing' in a galaxy far, far away by Gemini Observatory



# Do these objects fit in our current picture



### Image credit: Owen Parry & Springel et. al 2005



# The Hyper Suprime-Cam (HSC) Subaru Strategic Program

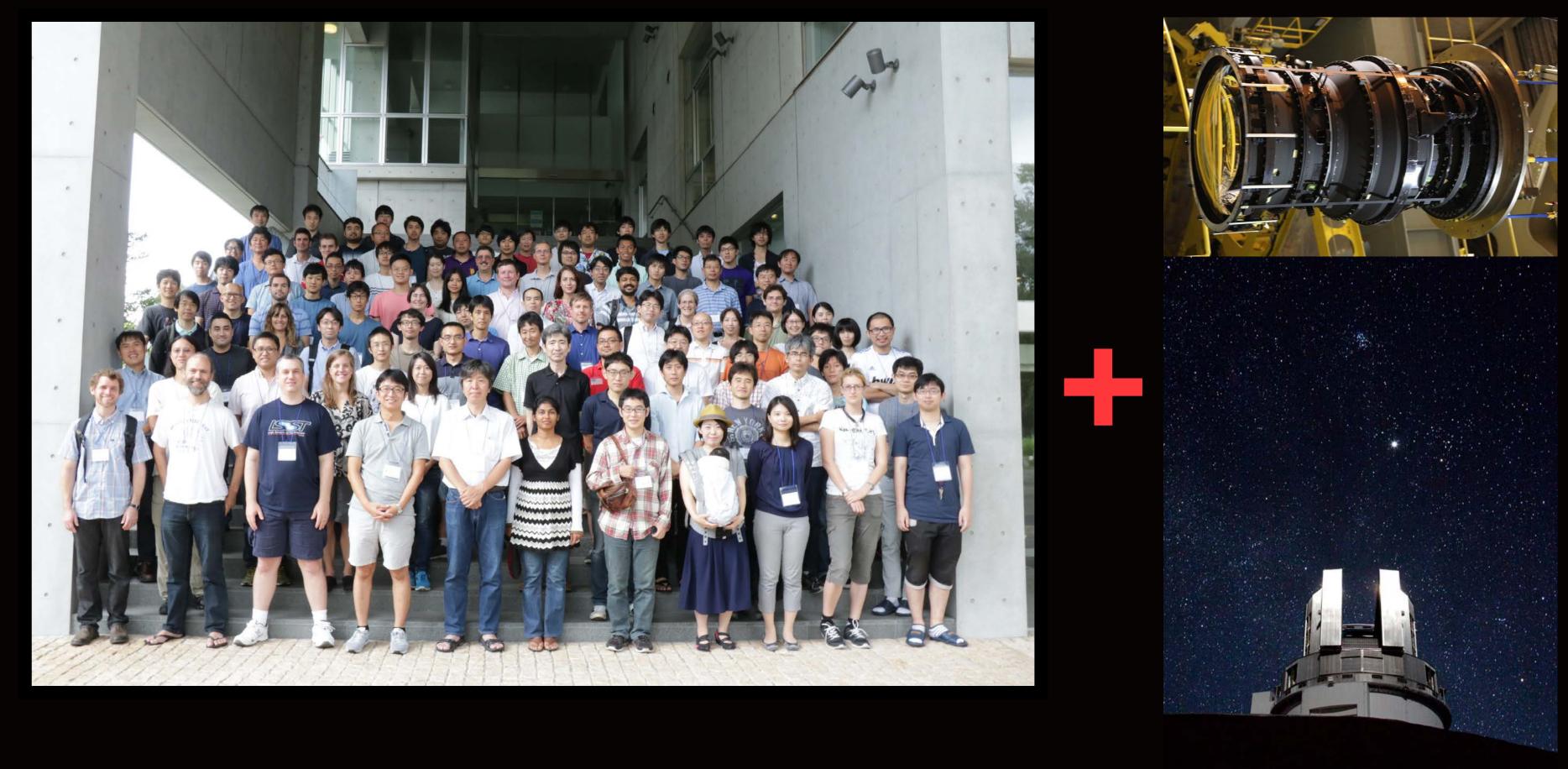


Image credits: NAOJ

# Hyper Suprime-Cam Field of View



## 0.5 degree

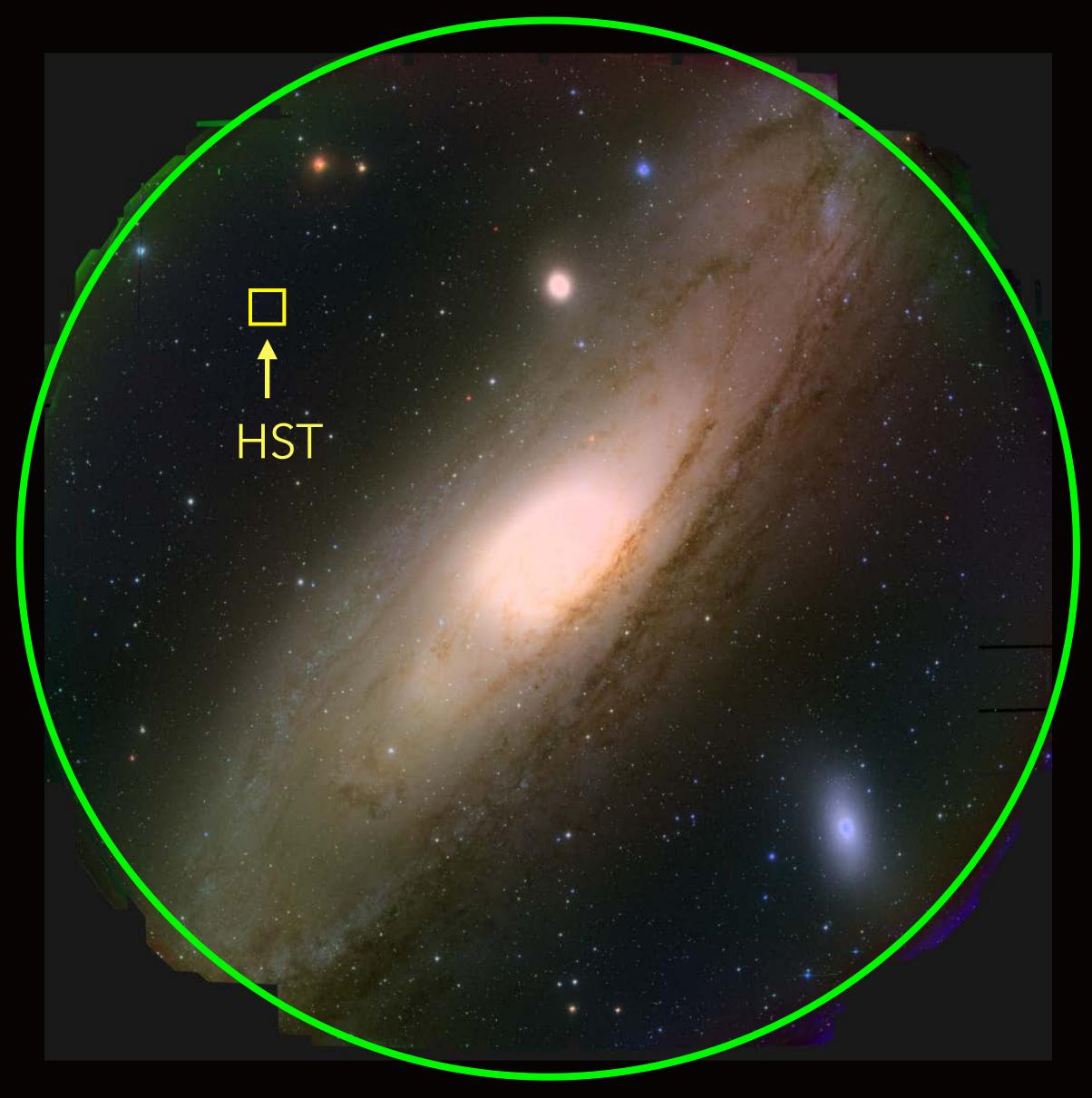


Image credit: NAOJ

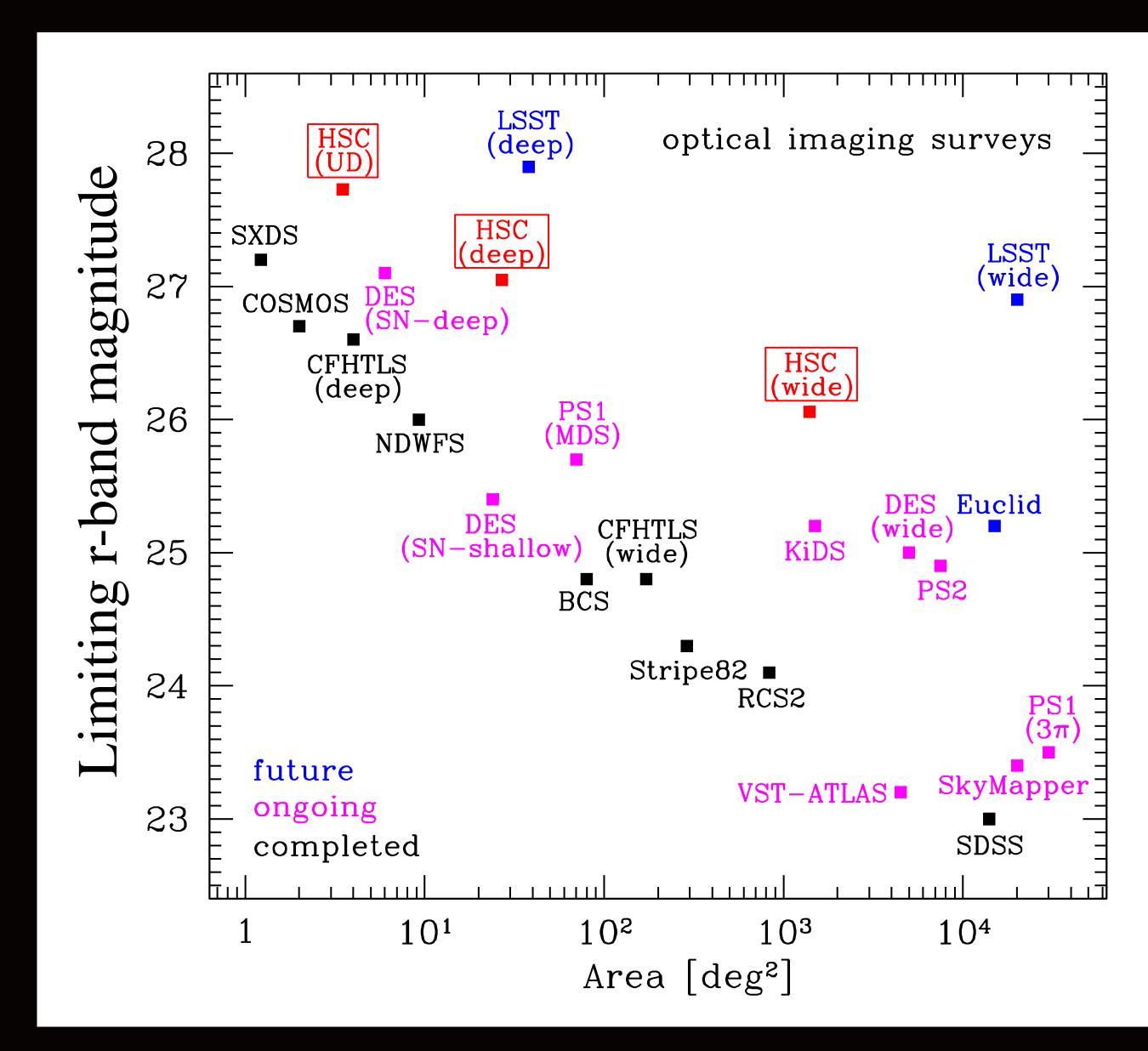


Figure credit: HSC Collaboration (2012)

# Ushering in the LSST era

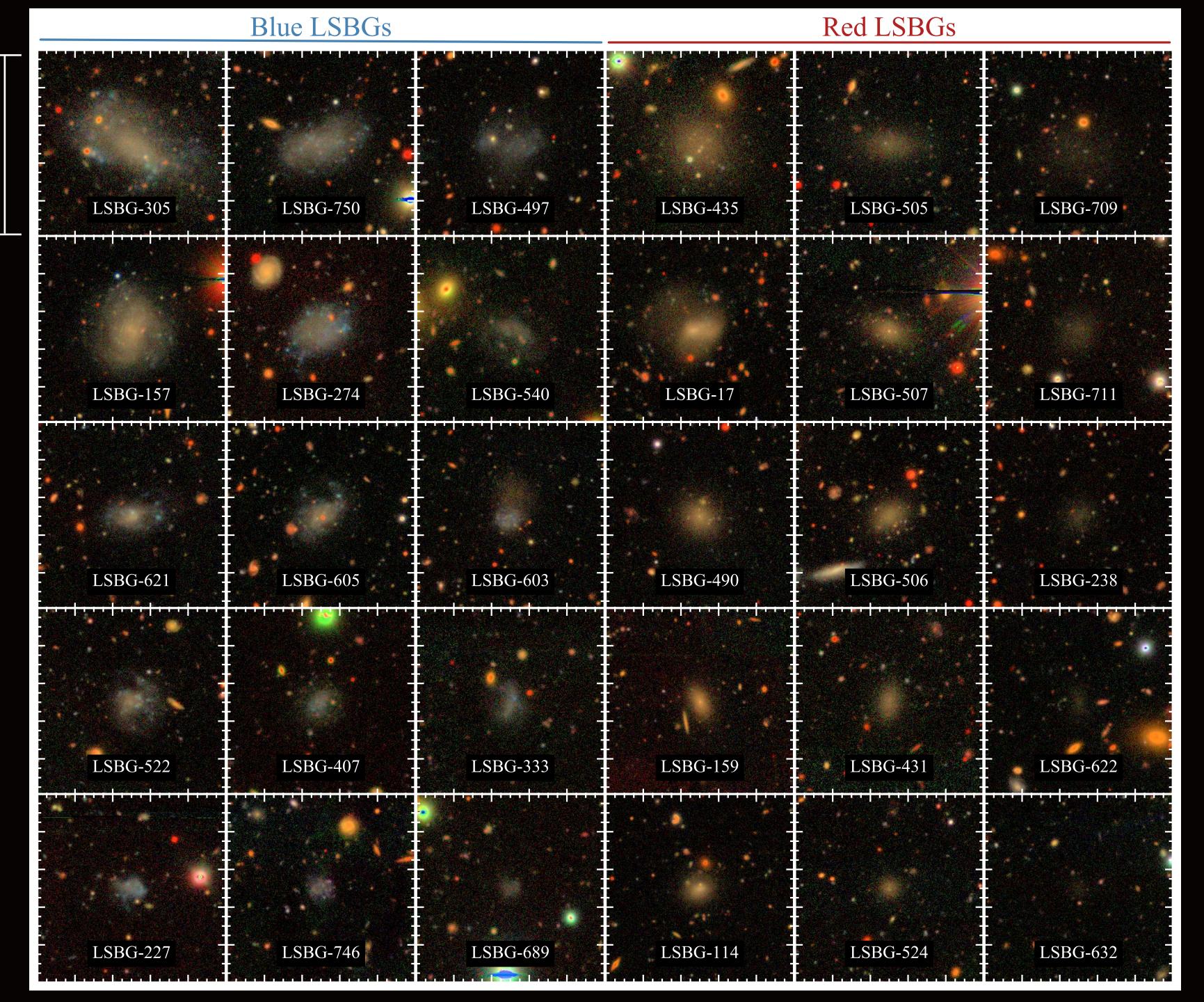
## Hyper Suprime-Cam: LSB Vision A new view with the HSC



