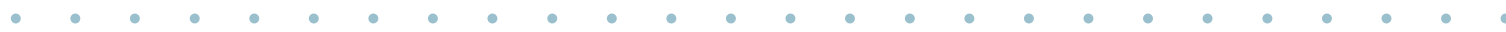


MAPPING CLASS GROUP INVARIANTS FROM FACTORIZABLE HOPF ALGEBRAS



Contents :

- A distinguished Hopf algebra object K in a class of monoidal categories
- A family of Frobenius algebra objects F^ω in a class of monoidal categories



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- Invariants under those actions from the Frobenius algebras F_ω
- **Motivation :**
Invariants as correlation functions in not necessarily semisimple full CFT
- **Tools :** Factorizable ribbon Hopf algebras and coends

[JF, Carl Stigner, Christoph Schweigert]

Goal: Establish the following structure

for a class of *finite braided* monoidal categories \mathcal{C} :

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a Frobenius algebra object F^ω in $\overline{\mathcal{C}} \boxtimes \mathcal{C}$



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 - a **Frobenius algebra object** F^ω in $\bar{\mathcal{C}} \boxtimes \mathcal{C}$
- For any compact Riemann surface $\Sigma = \Sigma_{g,m}$ of genus g with m holes:
 - ▶ a projective representation $\pi_{g,m}$ of Map_Σ on $\text{Hom}_{\bar{\mathcal{C}} \boxtimes \mathcal{C}}(K^{\otimes g}, (F^\omega)^{\otimes m})$
 - ▶ an invariant $Cor_\Sigma \in \text{Hom}_{\bar{\mathcal{C}} \boxtimes \mathcal{C}}(K^{\otimes g}, (F^\omega)^{\otimes m})$:

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- Problem still open for generic categories \mathcal{C} in this class
- Understanding of factorization still widely open
- Results for subclass: $\mathcal{C} = H\text{-mod}_{f.d.}$

for H finite-dimensional factorizable ribbon Hopf \mathbb{k} -algebra

Reminders:

- (I) Factorizable Hopf algebras
- (II) Coends

Combine these ingredients to identify

- (III) A coend K with a Hopf algebra structure in a class of categories
- (IV) Representations of mapping class groups

Reminder (I):

- Hopf algebra $H \equiv (H, m, \eta, \Delta, \varepsilon, s)$ over a field \mathbb{k}
- Quasitriangular Hopf algebra (H, R) : R-matrix $R \in H \otimes H$
 $\Delta^{\text{op}} = \text{ad}_R \circ \Delta$, $(\Delta \otimes \text{id}_H) \circ R = R_{13} \cdot R_{23}$, $(\text{id}_H \otimes \Delta) \circ R = R_{13} \cdot R_{12}$
- Monodromy matrix:
$$Q := R_{21} \cdot R \in H \otimes H$$
- Ribbon Hopf algebra (H, R, v) : ribbon element $v \in H$
central, invertible, $s \circ v = v$, $\varepsilon \circ v = 1$, $\Delta \circ v = (v \otimes v) \cdot Q^{-1}$
- Factorizable quasitriangular Hopf algebra:
$$Q = \sum_{\ell} h_{\ell} \otimes k_{\ell} \quad \text{with } \{h_{\ell}\} \text{ and } \{k_{\ell}\} \text{ two vector space bases of } H$$

