# Gauge theories on geometric spaces

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Kavli IPMU Colloquium

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# Origins from Physics

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 $\begin{array}{c} {\sf Electrodynamics} \\ {\sf G=U(1)} \\ {\sf Maxwell~1864/~Weyl~1918} \end{array}$ 

Weak/Strong force G=SU(2)/SU(3) Yang and Mills 1954



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- A(E) space of connections
- G(E) group of gauge transformations



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- $\dagger$  Non-abelian Hodge-theory
- † Mirror symmetry and geo Langlands program

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- $\dagger$  Infinitely many smooth strs on  $\mathbb{R}^4$  !





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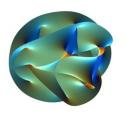
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- G2 manifolds
- Spin(7) manifolds

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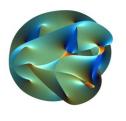


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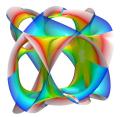
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Calabi-Yau manifold



Joyce first constructed examples of *G*2 and *Spin*(7) manifolds



Joyce manifold

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For (1), analysis too difficult! Need alge geo for help



Note that

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As we use alge geo method, so can start w/ moduli of sheaves (no bdl inside), which leads to more interesting applications



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The problem of counting solid partitions is a very difficult question. In a joint work with M. Kool, we use counting inv of ideal sheaves of pts on  $\mathbb{C}^4$  to give a conjectural formula for counting weighted solid partitions.

#### THE END

Thank you for your attention!