## Ultra-LSB sources in SDSS

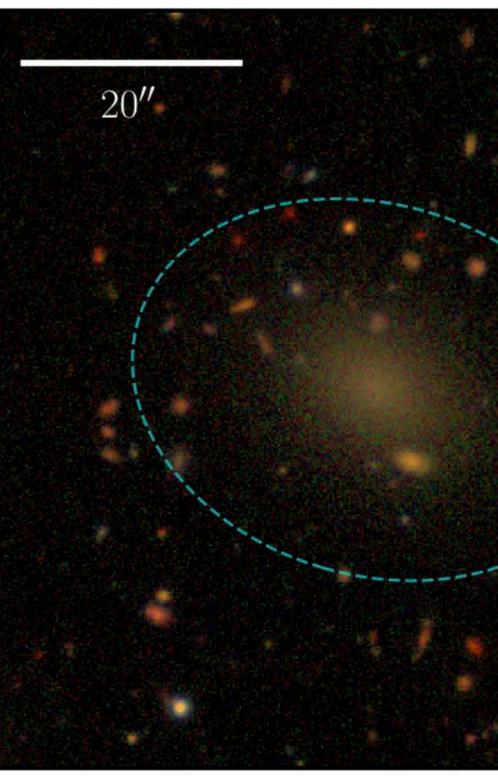


 $55^{\prime\prime}$ 



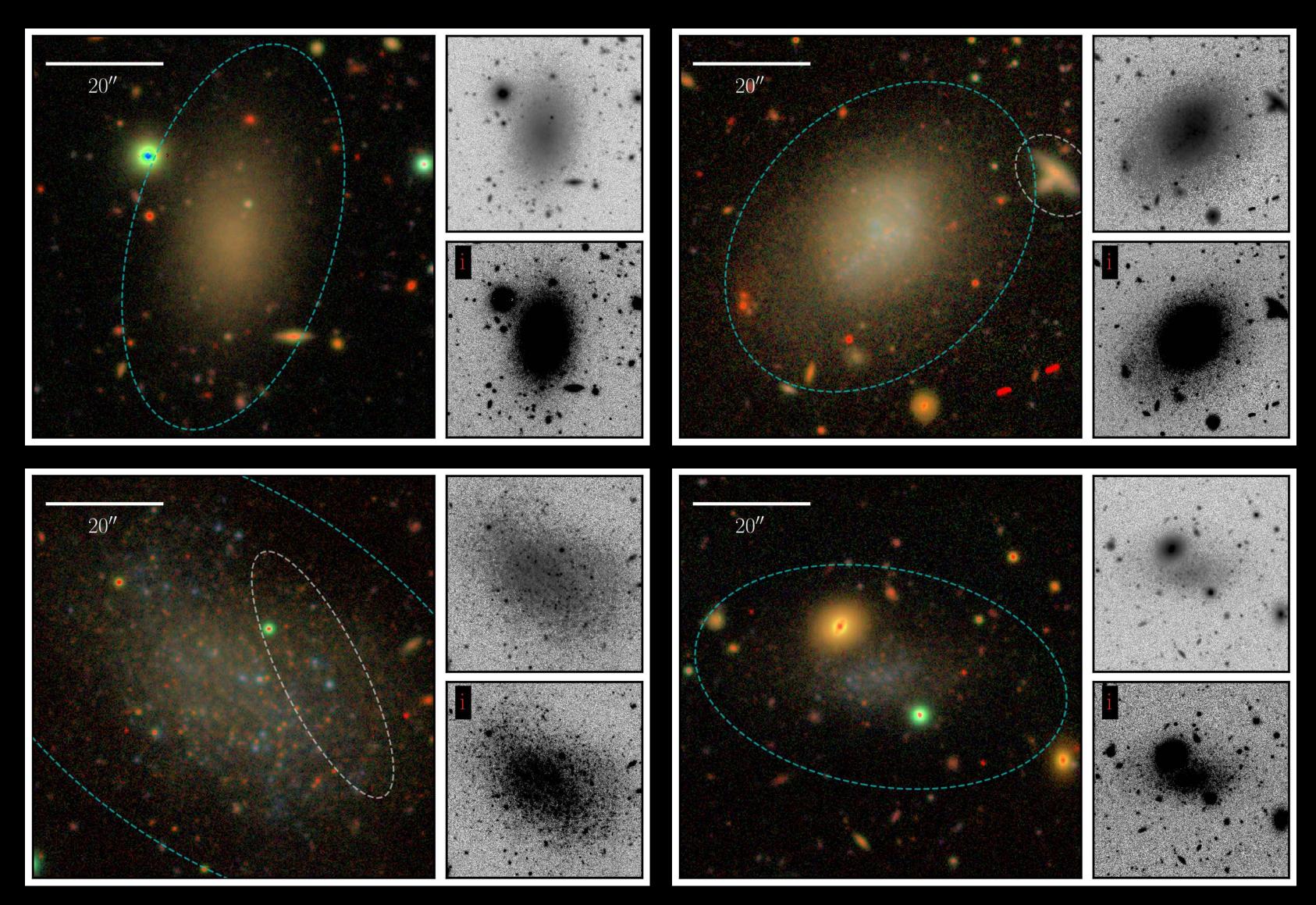
## HSC's Next Generation LSB Galaxy Search hscMap Legacy Surveys Current (browsing all objects) Jump to object 75943 ← prev next → 20" Type in any notes below, then click a flag button to jump to the next object. galaxy junk candy Notes for this object go here. Markdown formatting is supported. ADS bibcodes and most DOIs will be automatically linkified. tidal outskirts cirrus

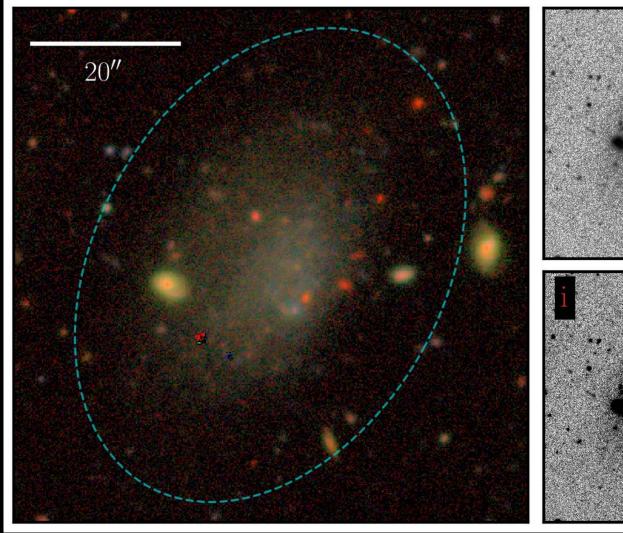


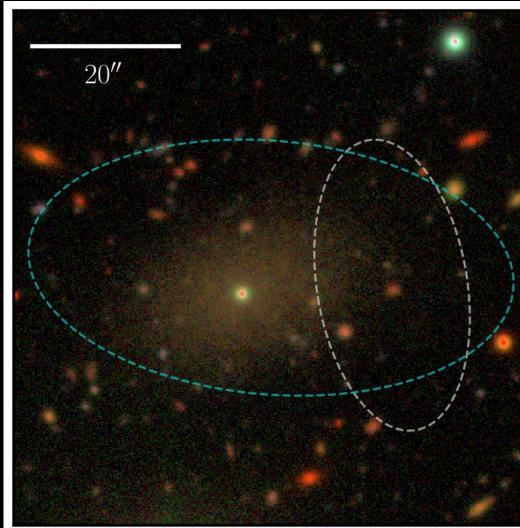


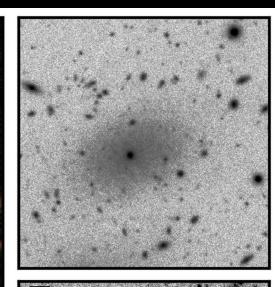
### In collaboration with Waqas Bhatti

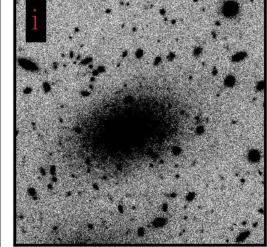
## HSC's Next Generation LSB Galaxy Search