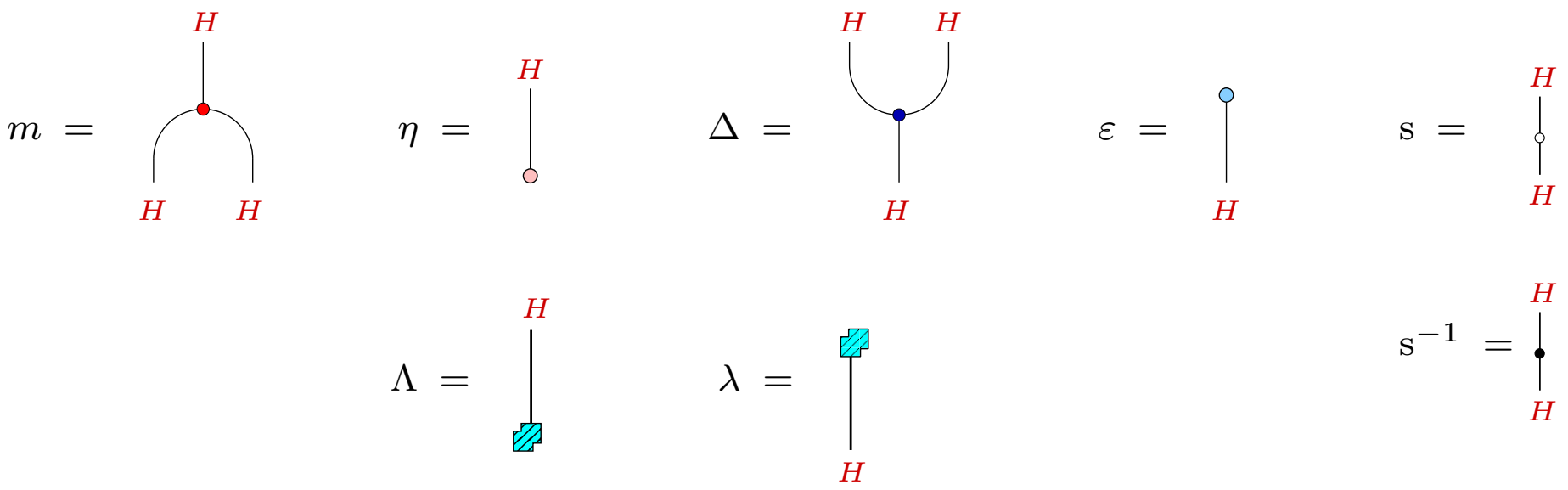
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- Left integral of H : $\Lambda \in H$ s.t. $m \circ (\text{id}_H \otimes \Lambda) = \Lambda \circ \varepsilon$
- Right cointegral of H : $\lambda \in H^*$ s.t. $(\lambda \otimes \text{id}_H) \circ \Delta = \eta \circ \lambda$

(I) Factorizable Hopf algebras

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- Quasitriangular Hopf algebra (H, R) : R-matrix $R \in H \otimes H$
- Ribbon Hopf algebra (H, R, v) : ribbon element $v \in H$
- Graphical calculus in the tensor category $\text{Vect}_{\mathbb{k}}$ (strictified)
 — diagrams read from bottom to top —



Reminder (II):

- Dinatural transformation

Given a functor $G: \mathcal{D}^{\text{op}} \times \mathcal{D} \rightarrow \mathcal{E}$ and an object $B \in \mathcal{E}$

a dinatural transformation $G \rightrightarrows B$

is a family of morphisms $\varphi_X: G(X, X) \rightarrow B$ s.t.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} G(Y, X) & \xrightarrow{G(\text{id}_Y, f)} & G(Y, Y) \\ \downarrow G(f, \text{id}_X) & & \downarrow \varphi_Y \\ G(X, X) & \xrightarrow{\varphi_X} & B \end{array}$$

commutes
for all $f: X \rightarrow Y$



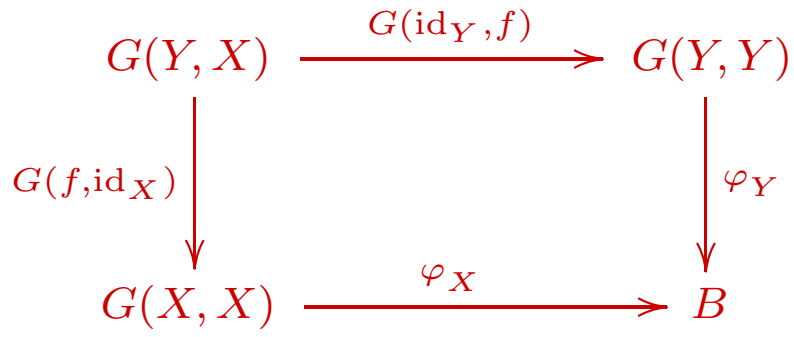
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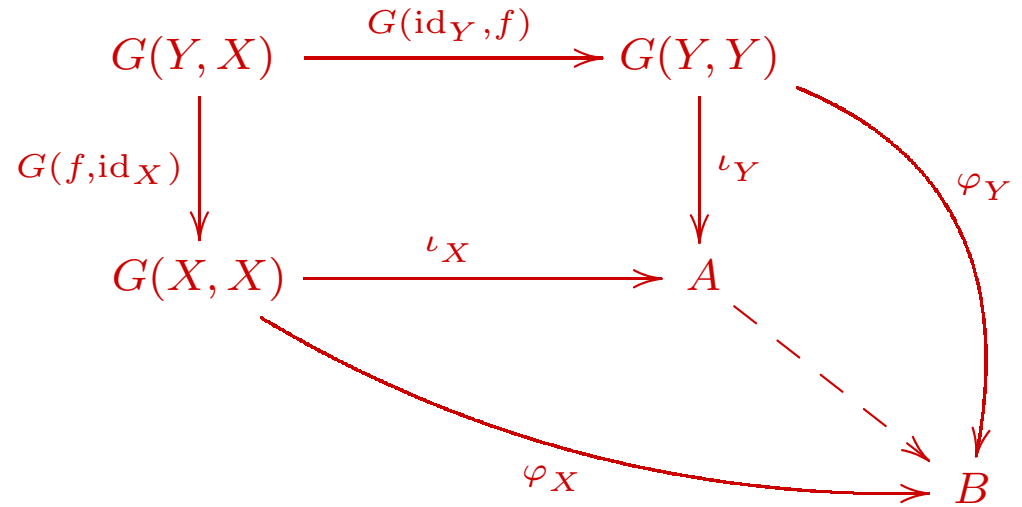
- Example: $G: \text{Vect}_{\mathbb{k}}^{\text{op}} \times \text{Vect}_{\mathbb{k}} \rightarrow \text{Vect}_{\mathbb{k}}$
 $(V, W) \mapsto V^* \otimes_{\mathbb{k}} W$

