

# Symmetric WIMP dark matter and Baryogenesis

To appear soon...

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# Facts

- Baryon Asymmetry of the Universe (BAU)

$$Y_B \equiv n_B / s \simeq 8.5 \times 10^{-11}$$

- Baryonic matter abundance

$$\Omega_B h^2 = 0.02260 \pm 0.00053$$

- Dark matter (DM) abundance

$$\Omega_{DM} h^2 = 0.1123 \pm 0.0035$$

- $\Omega_{DM} / \Omega_B \sim 5 \Rightarrow$  common origin?

# Asymmetric Dark Matter

hep-ph/0410114, hep-ph/0510079, arXiv: 0807.4313, arXiv: 0901.4117, arXiv: 0909.2035, arXiv: 0909.5499, arXiv: 0911.4463, arXiv: 1005.1655, arXiv: 1008.1997, arXiv: 1008.2399, arXiv: 1008.2487, arXiv: 1009.0983, arXiv: 1009.2690, arXiv: 1009.3159, arXiv: 1011.1286, arXiv: 1012.1341, arXiv: 1101.4936, arXiv: 1104.1429, arXiv: 1104.5548, arXiv: 1106.4319, arXiv: 1106.4320, arXiv: 1106.4834, arXiv: 1108.3967, arXiv: 1201.2699, arXiv: 1202.0283, arXiv: 1203.1247, arXiv: 1204.5752, arXiv: 1205.0673, arXiv: 1205.2844 ...

- Relate the asymmetries in the dark and visible sectors
- Non-trivial structure of dark sector

# Are there attempts to make a connection between symmetric DM and BAU?

- Baryomorphosis [McDonald, 1009.3227](#) and [1108.4653](#)
- Dark Matter Assimilation  
[D'Eramo, Fei, Thaler, 1111.5615](#)
- WIMPy Baryogenesis  
[Cui, Randall, Shuve, 1112.2704](#)

# A WIMPy baryogenesis miracle

Cui, Randall, Shuve, 1112.2704

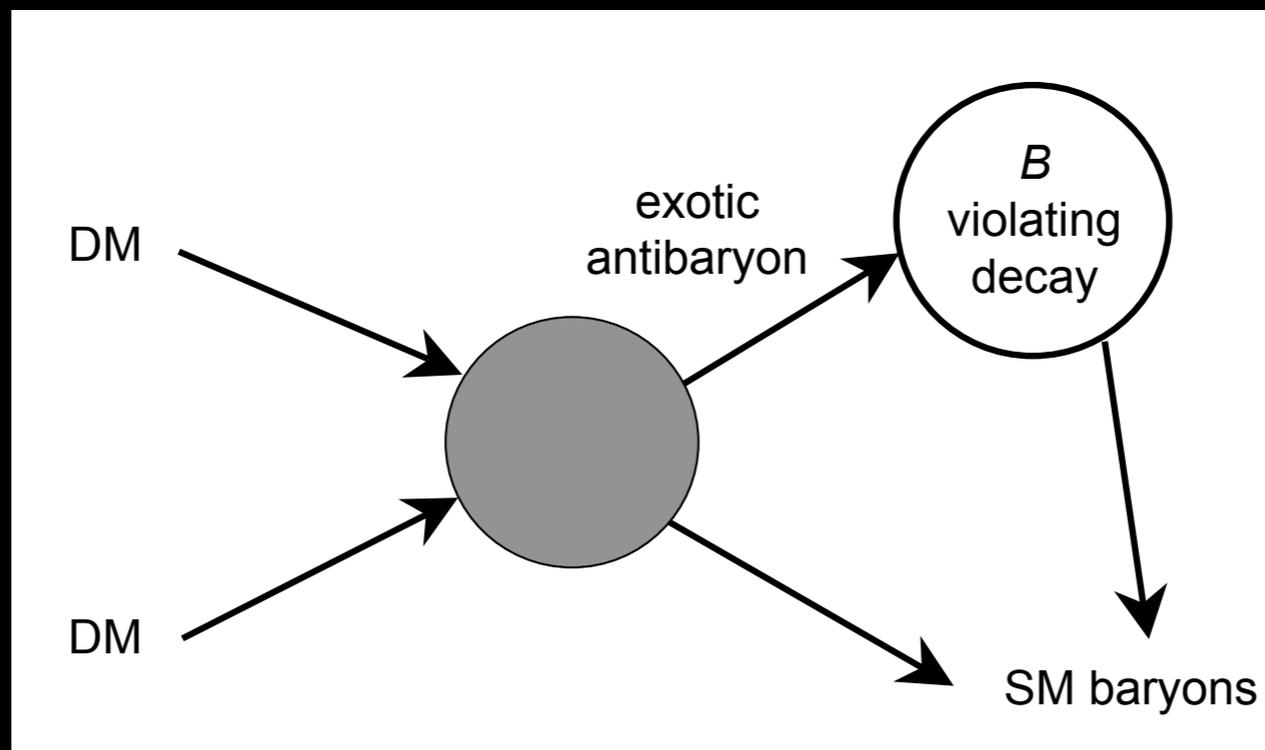
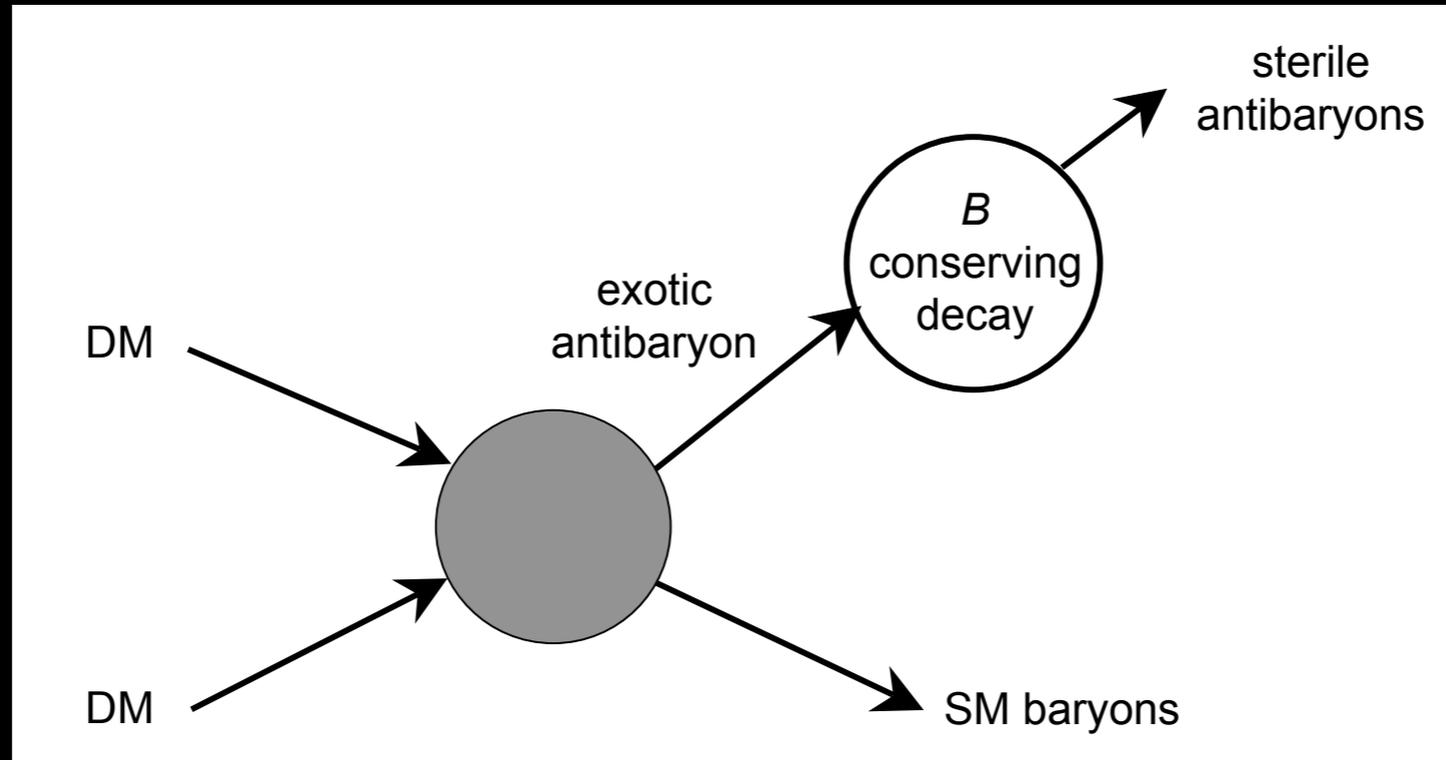
# Two miracles in one framework!