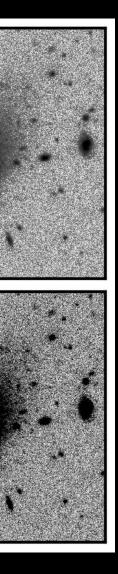




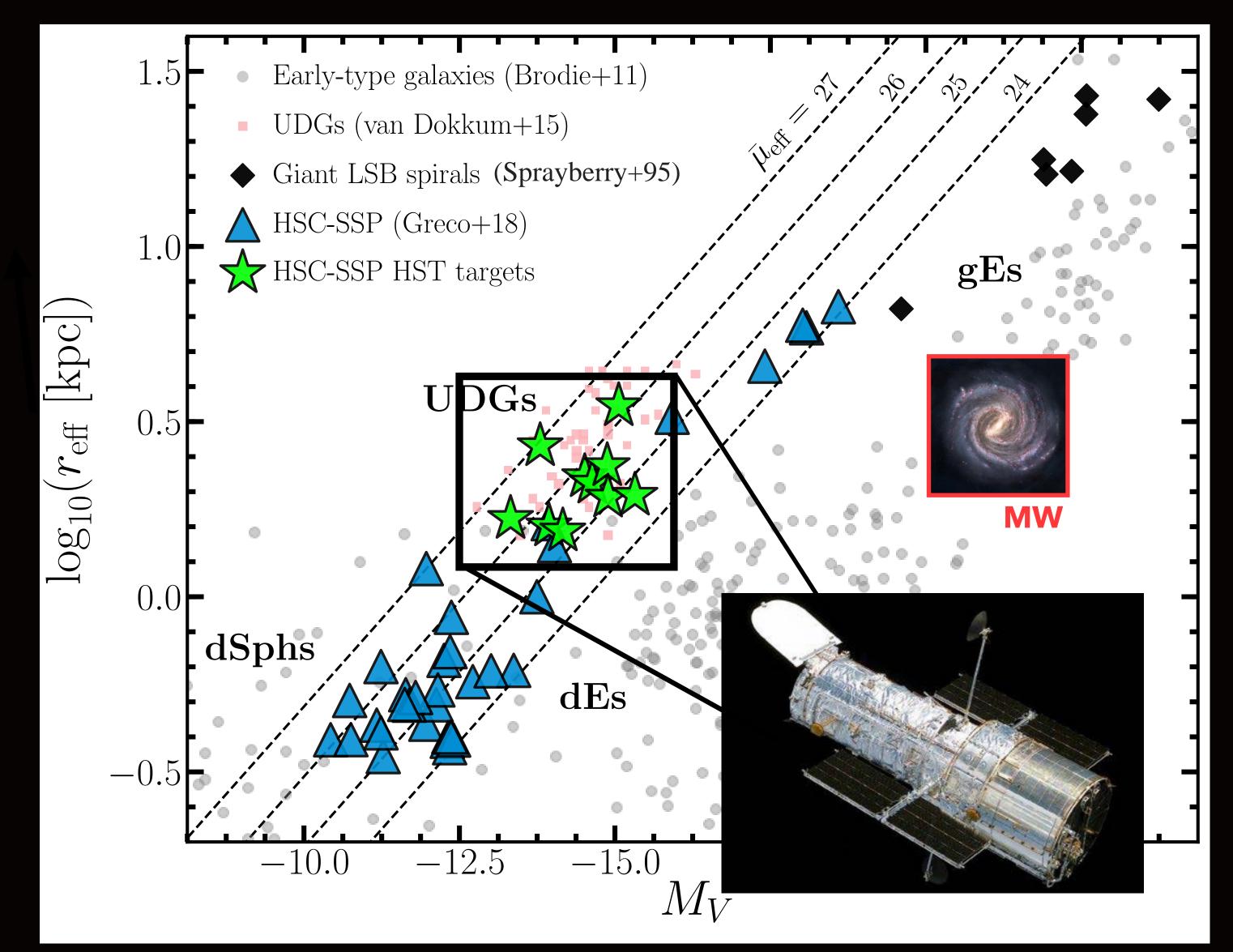








## A Diverse Sample of LSB Galaxies

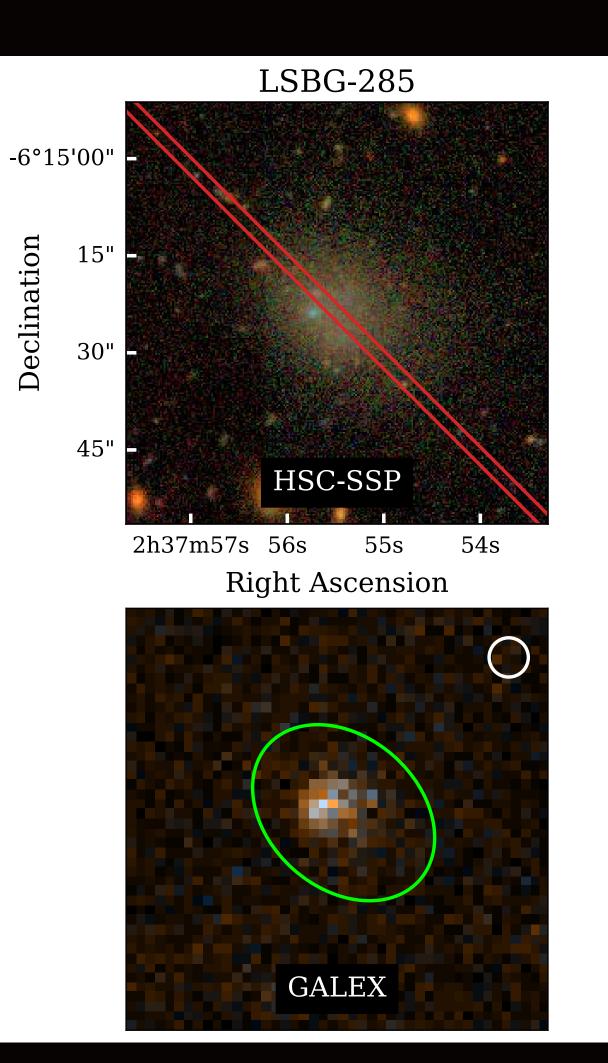


### Greco et al. 2018a

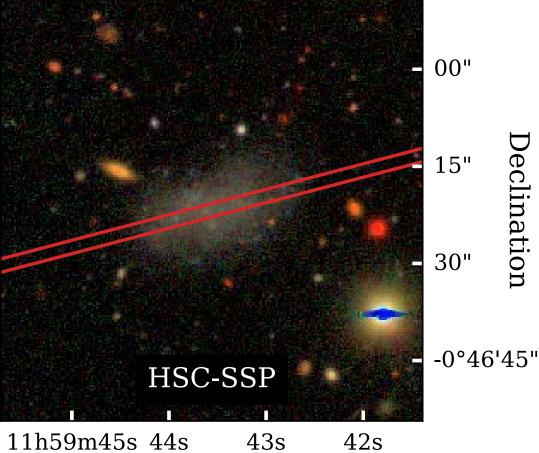
# #DistancesAre Hard



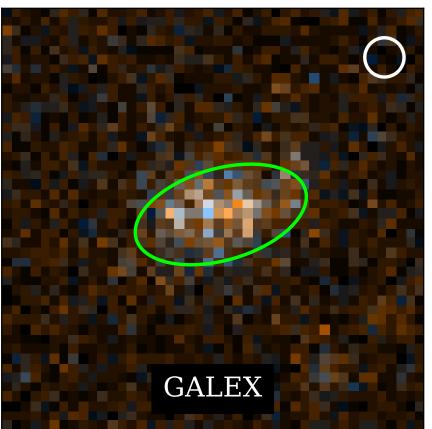
## Follow-up Spectroscopy



LSBG-750

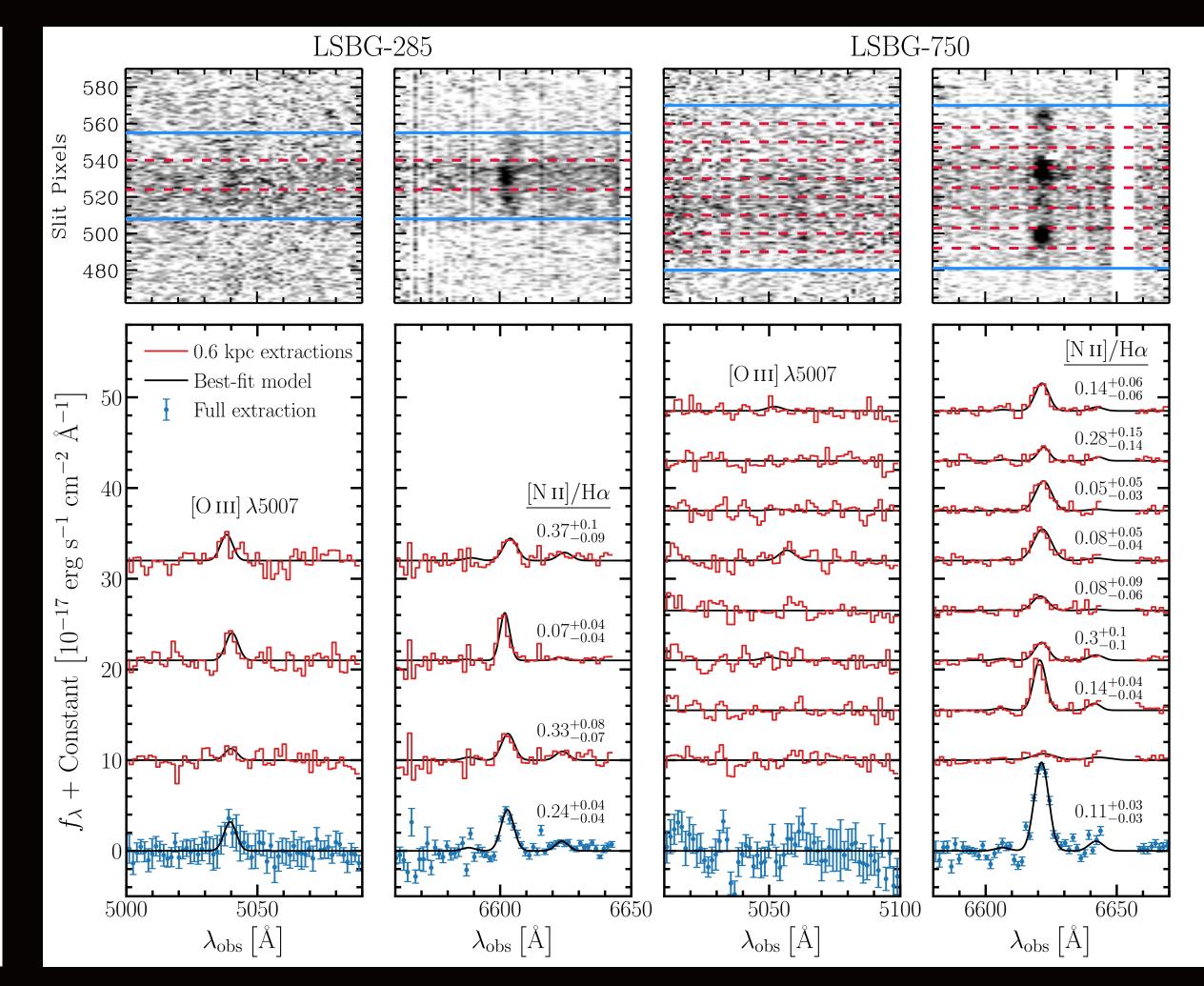


**Right Ascension** 





Declination

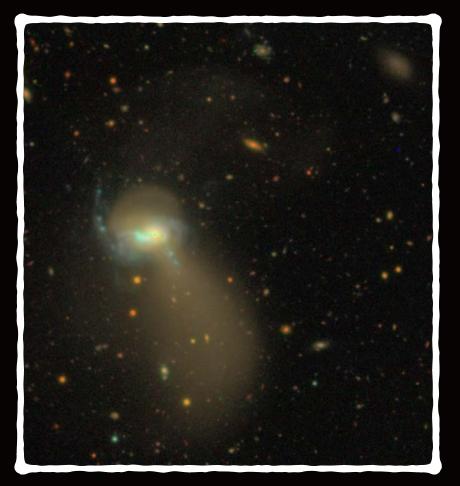


Greco et al. 2018c



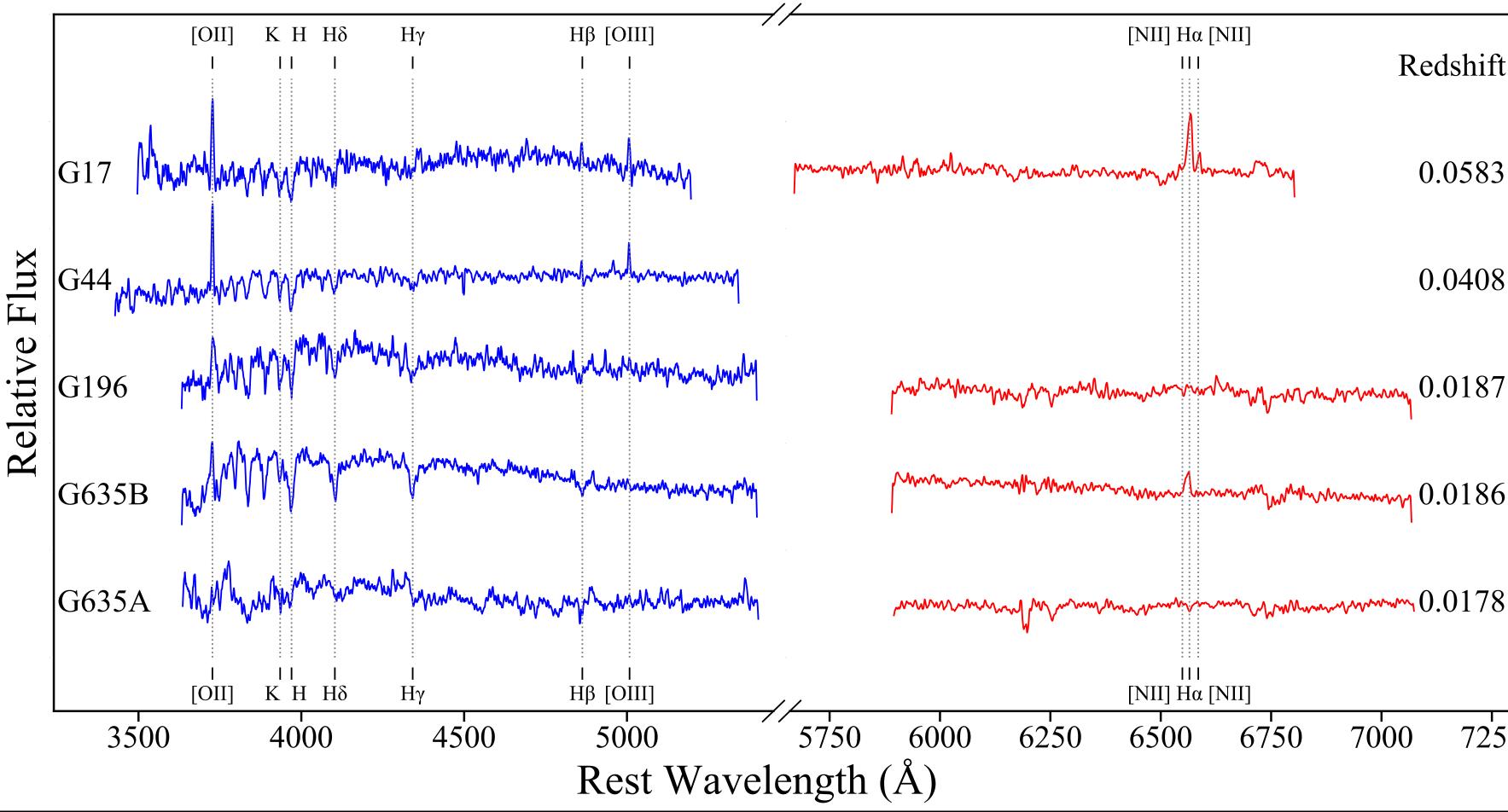
## Follow-up Spectroscopy



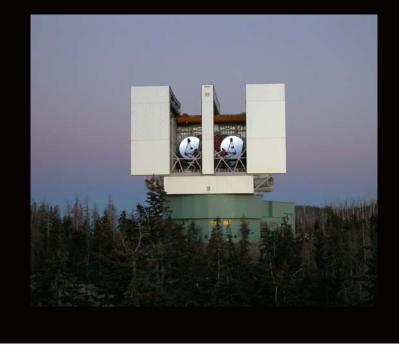




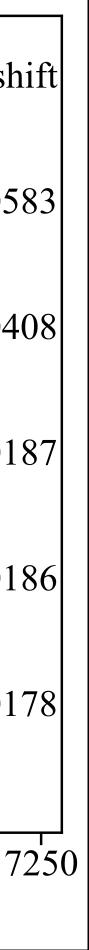
**Conor Hayes** (Ohio State)







Hayes, Greco, et al. (in prep.)





# #DistancesAre Hard

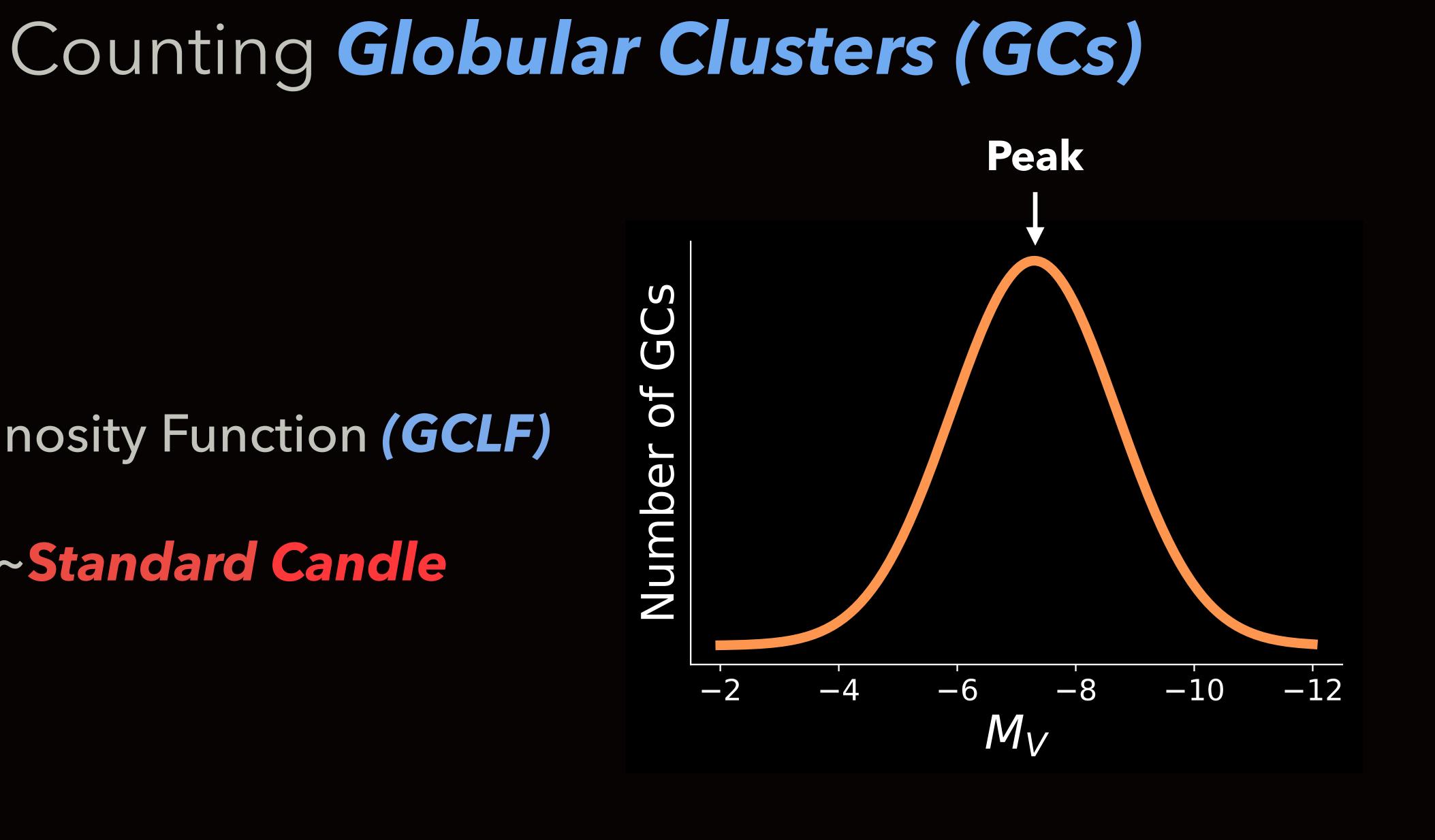
# **Follow-up Spectroscopy**

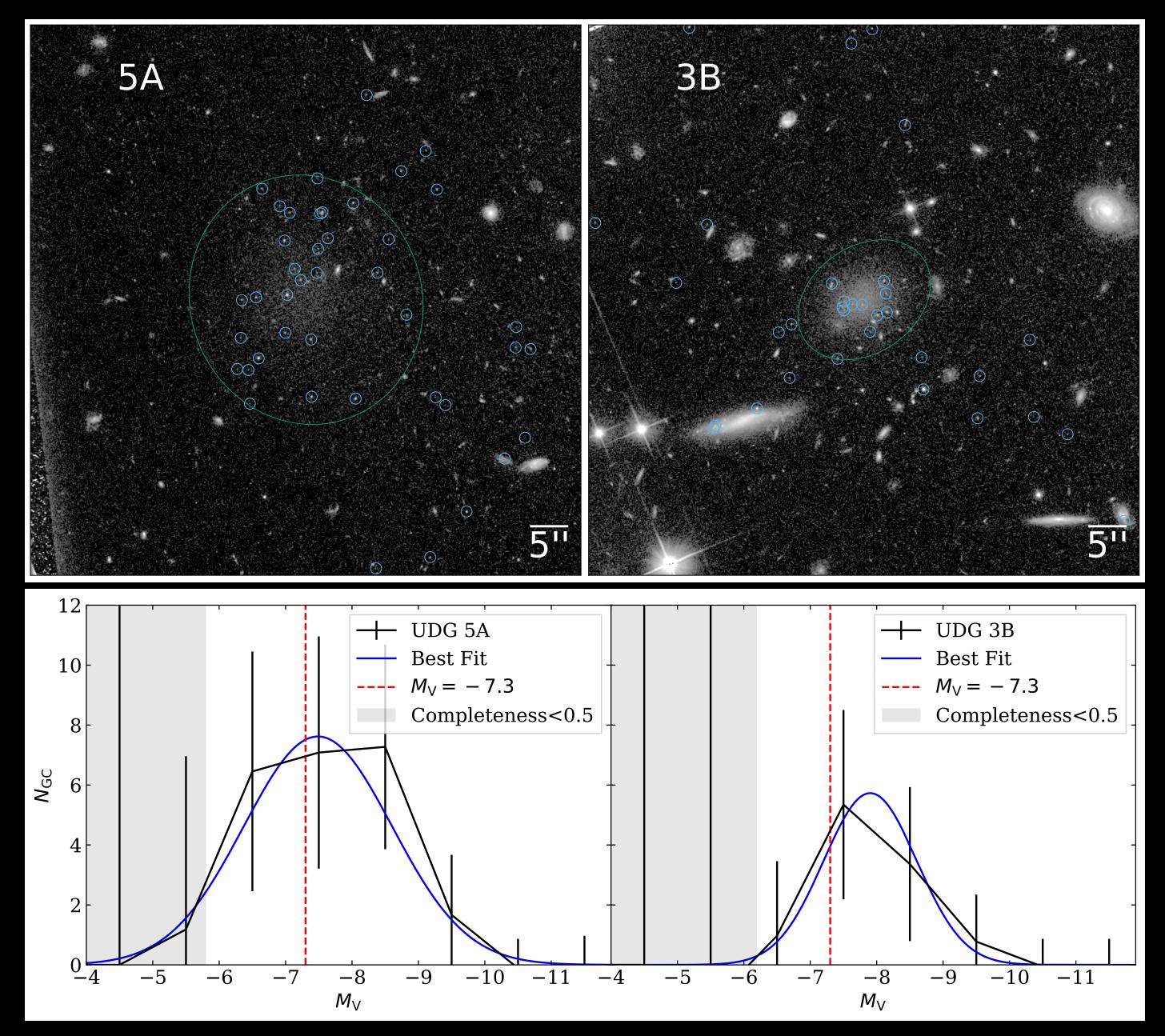
**Counting Globular Clusters** (GCs)

## GC Luminosity Function (GCLF)

## 

e.g., Harris (2001), Richtler (2003), Miller & Lotz (2007)