## 1. WIMP miracle

weak-scale DM, thermal relic abundance

## 2. WIMPy baryogenesis miracle

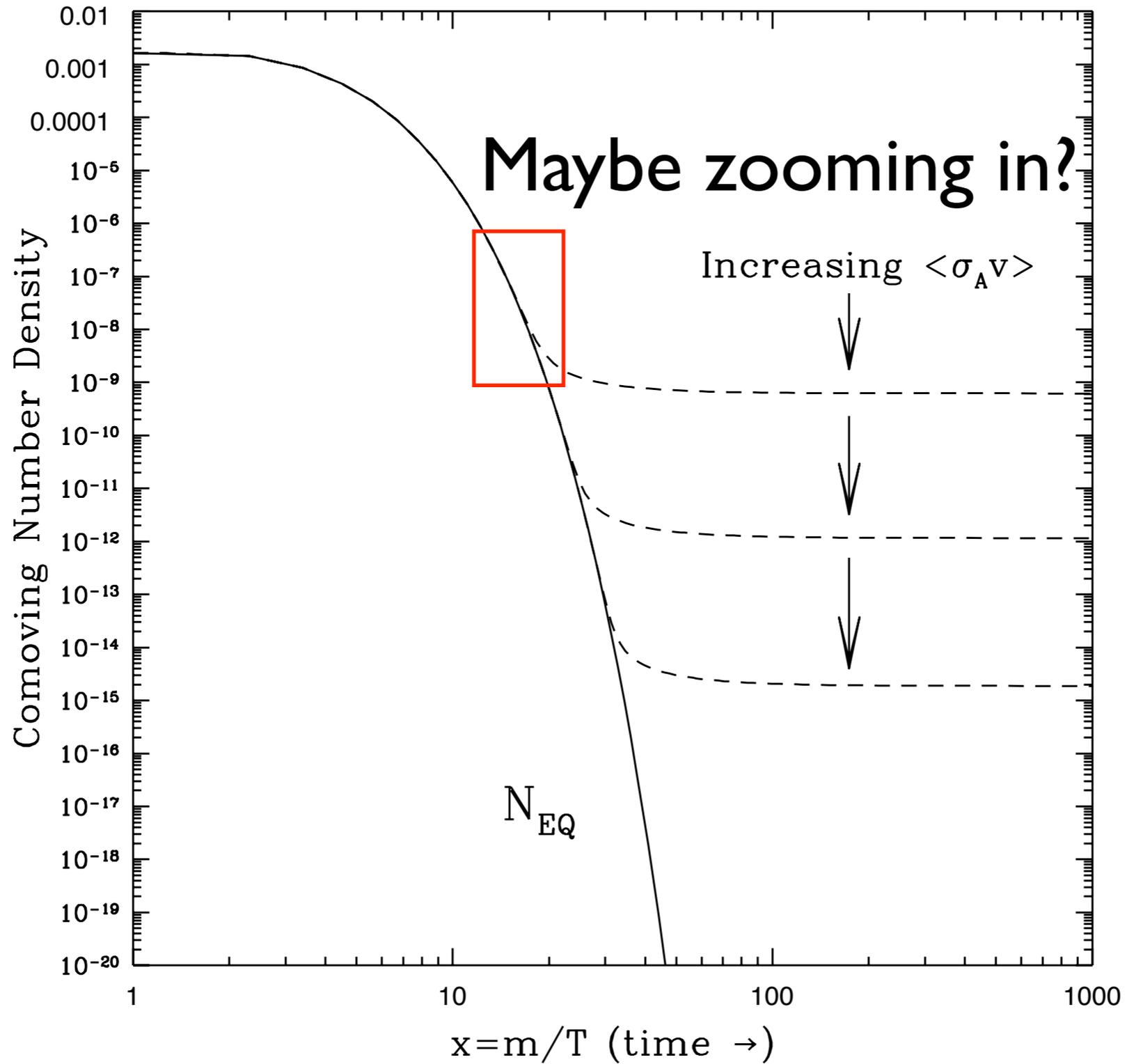
DM annihilation generates the baryon asymmetry



# Sakharov conditions

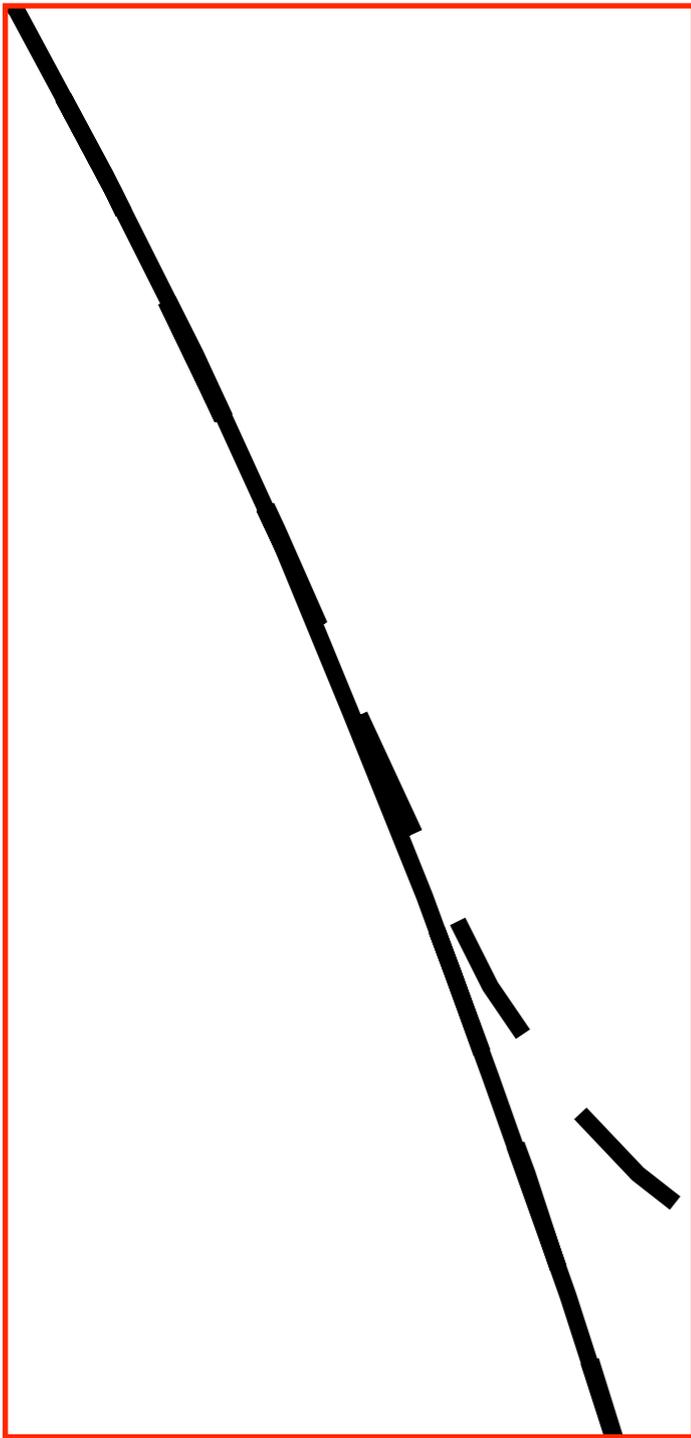
- ✓ 1. B-number violation
- ✓ 2. CP violation
3. Out of thermal equilibrium

# Departure from thermal equilibrium?



# Don't be fooled!!

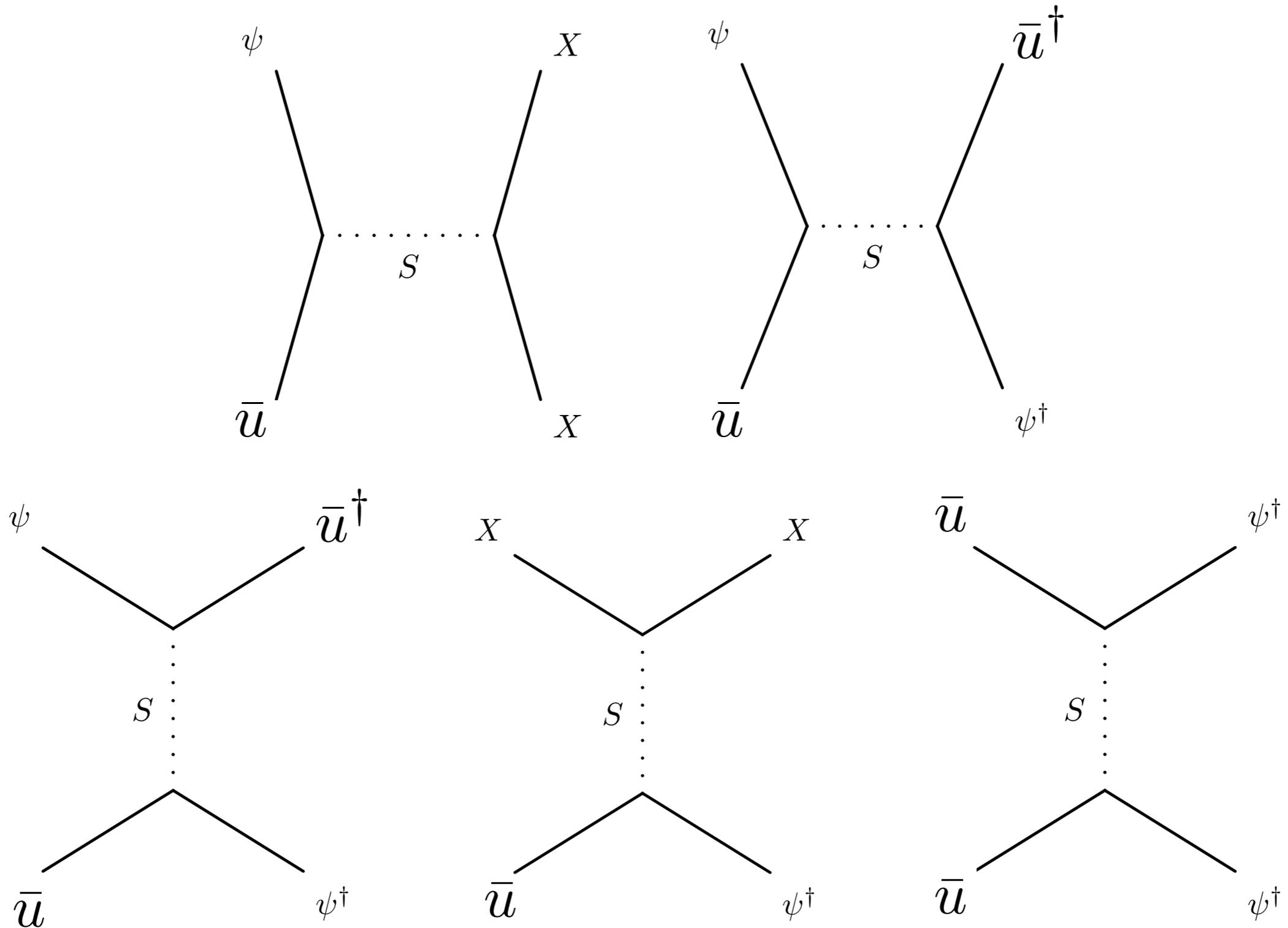
The departure from equilibrium is very small and not visible by eye on these plots, but it's good enough for our purpose.