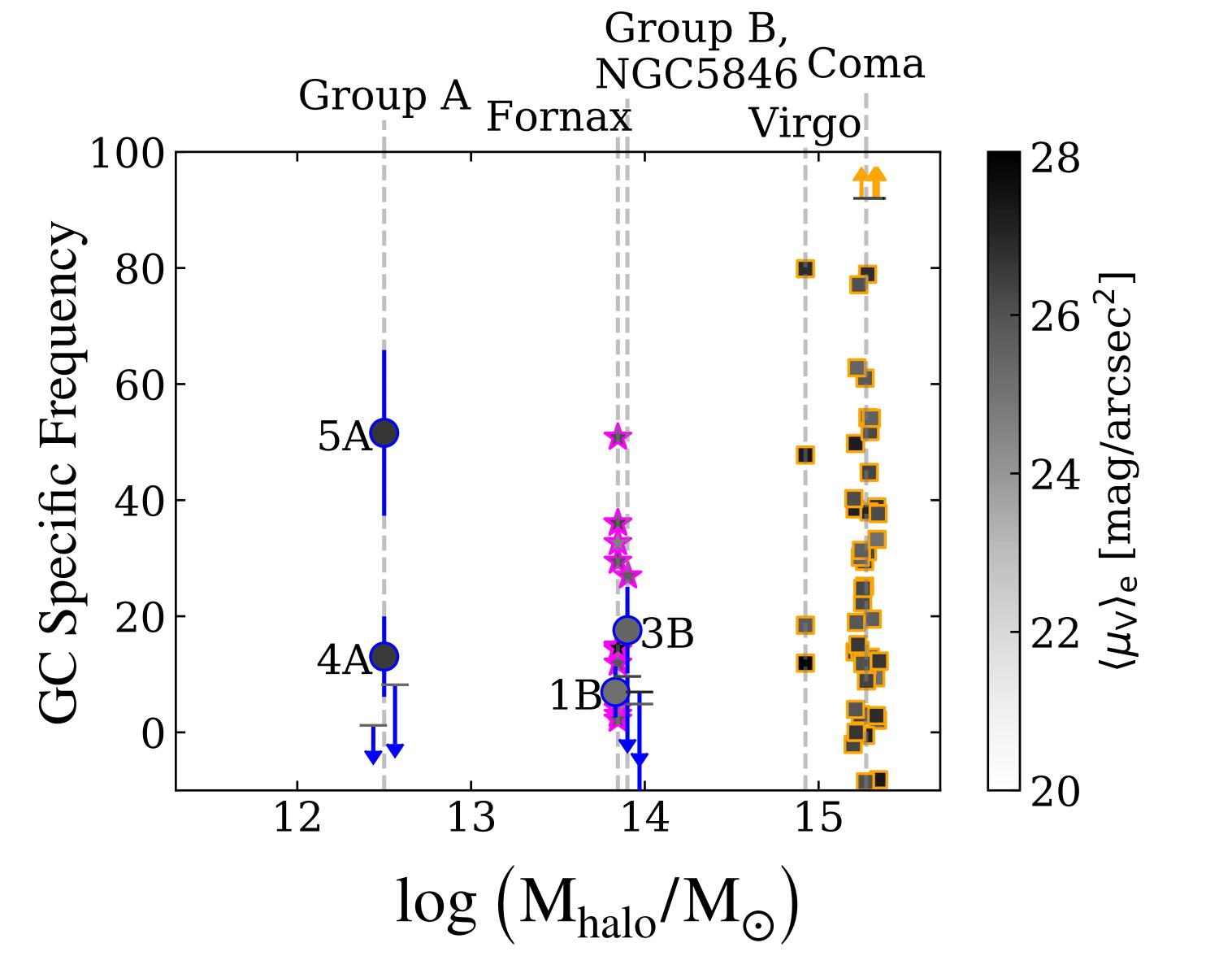


Somalwar, Greene, Greco et al. 2020

## UDGs in group environments & their **globular cluster** systems







## **More GCs**

## Less GCs

Somalwar, Greene, Greco et al. 2020



TM RTAINMENT

\*



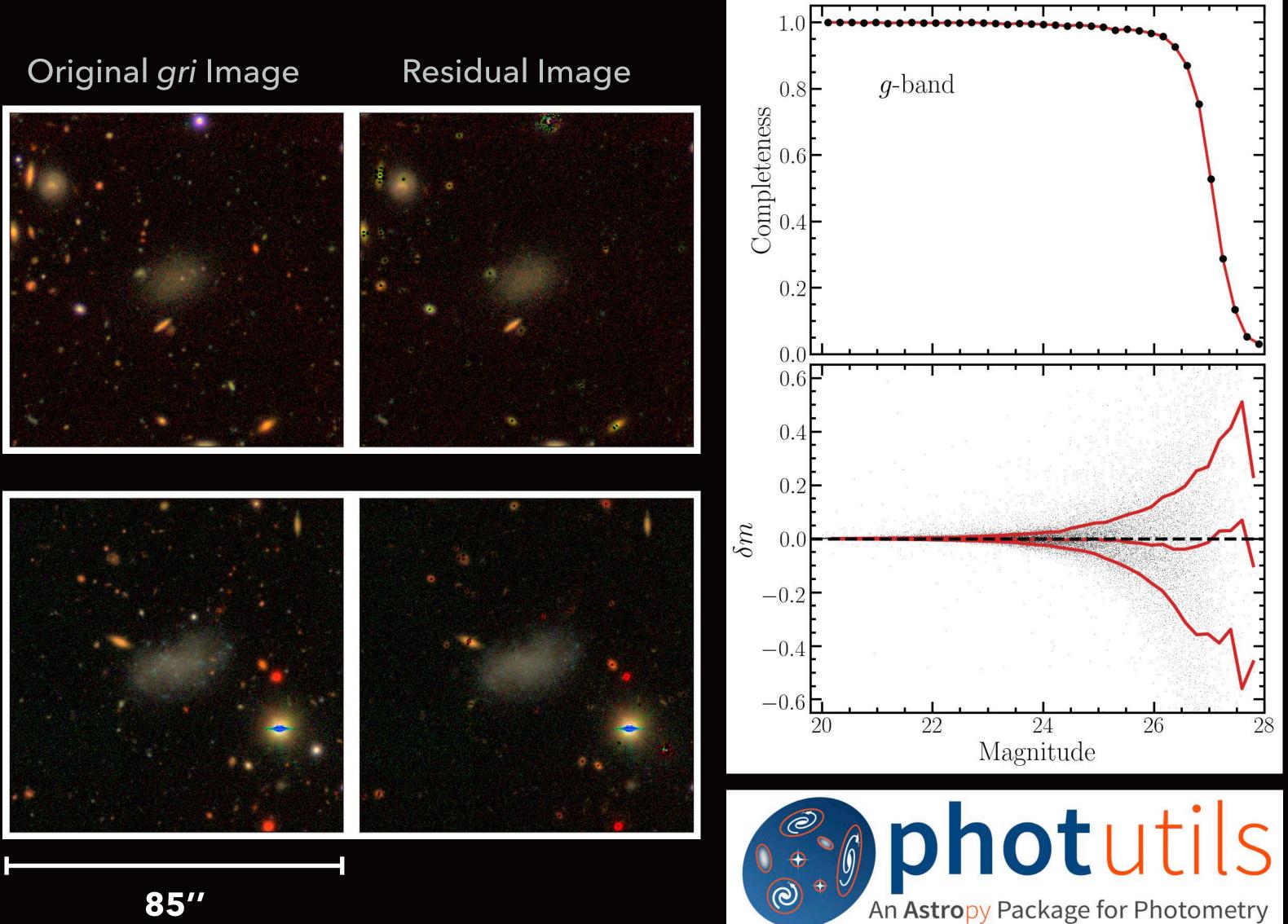
## Ground-Based GC Search in LSB Dwarfs

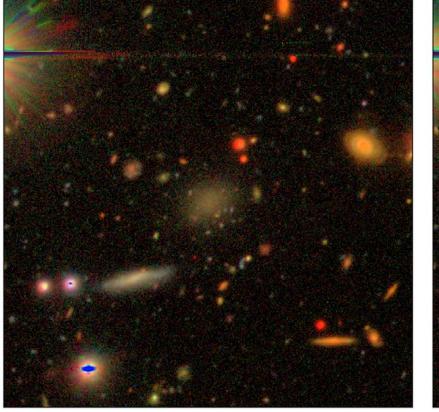
### Original gri Image

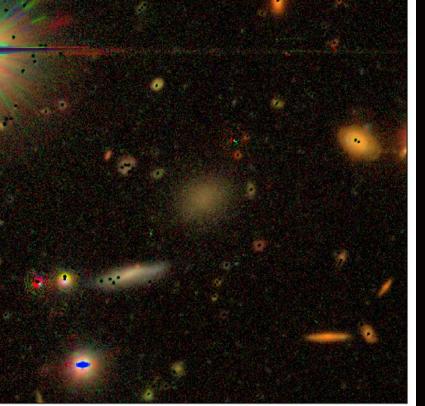
## **Residual Image**

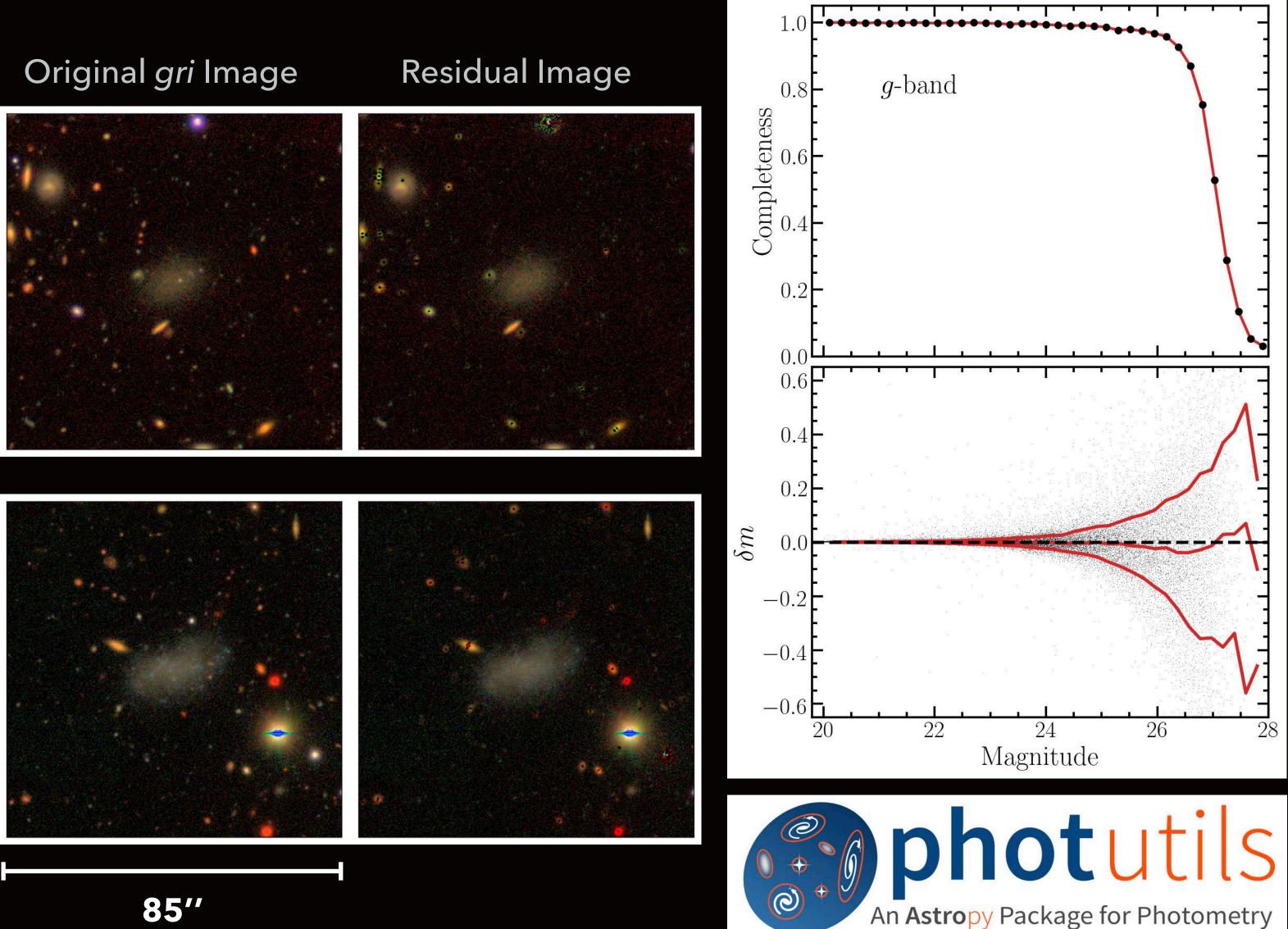


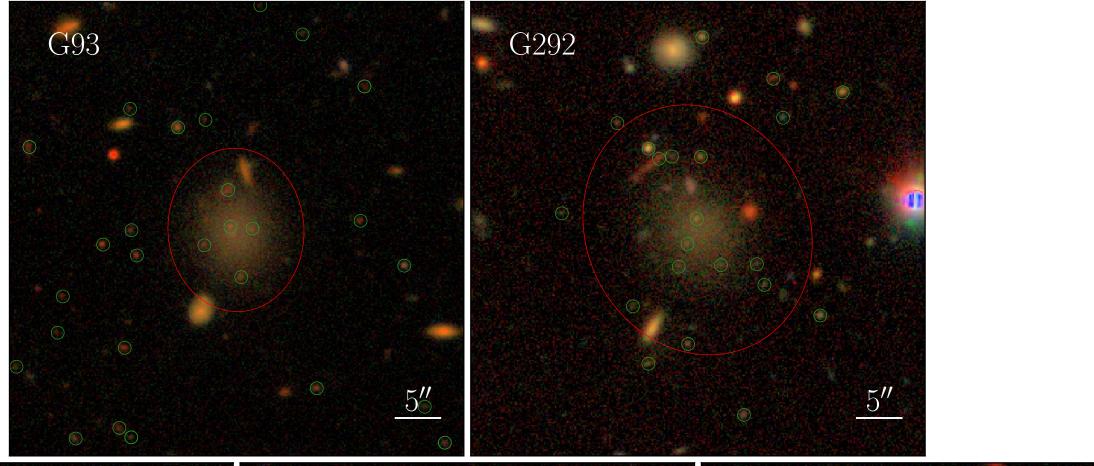


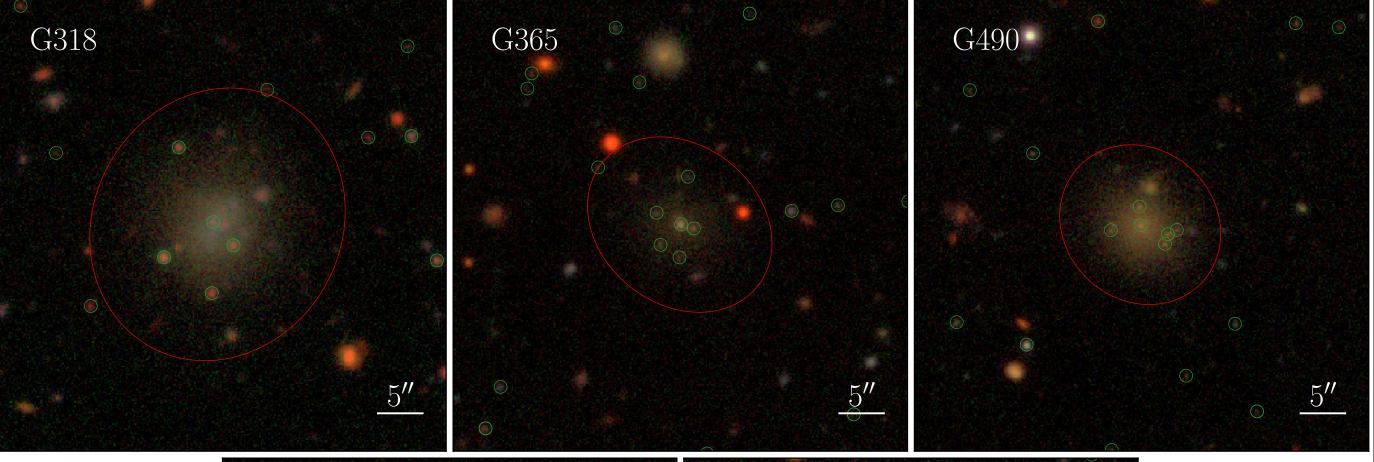


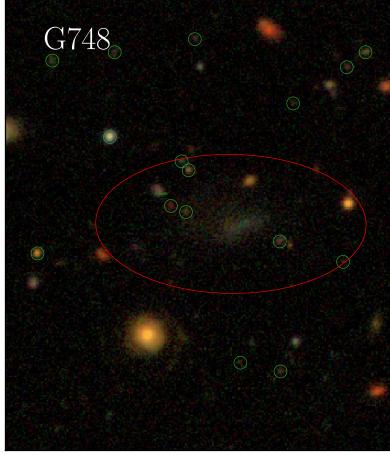


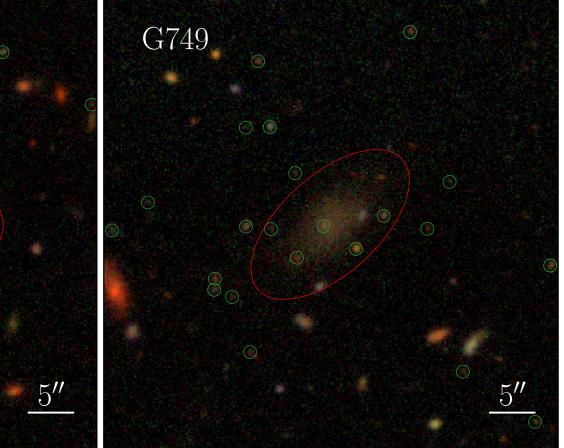








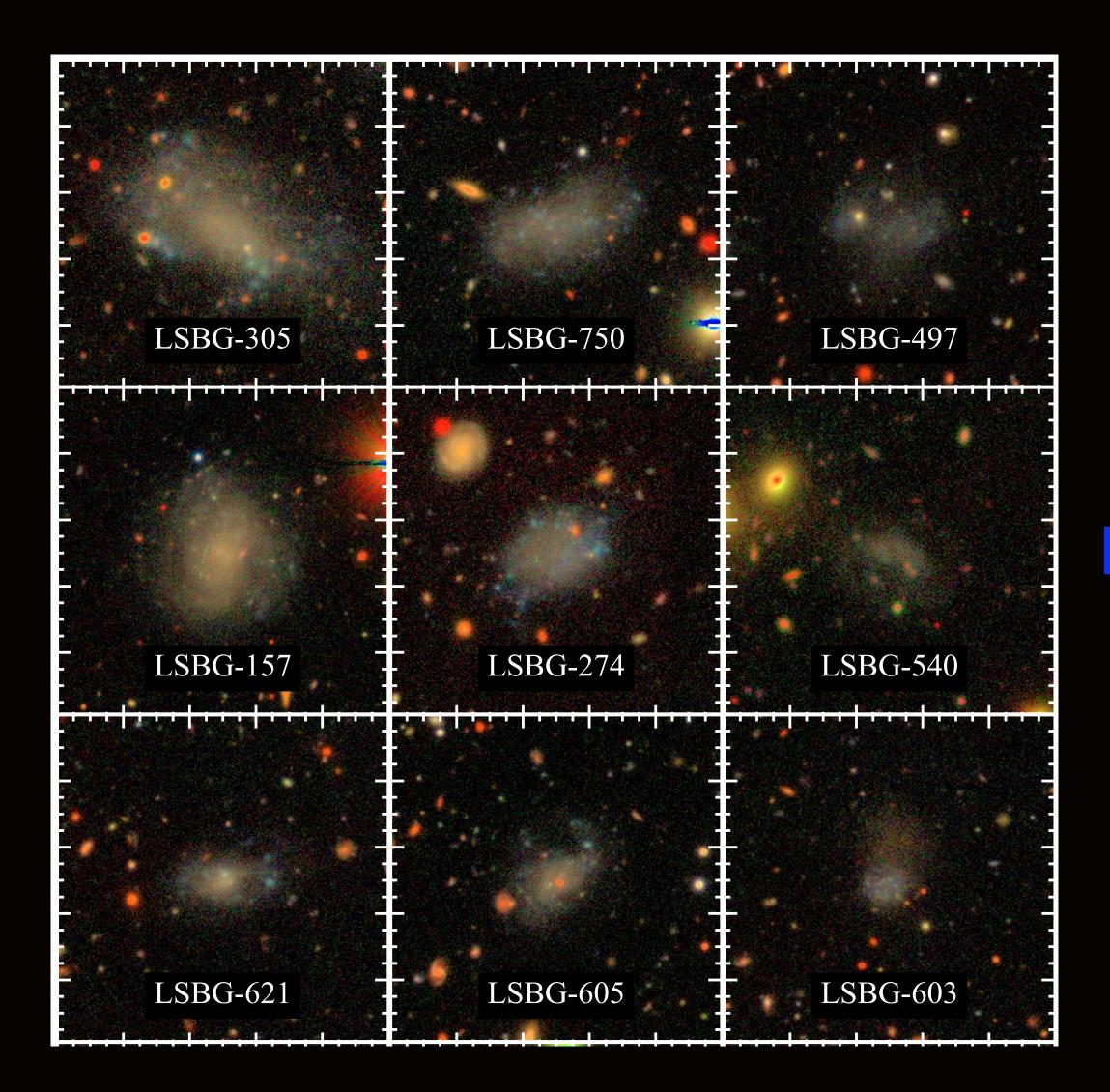


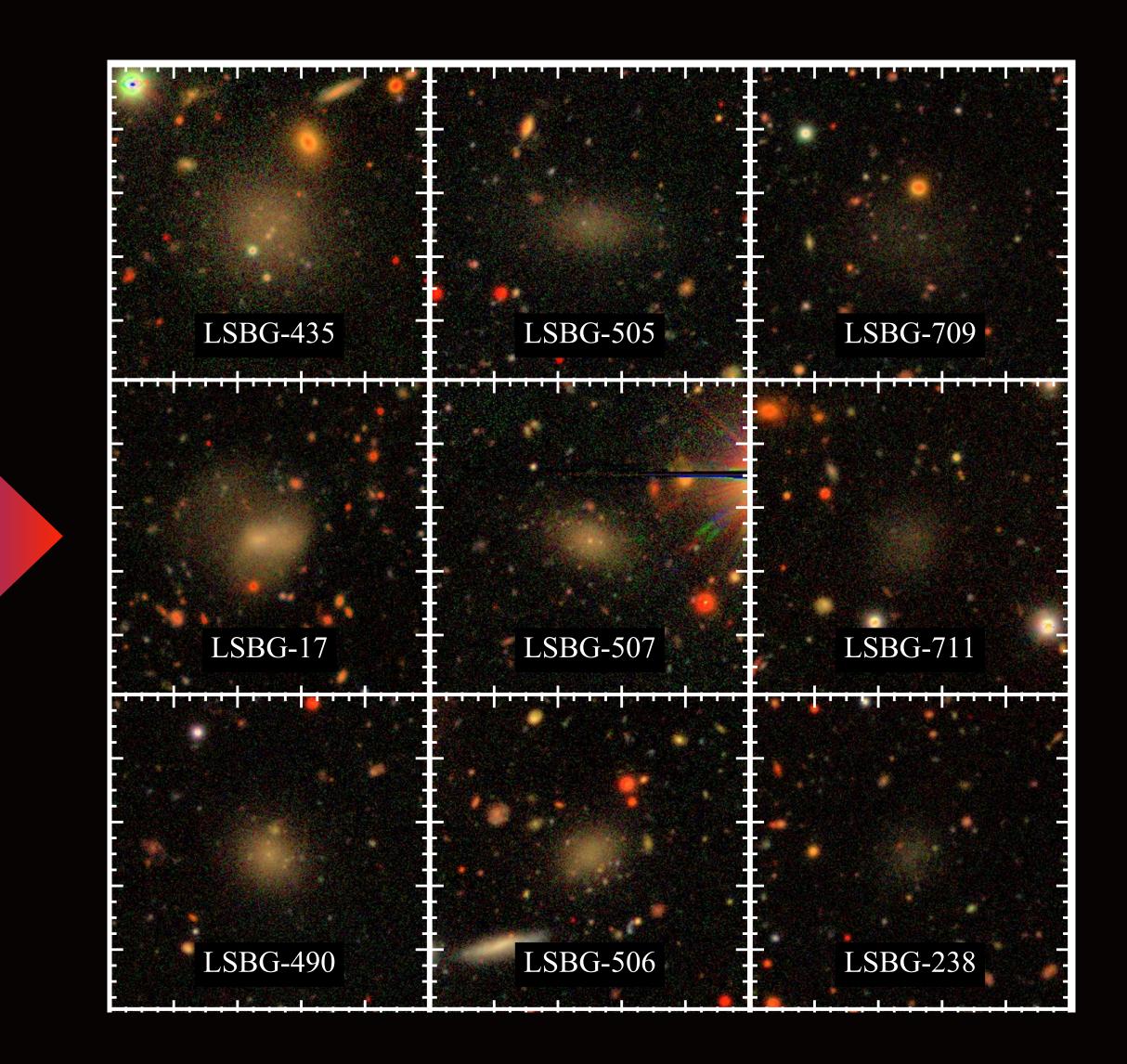


Somalwar, Greco et al. (in prep.)