# Sakharov conditions

- ✓ 1. B-number violation
- ✓ 2. CP violation
- ✓ 3. Out of thermal equilibrium

# Washout processes

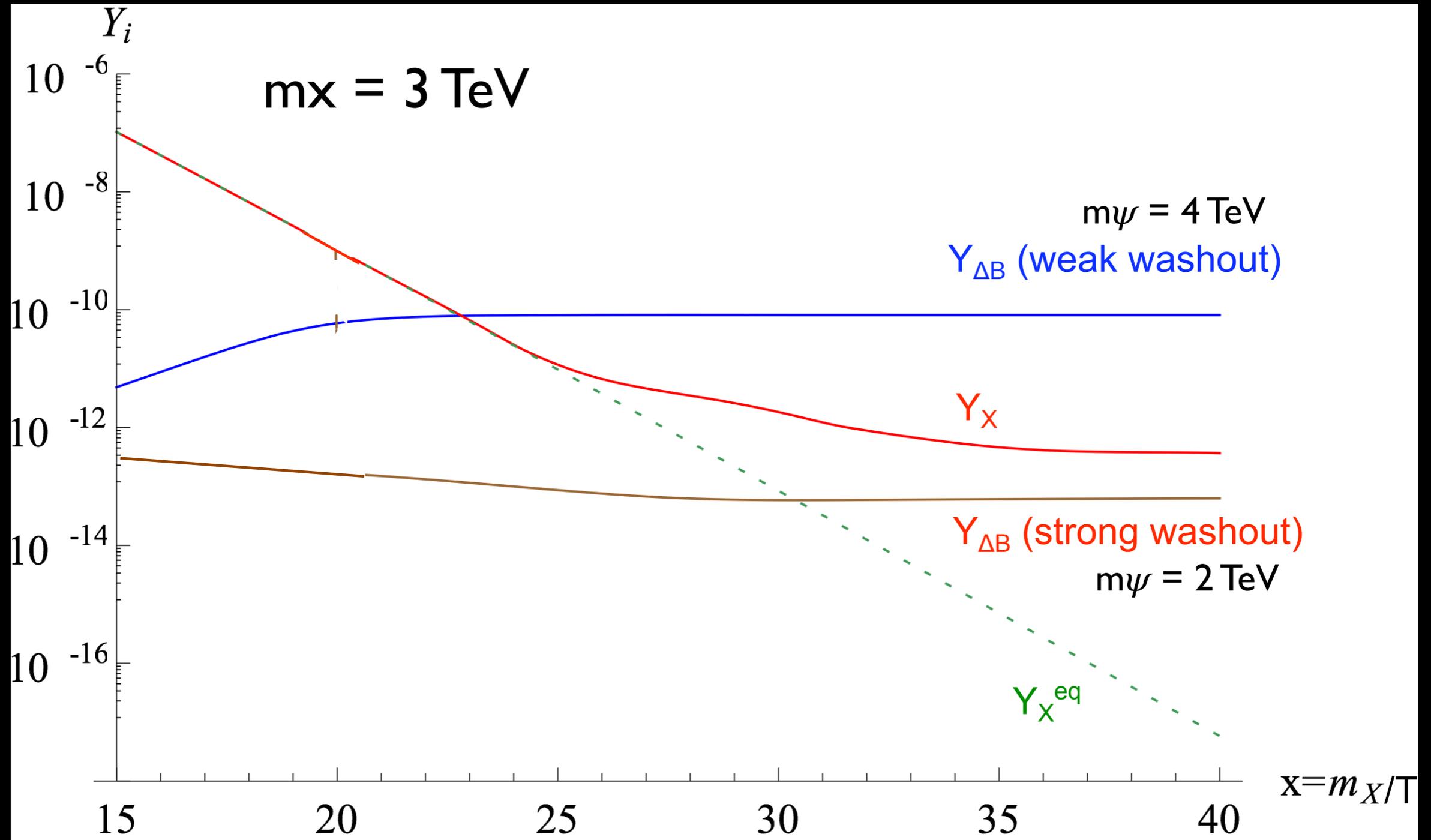


# Central result

*“If washout processes freeze out before WIMP freeze-out, then a large baryon asymmetry may accumulate, and its final value is proportional to the WIMP abundance at the time that washout becomes inefficient.”*

$$\Rightarrow \quad m_\psi \gtrsim m_x$$

Also,  $m_\psi < 2m_x$  so that the annihilation  
 $\text{DM} + \text{DM} \rightarrow \psi + \text{quark}$   
 is kinematically allowed.



Our work

# Fundamental ingredients for WIMPy baryogenesis

Dark matter  
 Exotic heavy quark  
 Sterile majorana fermion

	$SU(3)_c$	$SU(2)_L$	$Q_{U(1)_y}$	$Q_{U(1)_B}$	$\mathbb{Z}_4$
$X$	1	1	0	0	$+i$
$\bar{X}$	1	1	0	0	$-i$
$\psi$	3	1	$+2/3$	$+1/3$	$+1$
$\bar{\psi}$	$\bar{3}$	1	$-2/3$	$-1/3$	$+1$
$n$	1	1	0	0 or $+1$	$+1$
$\bar{u}$	$\bar{3}$	1	$-2/3$	$-1/3$	$-1$
$\bar{d}$	$\bar{3}$	1	$+1/3$	$-1/3$	$-1$

$$\psi \rightarrow \bar{d}\bar{d}n$$

# The discrete symmetry

- Start with a  $\mathbb{Z}_n$

$$Q_X = \exp\left(\frac{2\pi i}{n} q_X\right), \quad Q_\psi = \exp\left(\frac{2\pi i}{n} q_\psi\right), \quad Q_{\bar{u}} = \exp\left(\frac{2\pi i}{n} q_{\bar{u}}\right)$$

- Require DM stability  $\rightarrow q_X \neq 0$
- Forbid proton decay  $\rightarrow q_{\text{quarks}} \neq 0, \quad q_{\text{leptons}} = 0$
- Avoid dangerous decays of  $\psi \rightarrow q_\psi \neq q_{\text{quarks}}, \quad q_\psi = 0$
- Allow the operators  $(XX)(\psi\bar{u})$  **AND**  $(XX)(\psi^\dagger\bar{u}^\dagger)$   
at the same time  $\rightarrow 2q_X + q_{\bar{u}} = 0 \pmod{n}, \quad 2q_X - q_{\bar{u}} = 0 \pmod{n},$
- Solution  $q_X = n/4, \quad q_{\bar{u}} = n/2 \rightarrow n = 4k \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_4$

**Complex charge  $\rightarrow$  Dirac fermion**

# The effective lagrangian

$$L_{eff} = \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \sum_i \lambda_i^2 \mathcal{O}_i \quad \text{dim 6 operators, } i = 1, \dots, 20$$

e.g.  $\mathcal{O}_1 = (XX)(\psi\bar{u})$  and so on ...

For comparison:

$$L = L_{kin} + L_{mass} - \frac{i}{2} \lambda_{X\alpha} S_\alpha (XX + \bar{X}\bar{X}) + i\lambda_{B\alpha} S_\alpha \bar{u}\psi$$

Cui, Randall, Shuve || 12.2704

# What's new?

- We have a total of 20 dim-6 operators (not all of which are important).
- They allow for the possibility of
  - t-channel DM annihilation into quark + exotic quark (on top of the s-channel);
  - DM annihilation into quark + antiquark (that does not contribute to the asymmetry);
  - tree-level processes for direct detection.
- We can study a class of models that extends and generalizes the one given in **Cui, Randall, Shuve**  
**1112.2704**

# Our goal is

to constrain these models, after reasonable, simplifying assumptions, using

- LHC data
- cosmological data (Boltzmann eqs. study)
- direct detection data



understand if regions of the parameter space survive where the models work



$$L_{eff} = \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \sum_i \lambda_i^2 \mathcal{O}_i$$

## Reasonable, simplifying assumptions

$\lambda_s$  coupling for all s-channel DM annihilation (into quark + exotic quark) operators

$\lambda_t$  coupling for all t-channel DM annihilation (into quark + exotic quark) operators

$\lambda_{WO}$  coupling for all washout operators

## Validity of EFT approach

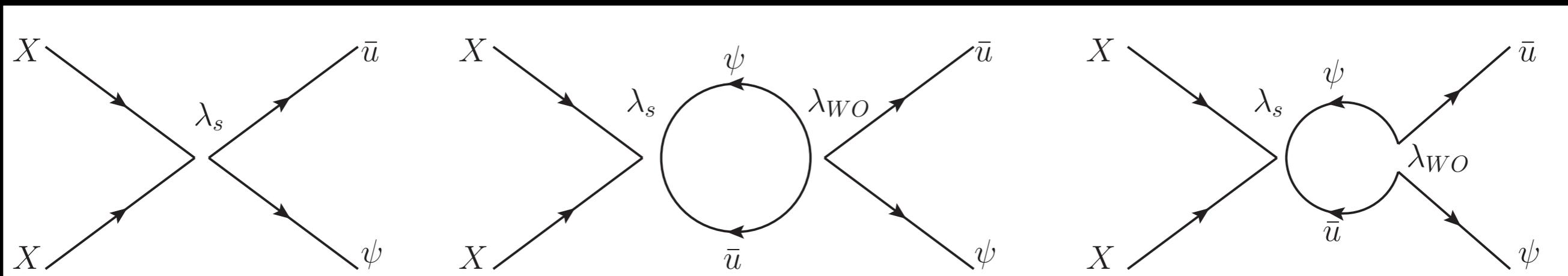
$$\frac{\lambda_i}{\Lambda} k_{max} < 1 \quad k_{max} \sim 100 \text{ GeV} \quad \frac{\lambda_i}{\Lambda} < (100 \text{ GeV})^{-1}$$

$$\Lambda = 10 \text{ TeV} \quad \rightarrow \quad \lambda_i < 100$$

# Cosmological bounds

# Generation of the asymmetry

$$\epsilon = \frac{\sigma(X X \rightarrow \psi \bar{u}) + \sigma(\bar{X} \bar{X} \rightarrow \psi \bar{u}) - \sigma(X X \rightarrow \psi^\dagger \bar{u}^\dagger) - \sigma(\bar{X} \bar{X} \rightarrow \psi^\dagger \bar{u}^\dagger)}{\sigma(X X \rightarrow \psi \bar{u}) + \sigma(\bar{X} \bar{X} \rightarrow \psi \bar{u}) + \sigma(X X \rightarrow \psi^\dagger \bar{u}^\dagger) + \sigma(\bar{X} \bar{X} \rightarrow \psi^\dagger \bar{u}^\dagger)}$$