## Ground-Based GC Search in LSB Dwarfs





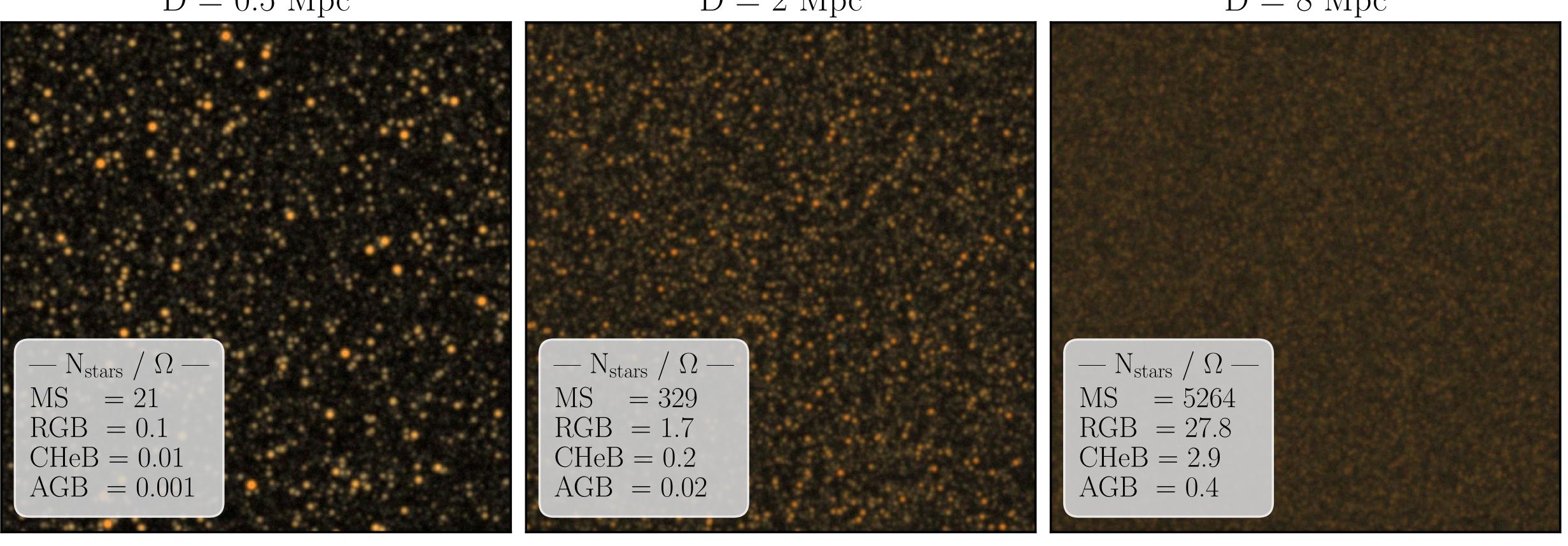
# #DistancesAre Hard

# Follow-up Spectroscopy

**Counting Globular Clusters** (GCs) **Charace Brightness Fluctuations (SBF)** 

## Surface Brightness Fluctuations (SBF)

D = 0.5 Mpc

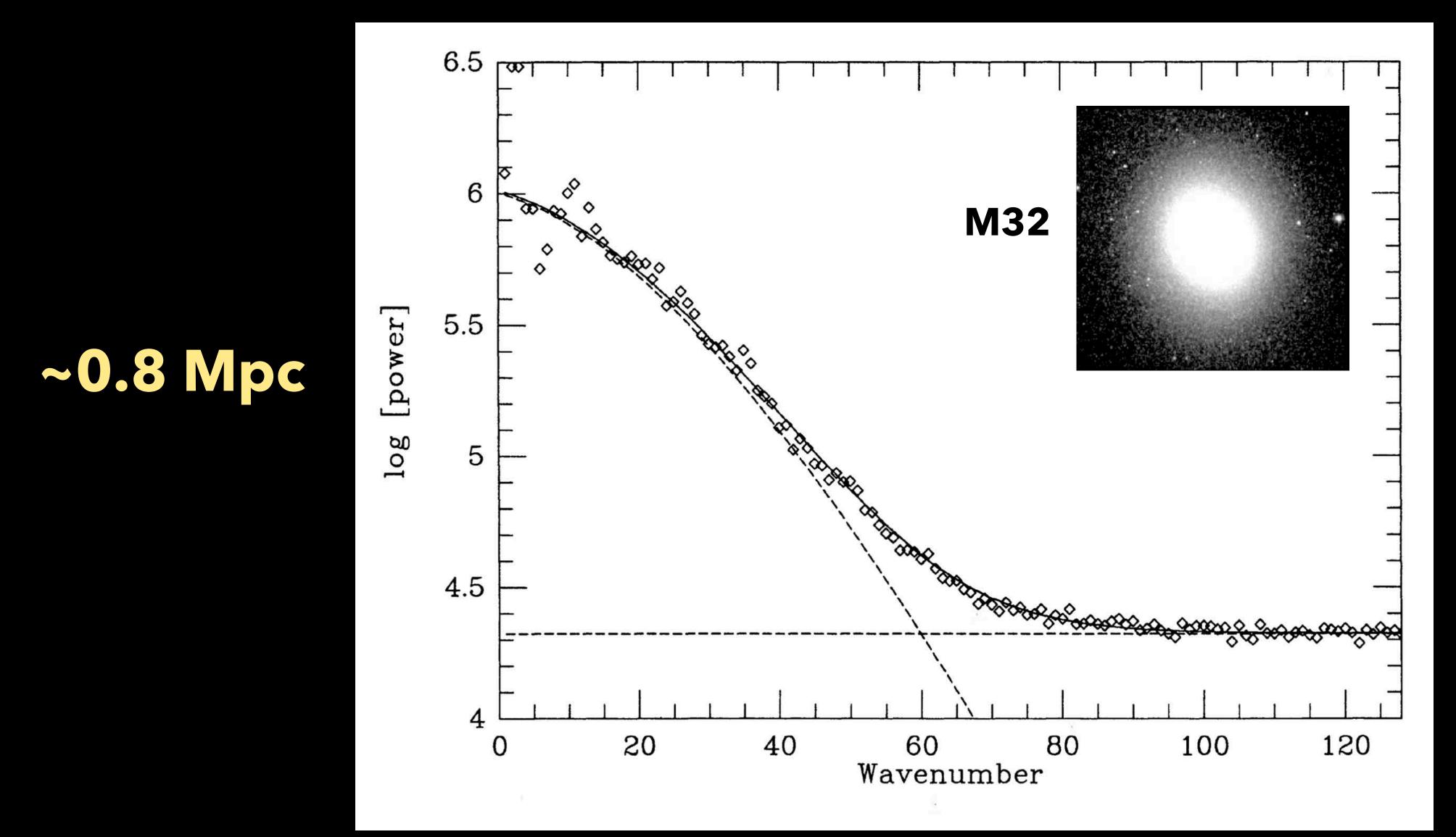


Mean *i*-band surface brightness =  $24 \text{ mag arcsec}^{-2}$  in all panels

## D = 2 Mpc

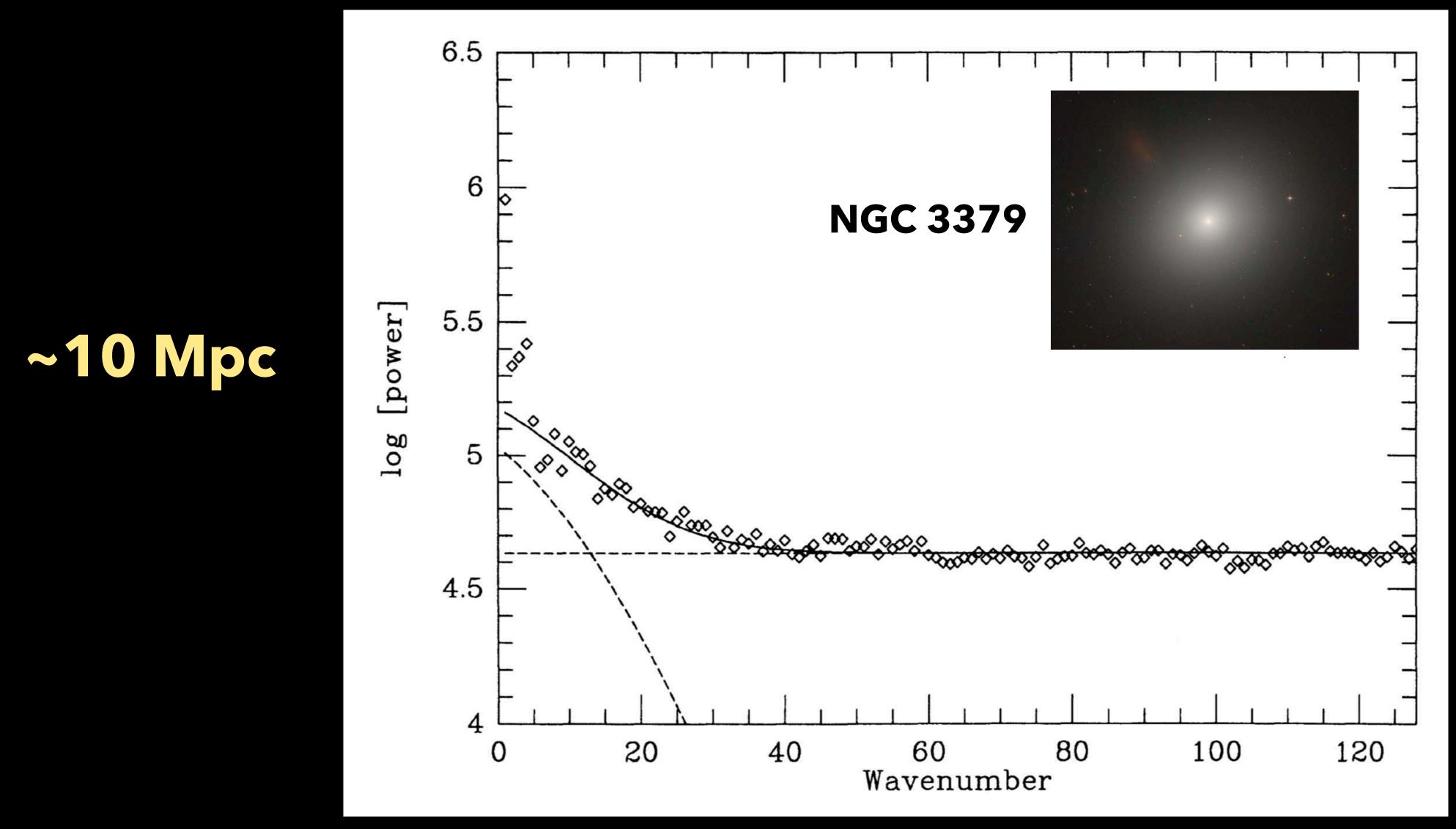


## Surface Brightness Fluctuations (SBF)



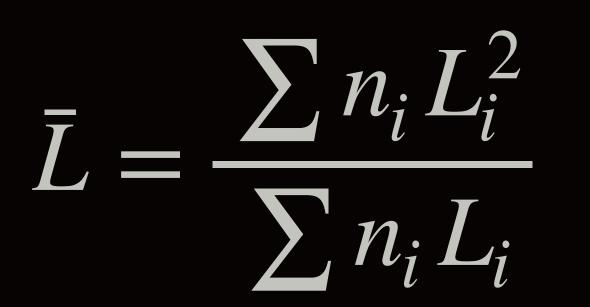
Tonry & Schneider 1988

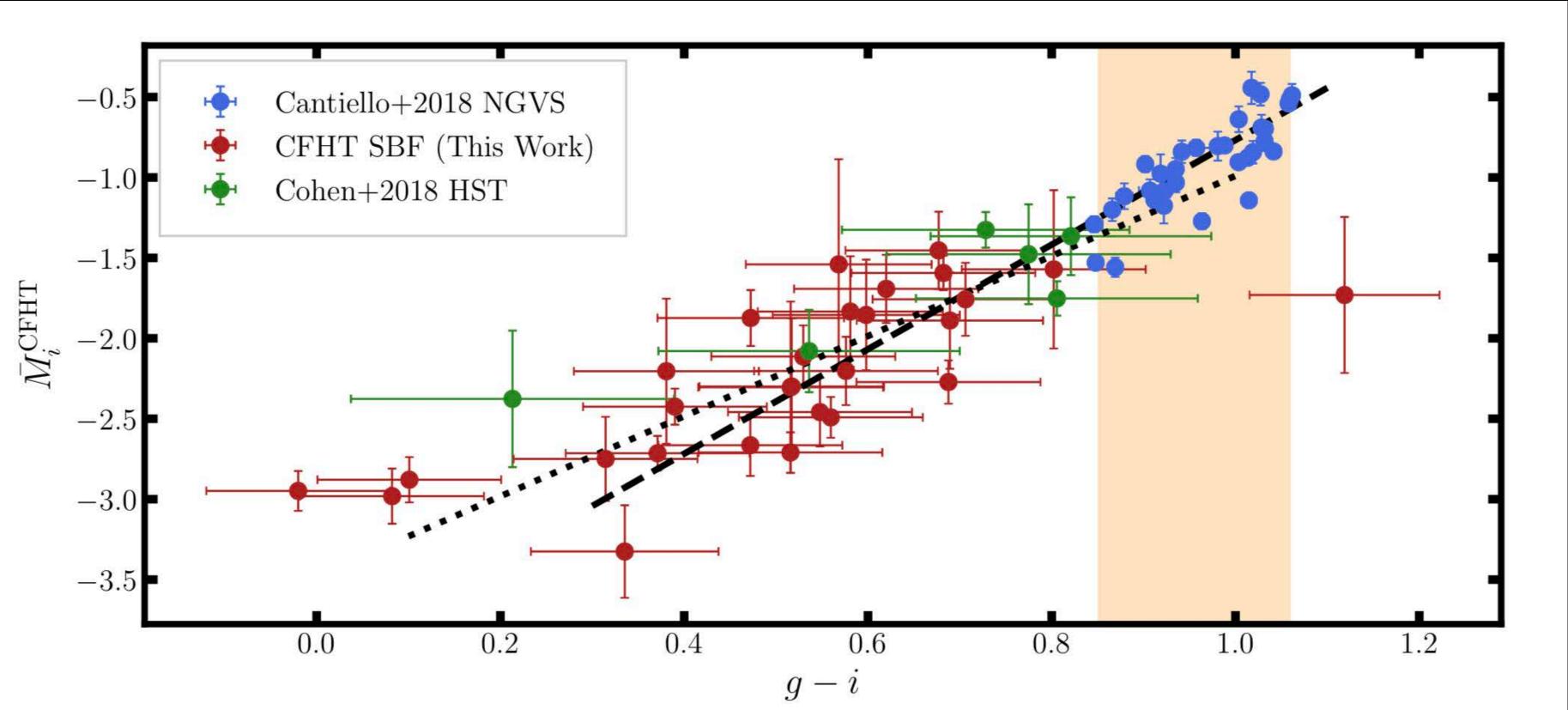
## Surface Brightness Fluctuations (SBF)