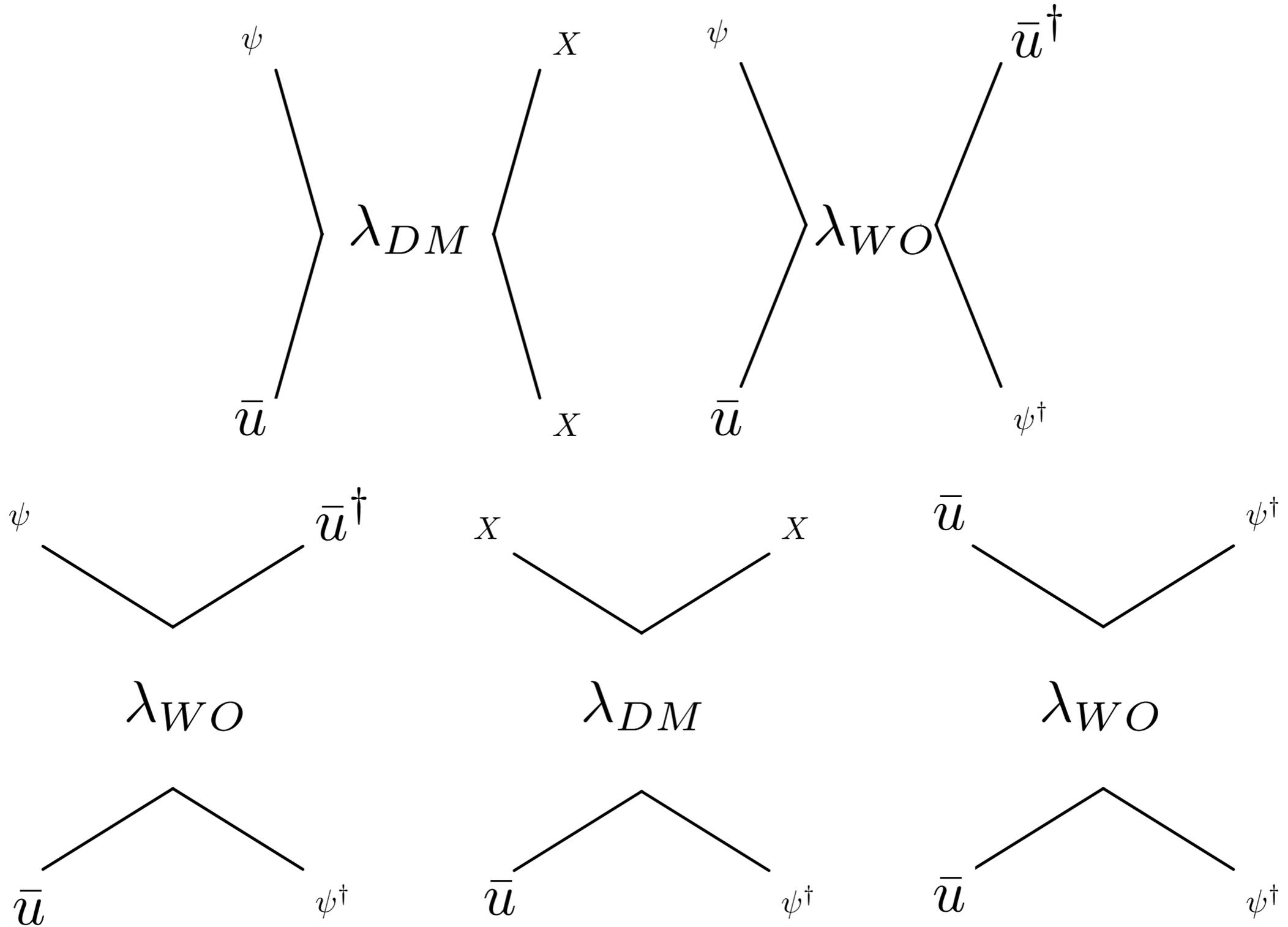


$$\epsilon \propto \frac{\text{Im}(\lambda_{WO}^2)}{\Lambda^2} \frac{(s - m_\psi^2)^2}{16\pi s}$$

The washout coupling has to be complex

$$\lambda_{WO} = |\lambda_{WO}| e^{i\delta}$$

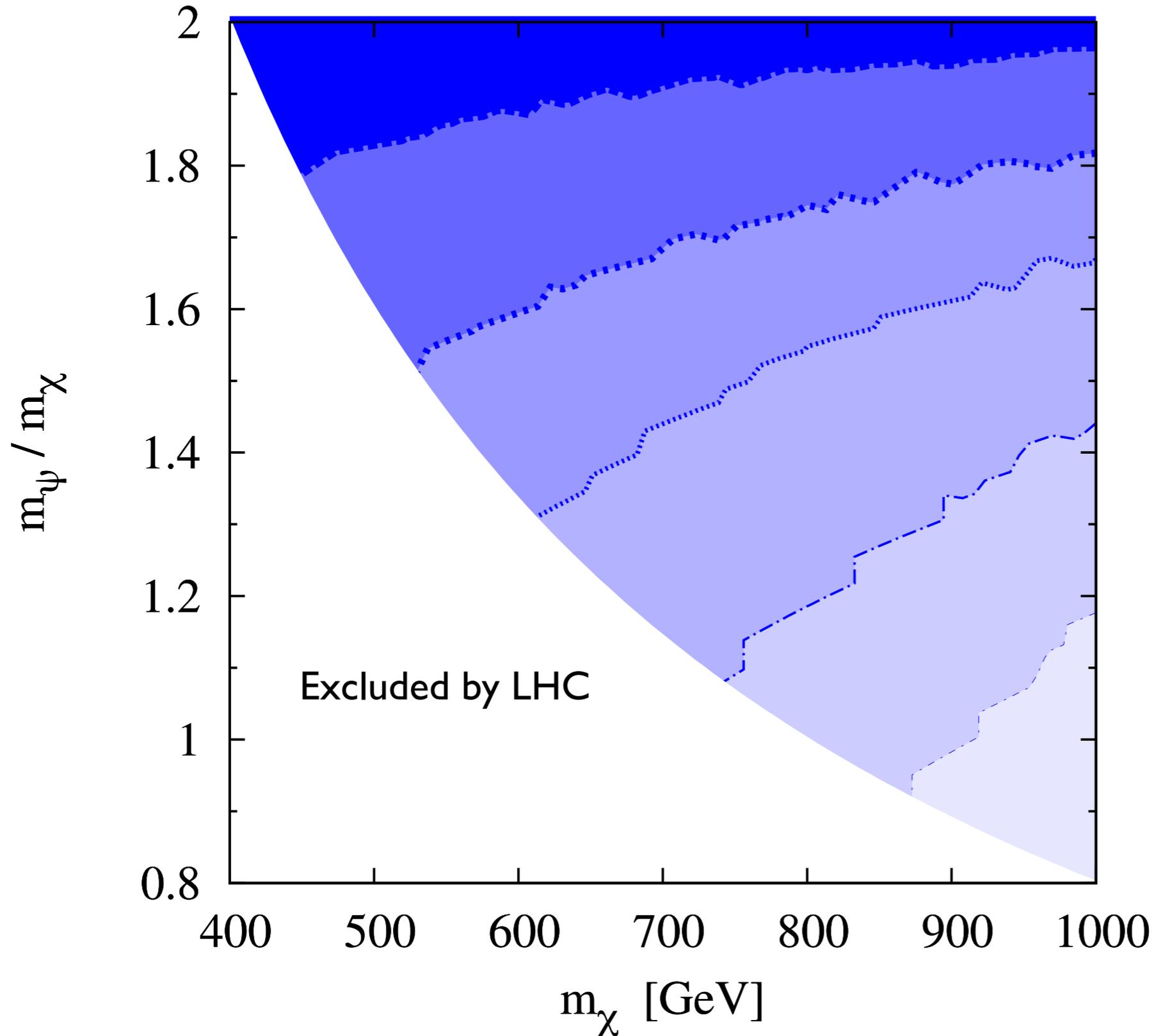
# Washout



# DM relic density

Preliminary

$\Lambda = 10 \text{ TeV}$



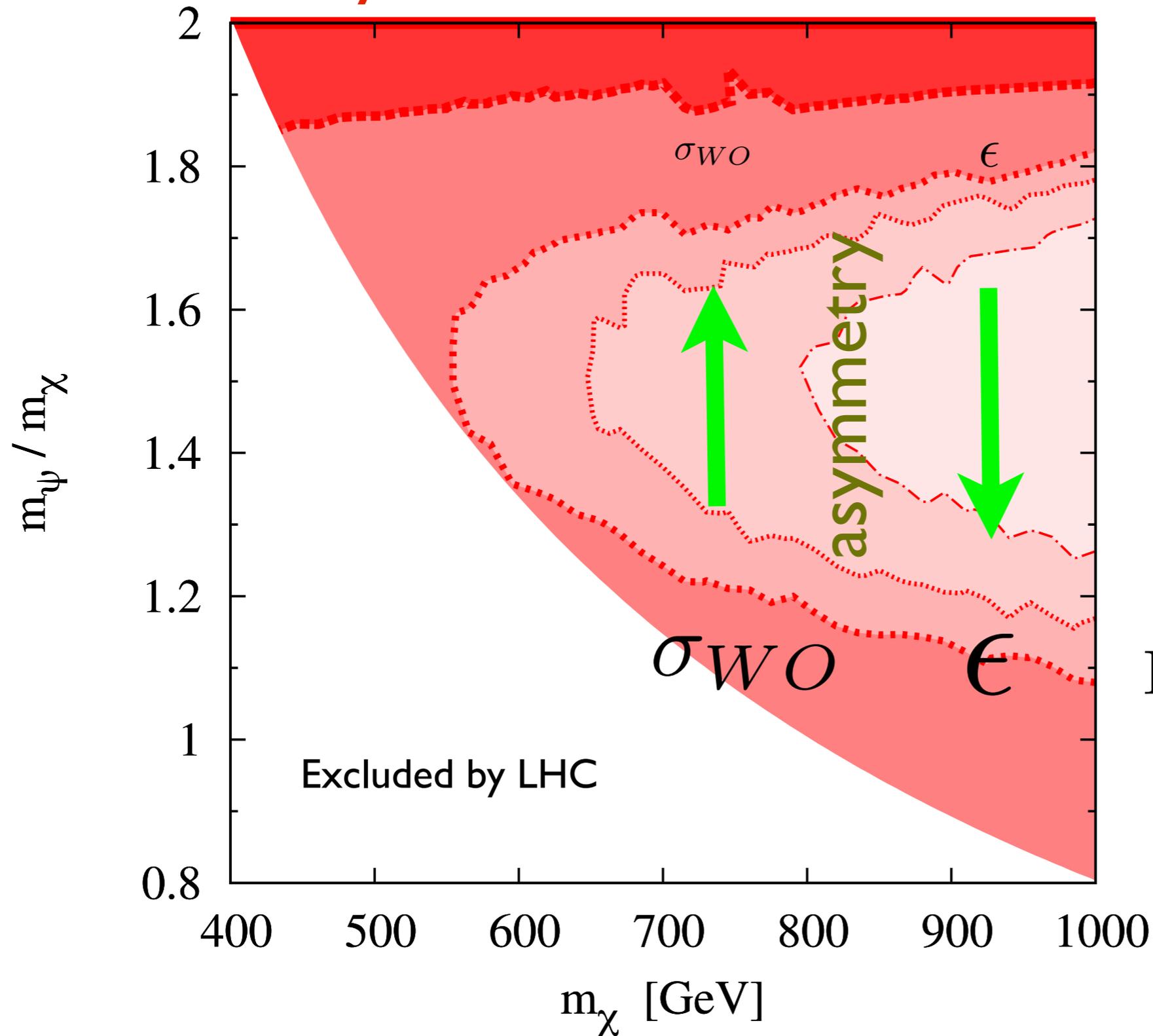
- $\lambda_{\text{DM}} > 28$  (Solid blue)
- $\lambda_{\text{DM}} = 28$  (Dashed blue)
- $\lambda_{\text{DM}} = 20$  (Dotted blue)
- $\lambda_{\text{DM}} = 17$  (Dash-dotted blue)
- $\lambda_{\text{DM}} = 14$  (Long-dashed blue)
- $\lambda_{\text{DM}} = 13$  (Short-dashed blue)