Tonry & Schneider 1988

# The Fluctuation-Color Relation **TRGB**-anchored SBF calibration for LSB dwarfs

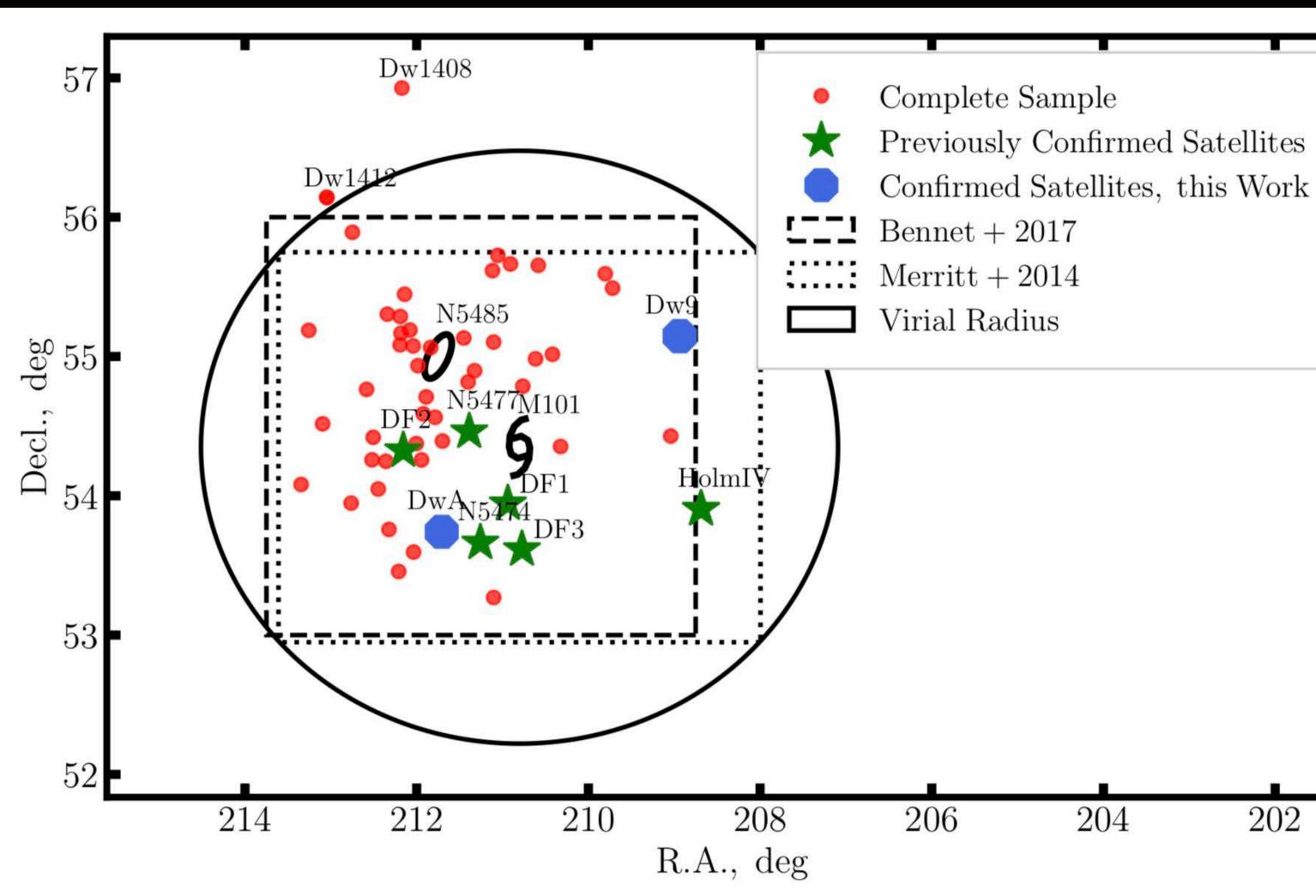




Carlsten, Beaton, Greco, & Greene 2019a

### Surface Brightness Fluctuations (SBF)

### Confirm satellites using imaging data alone



Carlsten, Beaton, Greco, & Greene 2019b



### 3 billion year old stellar population













### D = 0.5 Mpc = 1.6 million light years

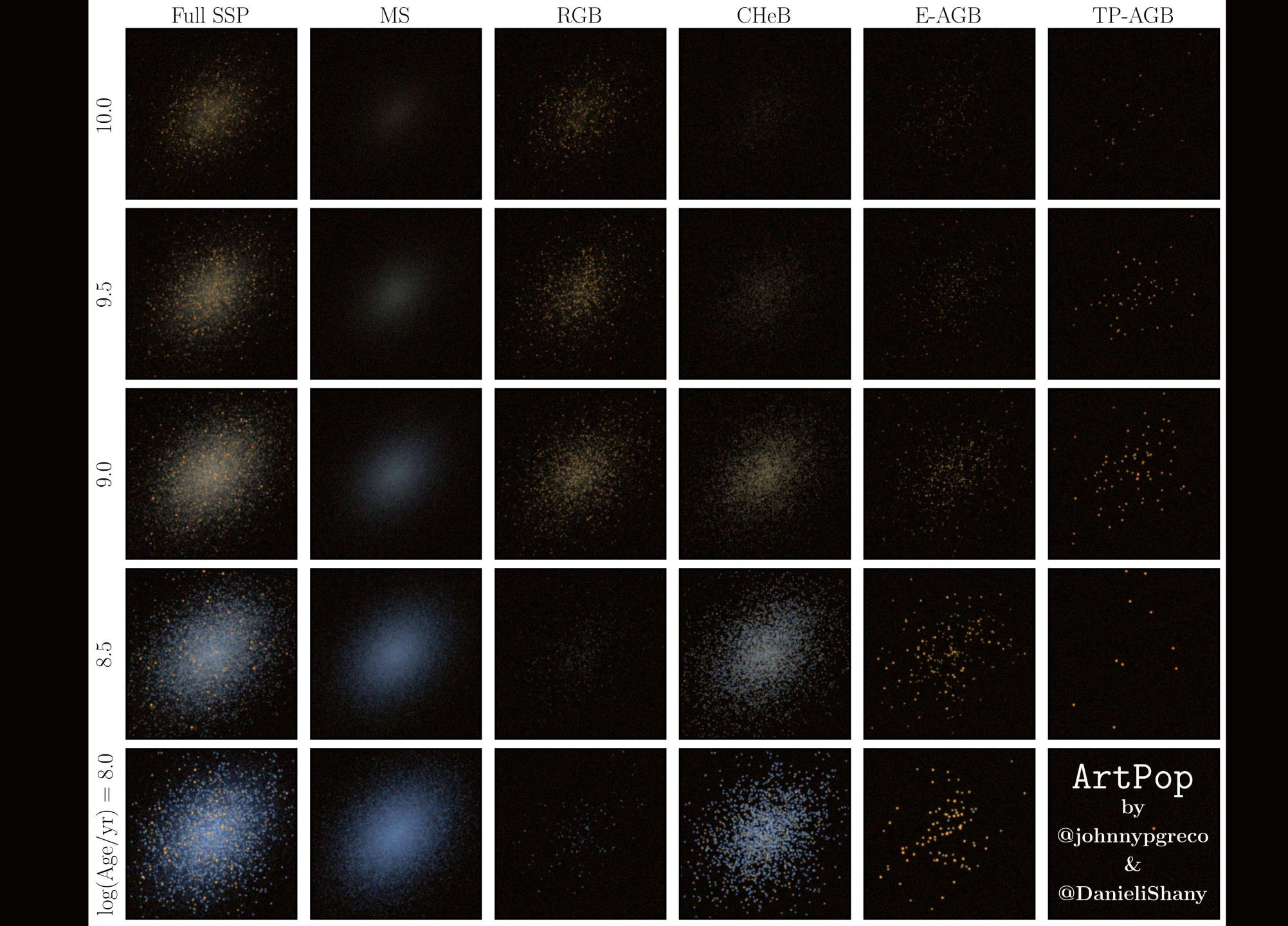




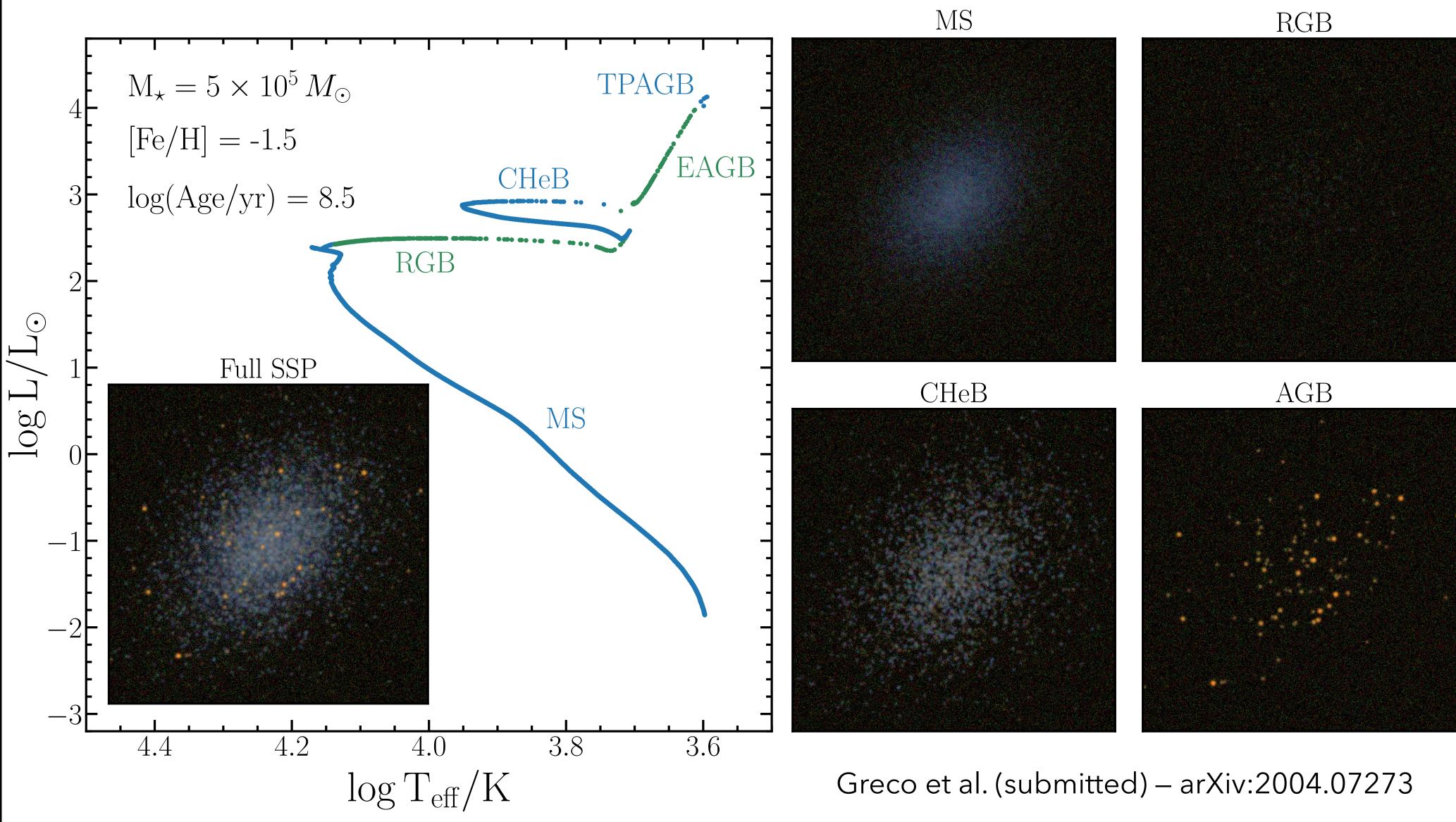




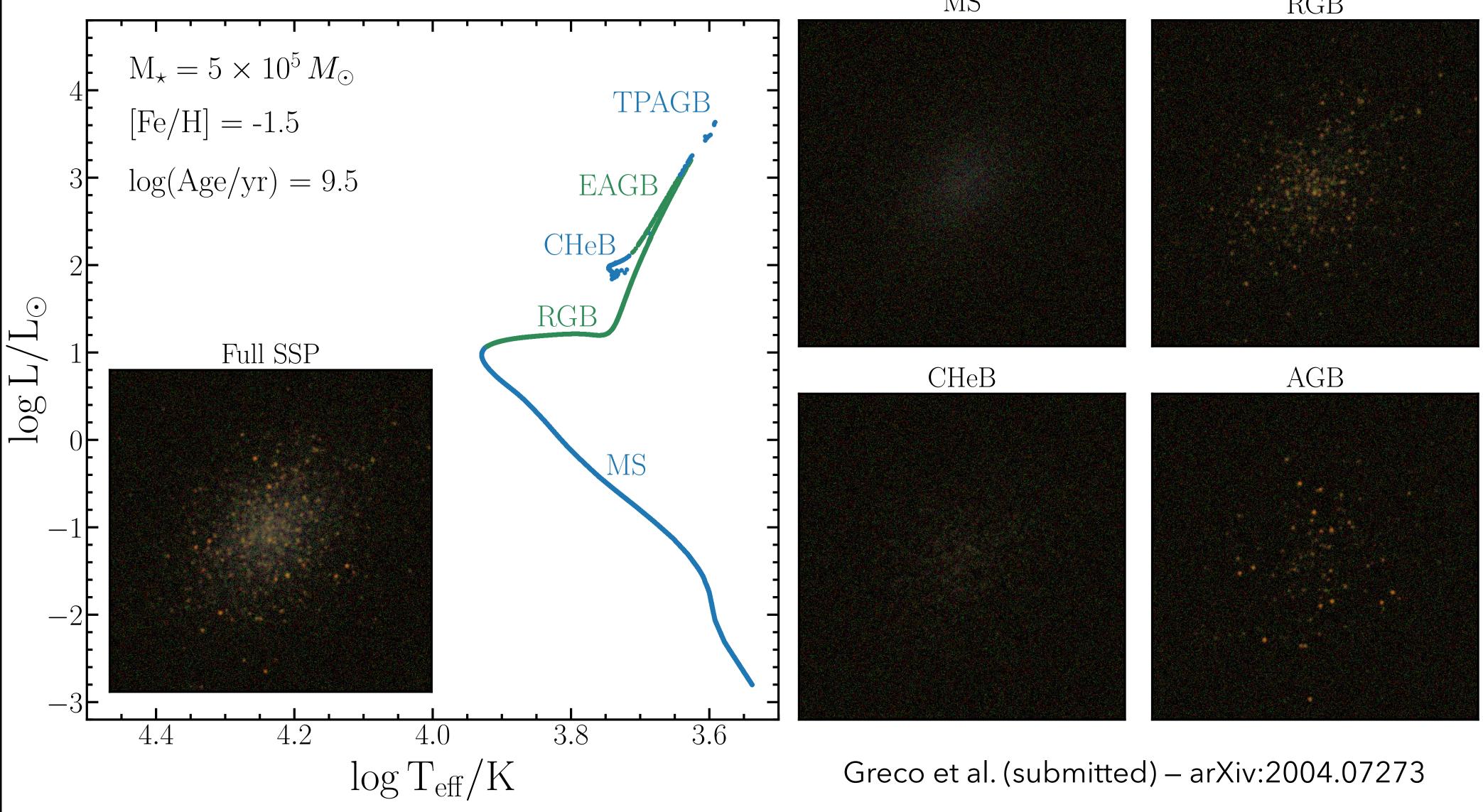
@johnnypgreco



# Where's the Fluctuation?



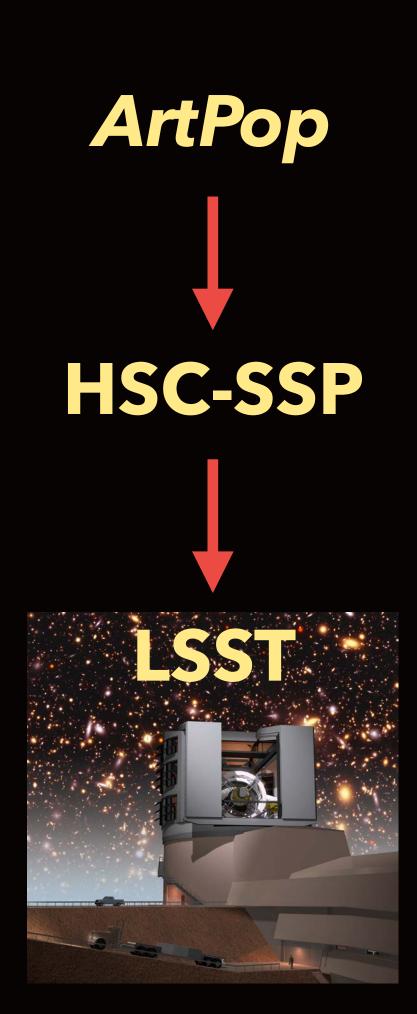
## Where's the Fluctuation?



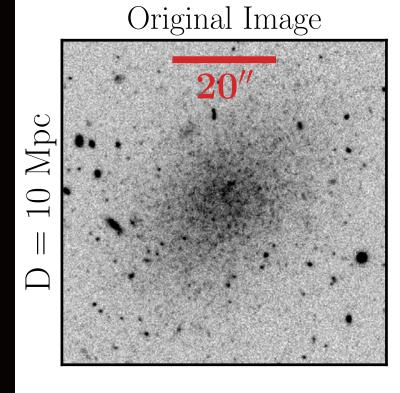
MS

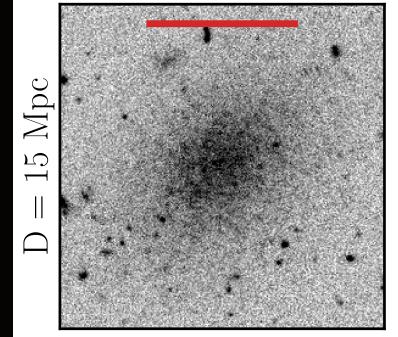
RGB

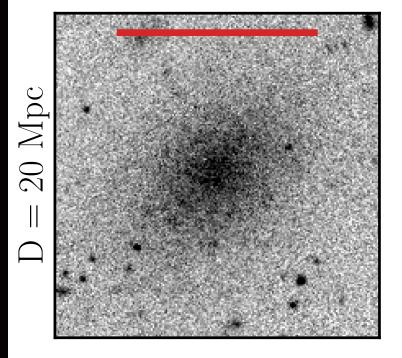
# The Future of Ground-Based SBF



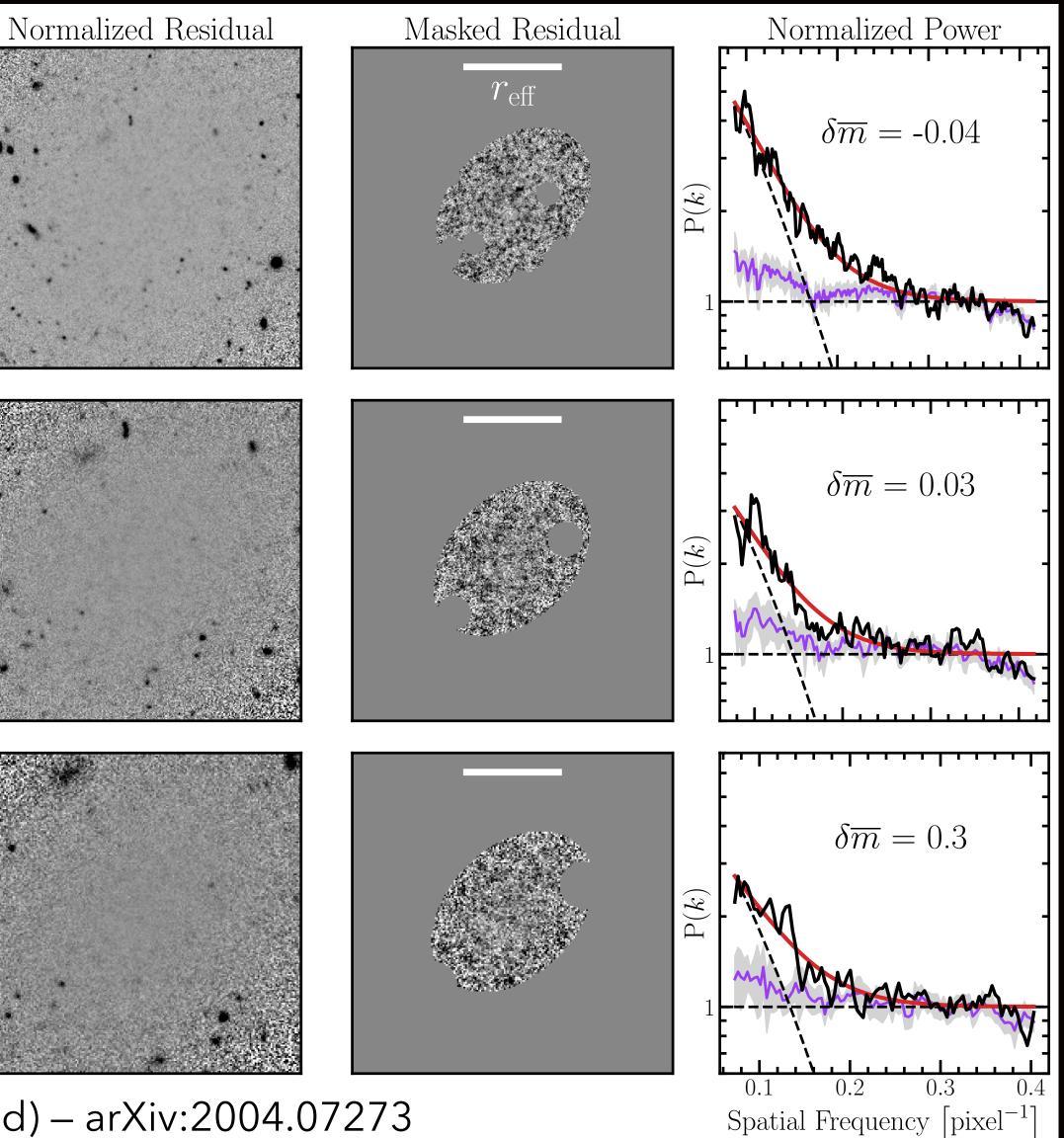
### Rubin Observatory



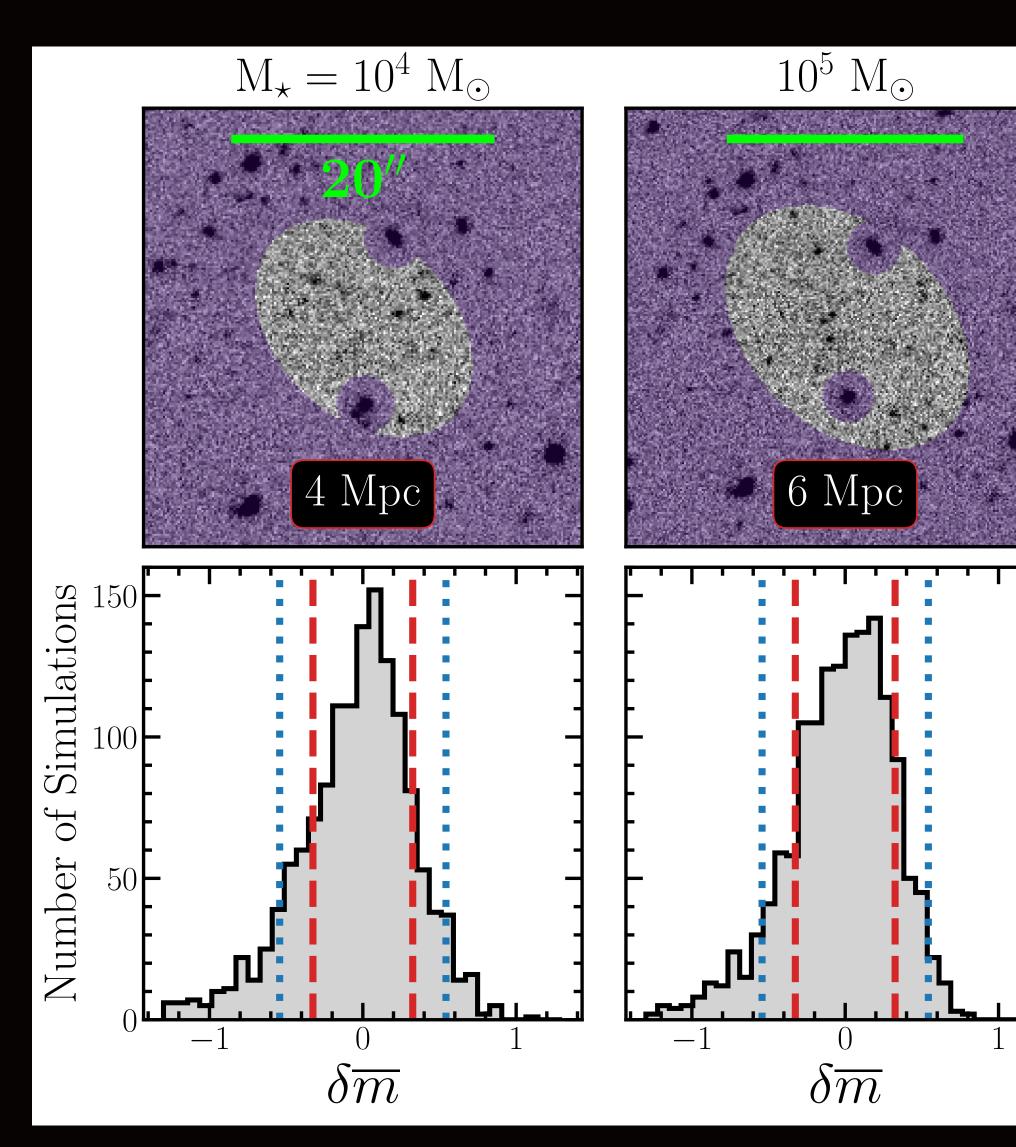




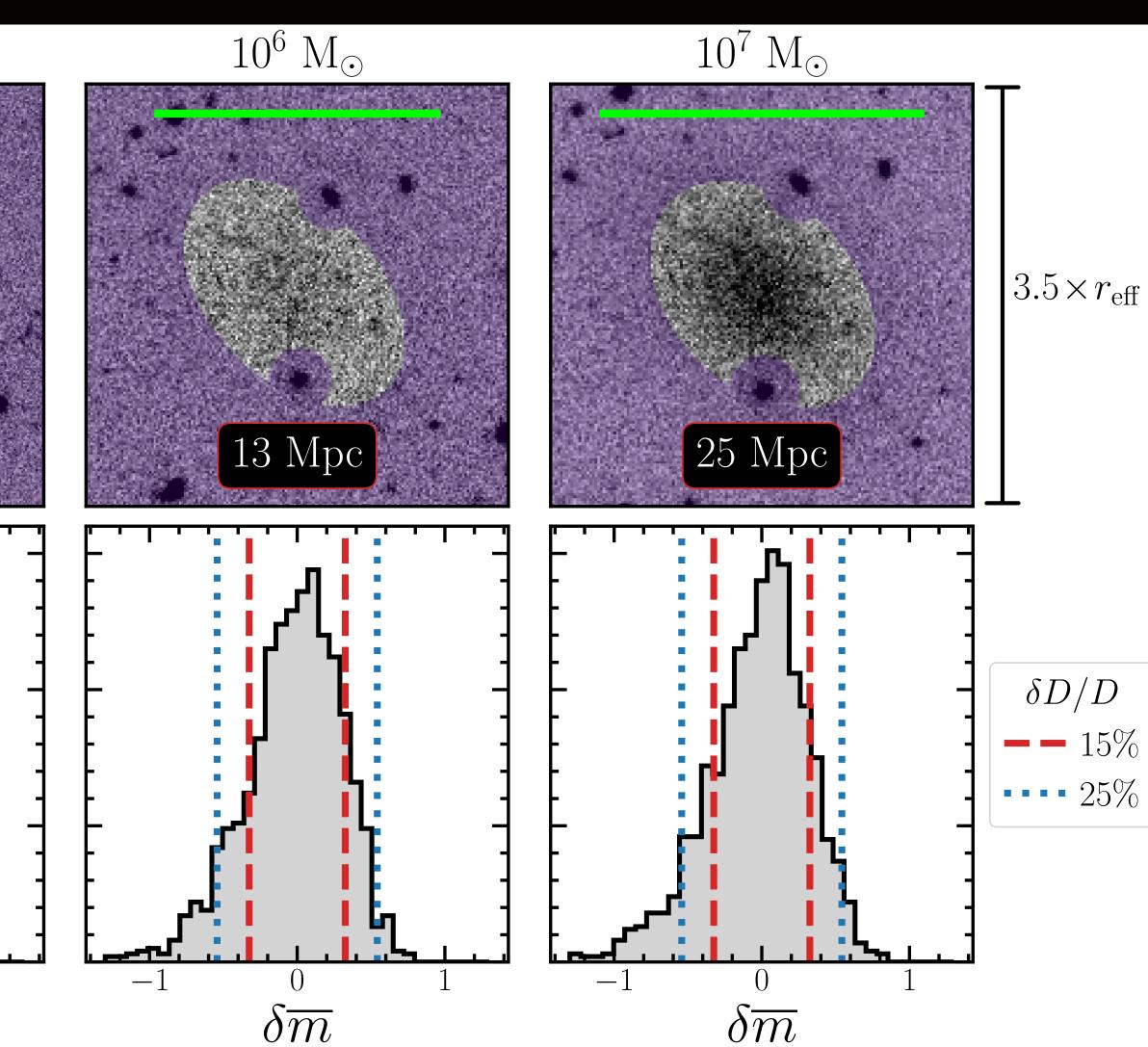
Greco et al. (submitted) – arXiv:2004.07273