$$\lambda_{\text{DM}} \equiv \lambda_s = \lambda_t$$

# DM relic density + BAO

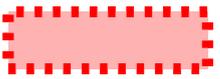
Preliminary

$\Lambda = 10 \text{ TeV}$



$|\lambda_{WO}| > 10$  

$|\lambda_{WO}| = 10$  

$|\lambda_{WO}| = 4$  

$|\lambda_{WO}| = 3.5$  

$|\lambda_{WO}| = 3$  

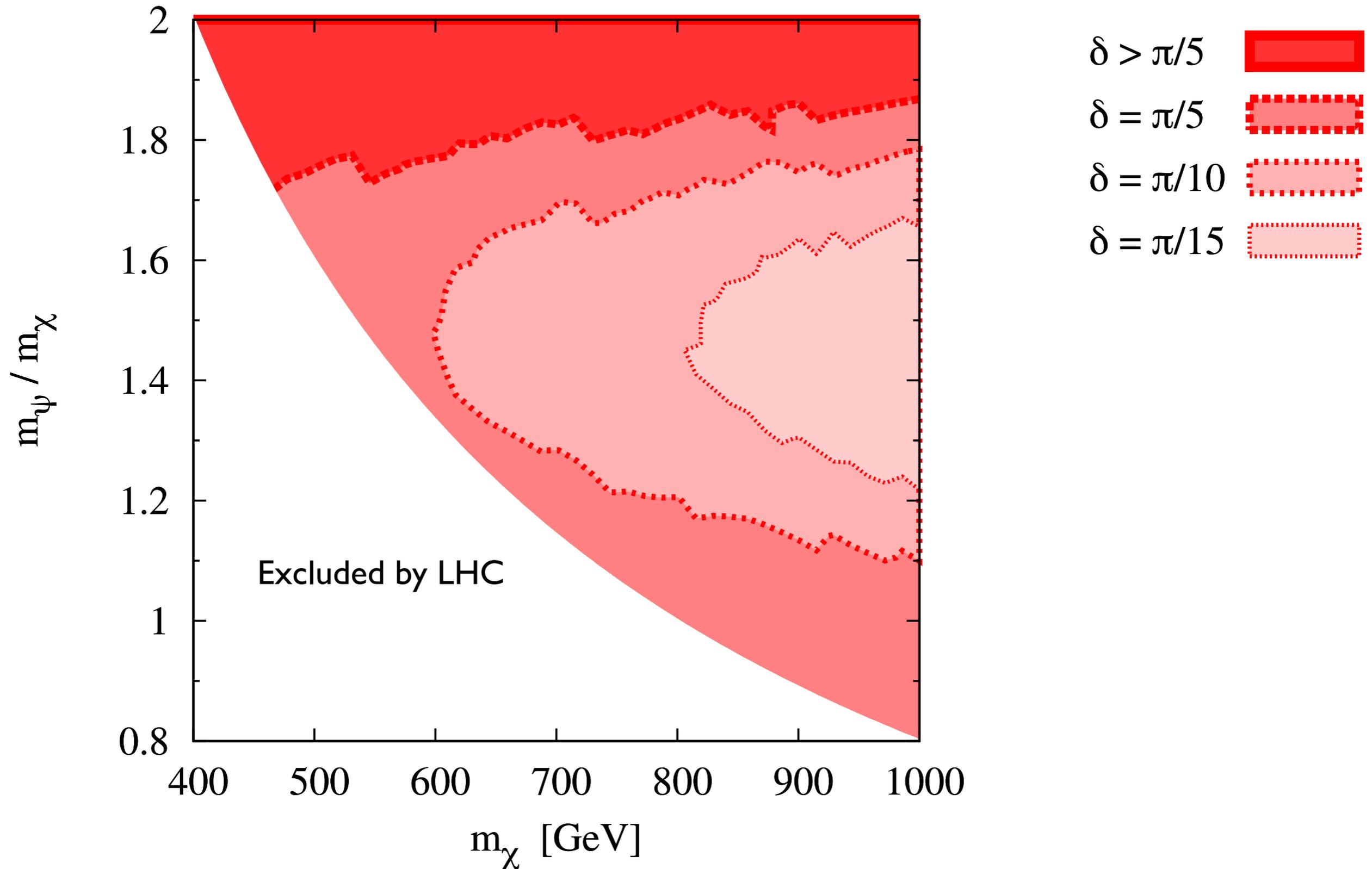
$$\delta = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\text{Re}(\lambda_{WO}) = \text{Im}(\lambda_{WO})$$

# DM relic density + BAO

Preliminary

$\Lambda = 10 \text{ TeV}, |\lambda_{\text{WO}}| = 5$



# Direct detection bounds

$$\frac{1}{\Lambda^2} (\lambda_7^2 (X \bar{u})(X^\dagger \bar{u}^\dagger) + \lambda_8^2 (\bar{X} \bar{u})(\bar{X}^\dagger \bar{u}^\dagger) + \text{h.c.})$$

Translated into 4-component-spinor notation

$$\frac{\lambda_8^2 - \lambda_7^2}{4\Lambda^2} (\bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu \chi \bar{U} \gamma_\mu U + \bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu \chi \bar{U} \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 U) + \frac{\lambda_8^2 + \lambda_7^2}{4\Lambda^2} (\bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 \chi \bar{U} \gamma_\mu U + \bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 \chi \bar{U} \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 U)$$

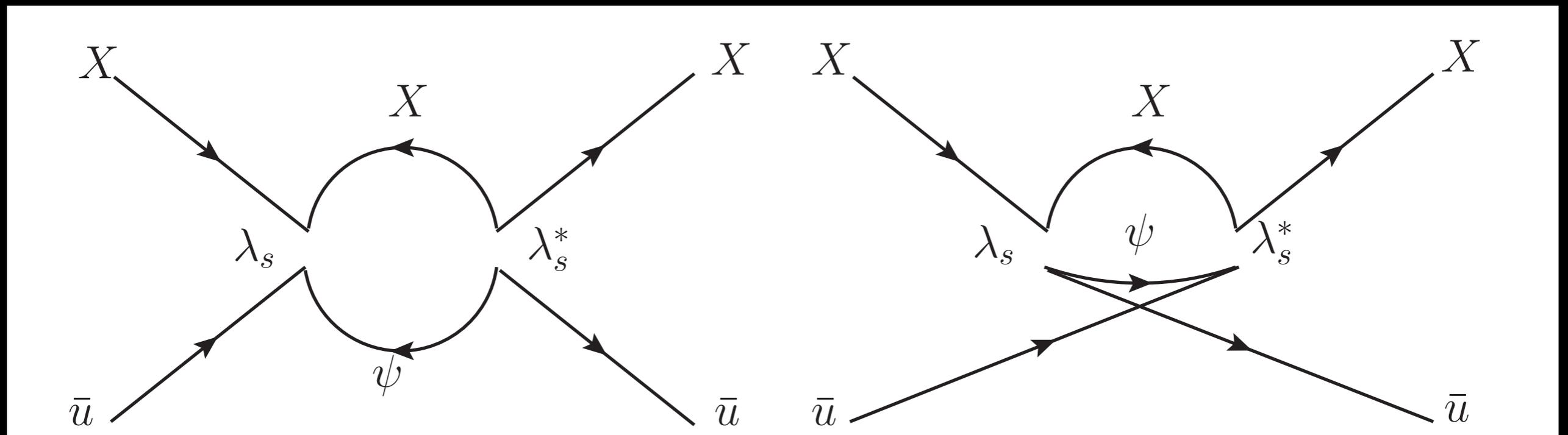
These operators contribute to

1. DM annihilation into a pair of quarks and
2. to SI and SD direct detection

(2) constrains the couplings 7 & 8 to be somewhat small, which is good anyway for (1), given that we want the annihilation into  $q + \text{exotic } q$  to dominate over  $q + \bar{q}$ .

# Direct detection bounds

Can we constrain  $\lambda_s$  and  $\lambda_t$  looking at one-loop contributions to direct detection?



The 2 diagrams cancel!!

Similar story for t-channel operators.

**NO BOUNDS FROM DIRECT DETECTION**

# Summary

- WIMPy baryogenesis is an interesting mechanism that relates the baryon asymmetry to the WIMP thermal relic density
- For the models we considered the mechanism works in a good portion of the parameter space
- Think about different, maybe even simpler models that implement the mechanism?