# The Future of Ground-Based SBF



Greco et al. (submitted) – arXiv:2004.07273

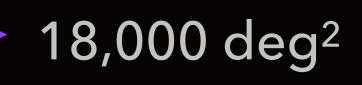




# The Future of Ground-Based SBF

### LSST's deep-wide-fast survey

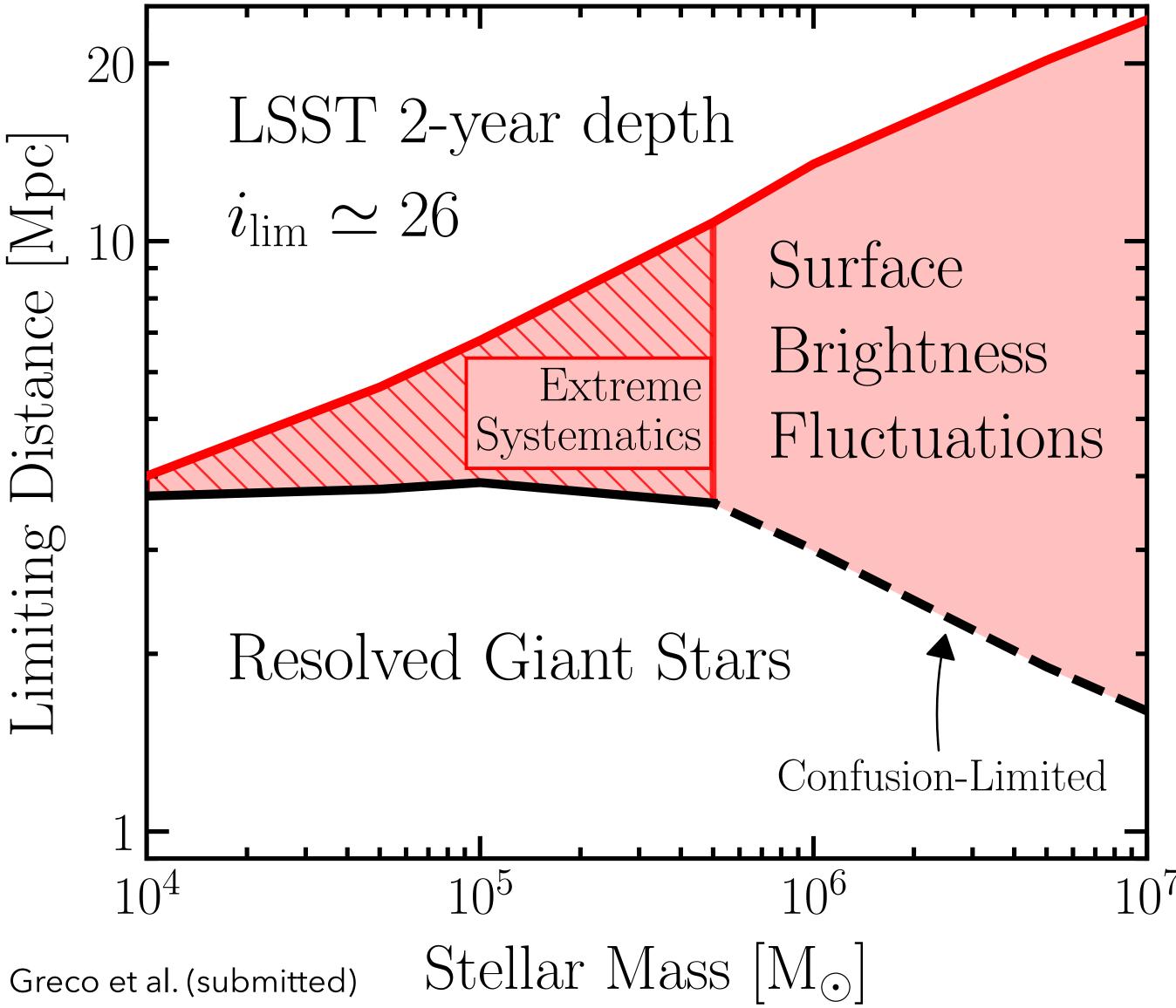






*seeing* ~ 0."7

20 Distance [Mpc] Limiting



#### **Dragonfly Team**



Roberto Abraham

Professor University of Toronto Dunlap Institute



Pieter van Dokkum Professor Yale University



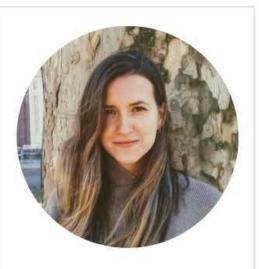
Allison Merritt Postdoctoral Researcher Max-Planck-Institut fur Astronomie



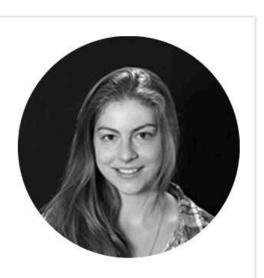
Jielai Zhang Postdoctoral Researcher Schmidt Science Fellow Oxford Universiity



Johnny Greco Postdoctoral Researcher Ohio State University



Shany Danieli Graduate Student Yale University



Deborah Lokhorst

Graduate Student University of Toronto Dunlap Institute



Charlie Conroy Professor Harvard University



University of Toronto Dunlap Institute



Yale University





### dragonflytelescope.org

# The Dragonfly Wide Field Survey

deg

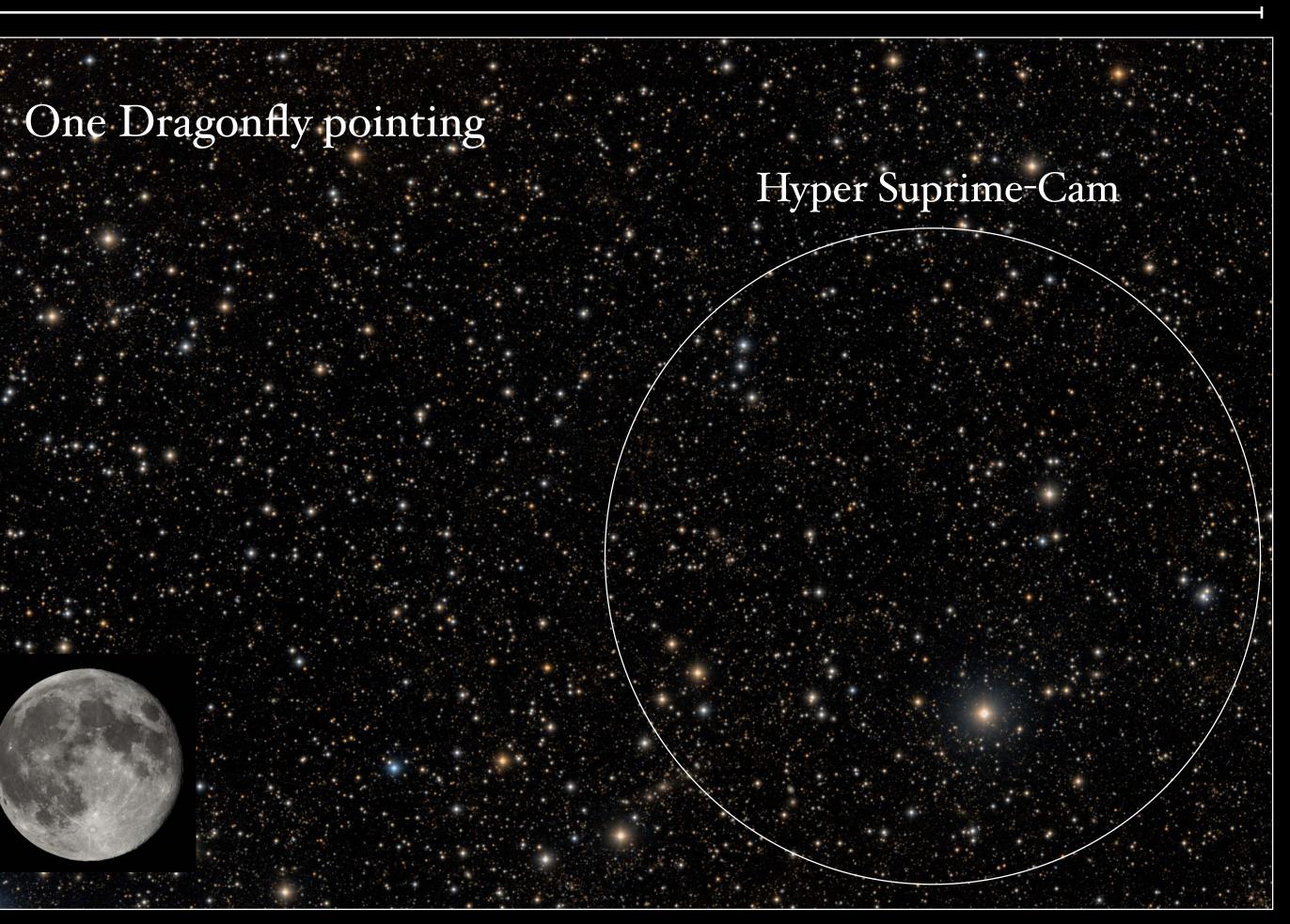
ろ

- 550 deg<sup>2</sup> with 8-10 hr of integration time per pointing
- Limiting surface brightness of  $\sim$ 31 mag/arcsec<sup>2</sup> (10"x10" scales)
- Shany Danieli's (IAS) thesis



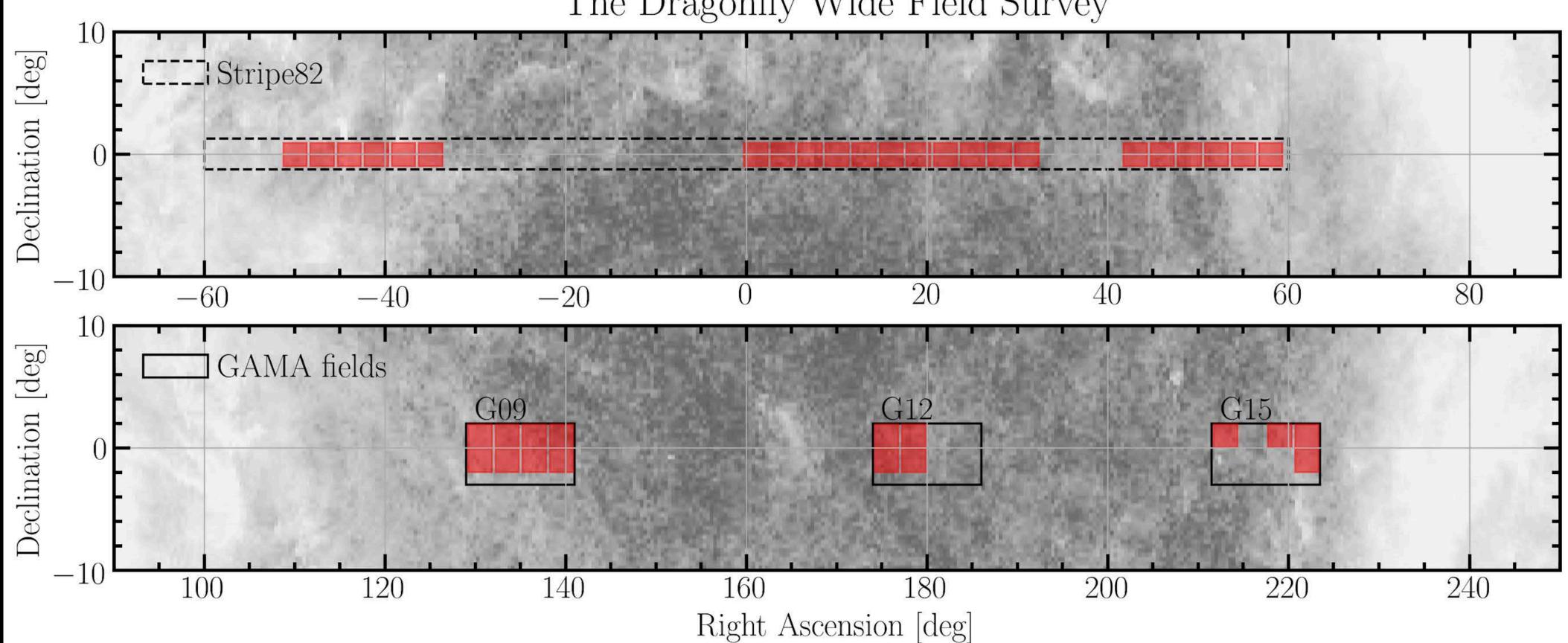


3 deg



Slide by Shany Danieli

# The Dragonfly Wide Field Survey



#### The Dragonfly Wide Field Survey

#### Danieli et al. 2019

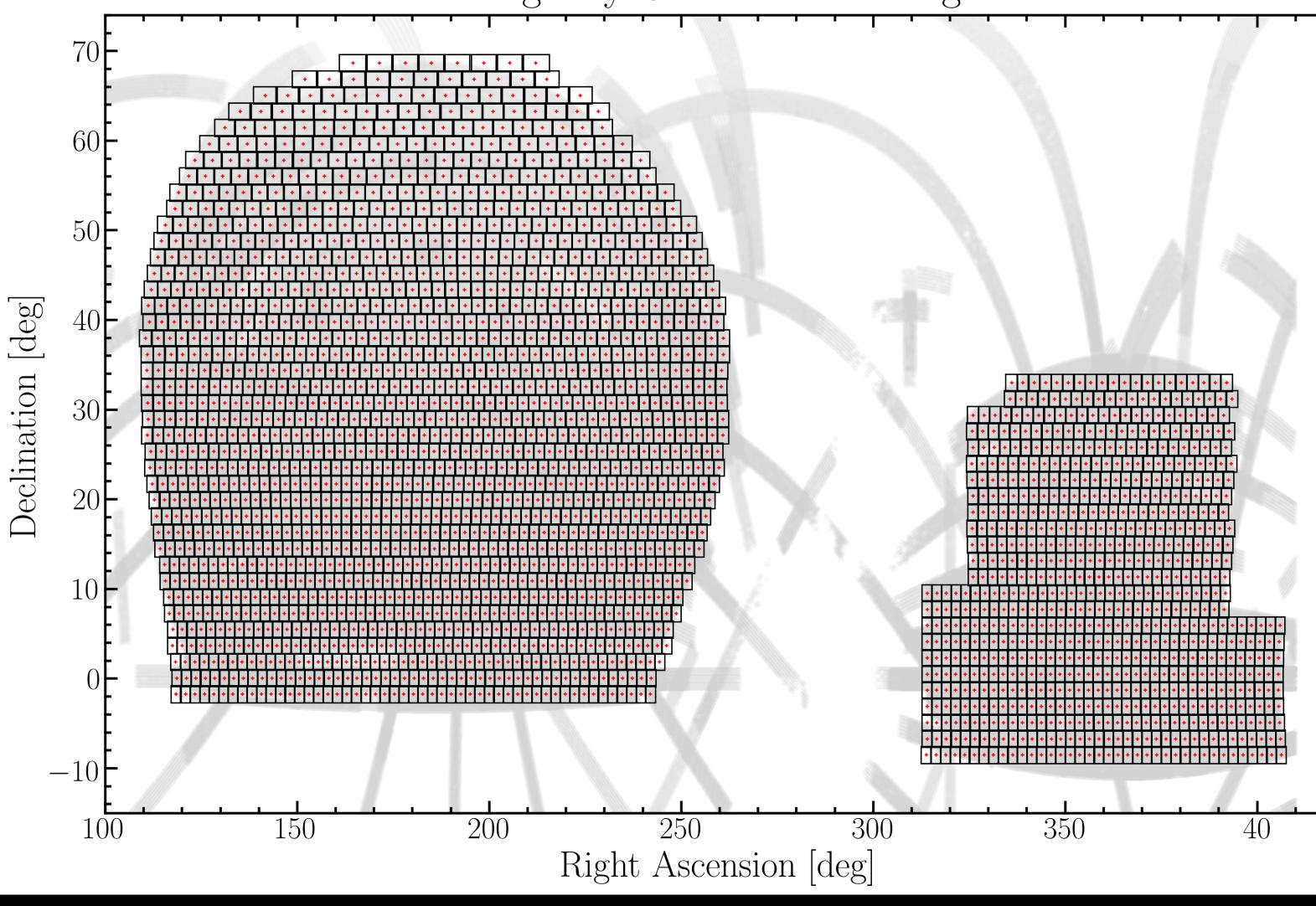




## The Dragonfly Ultra Wide Field Survey

### Will tile the **entire** SDSS footprint

Limiting SB ~28.5 mag/arcsec<sup>2</sup> (10"x10" scales)



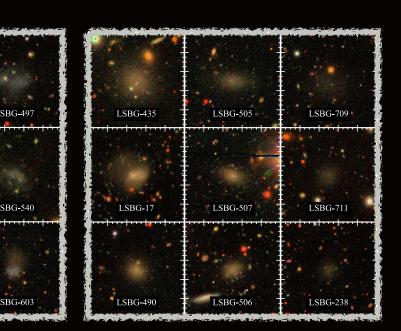
#### Dragonfly Ultrawide Pointings

Greco et al. (in prep.)

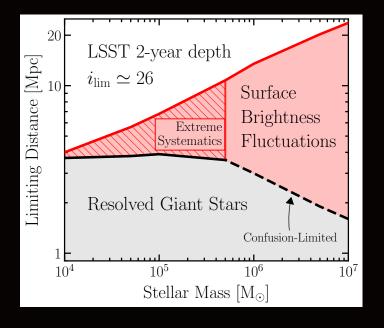


### We are entering a *new era* for LSB science!





# #DistancesAre Hard



### **Special thanks to my collaborators!**

Annika Peter (OSU), Pieter van Dokkum (Yale), Roberto Abraham (Toronto), Shany Danieli (IAS), Paul Martini (OSU), Jenny Greene (Princeton), Rachael Beaton (Princeton), Scott Carlsten (Princeton), Andy Goulding (Princeton), Song Huang (UCSC), Erin Kado-Fong (Princeton), Team Dragonfly, and The HSC-SSP

**SBFs** will play an essential role in confirming & studying dwarf galaxies in the LSST era.