dinatural transformation $G \rightrightarrows \mathbb{k}$:
 $\text{tr}: G(V, V) \cong \text{End}_{\mathbb{k}}(V) \rightarrow \mathbb{k}$

- Example: $G: \mathcal{D}^{\text{op}} \times \mathcal{D} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$
 $(X, Y) \mapsto X^{\vee} \otimes Y$

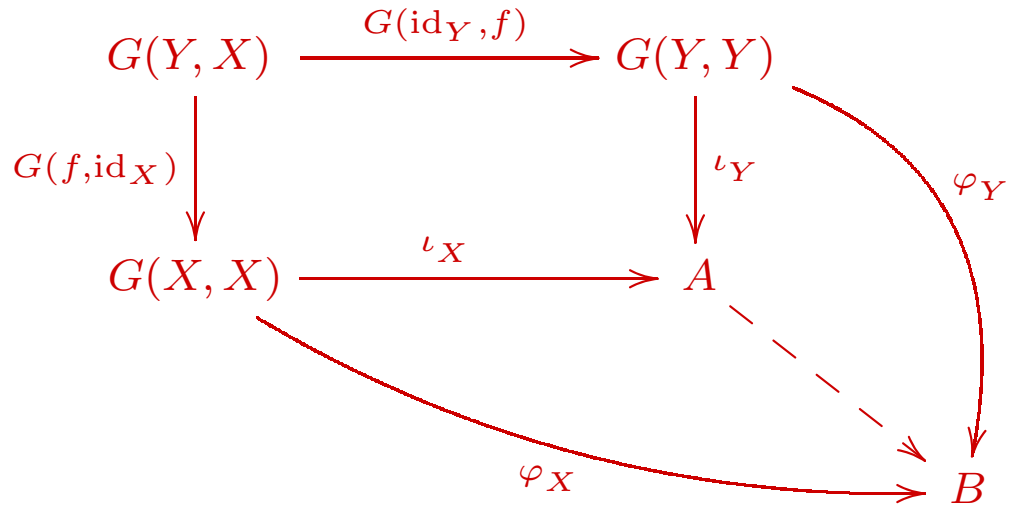
dinatural transformation $G \rightrightarrows \mathbf{1}_{\mathcal{D}}$:
 $d: G(X, X) \rightarrow \mathbf{1}_{\mathcal{D}}$

- **Coend** (A, ι) for G :
initial object in category
of dinatural transformations
 $G \Rightarrow -$:



(II) Coends

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- **Notation:** $(A, \iota) = \int^X G(X, X)$
- unique up to unique isomorphism (if exists)



- Theorem: \mathcal{D} finite abelian \mathbb{k} -linear ribbon category

\implies the coend $L = \int^U U^\vee \otimes U$

of $G: \mathcal{D}^{\text{op}} \times \mathcal{D} \ni (U, V) \longmapsto U^\vee \otimes V \in \mathcal{D}$

exists and carries a natural structure of a Hopf algebra in \mathcal{D}

[Majid, Lyubashenko, Kerler, ...]

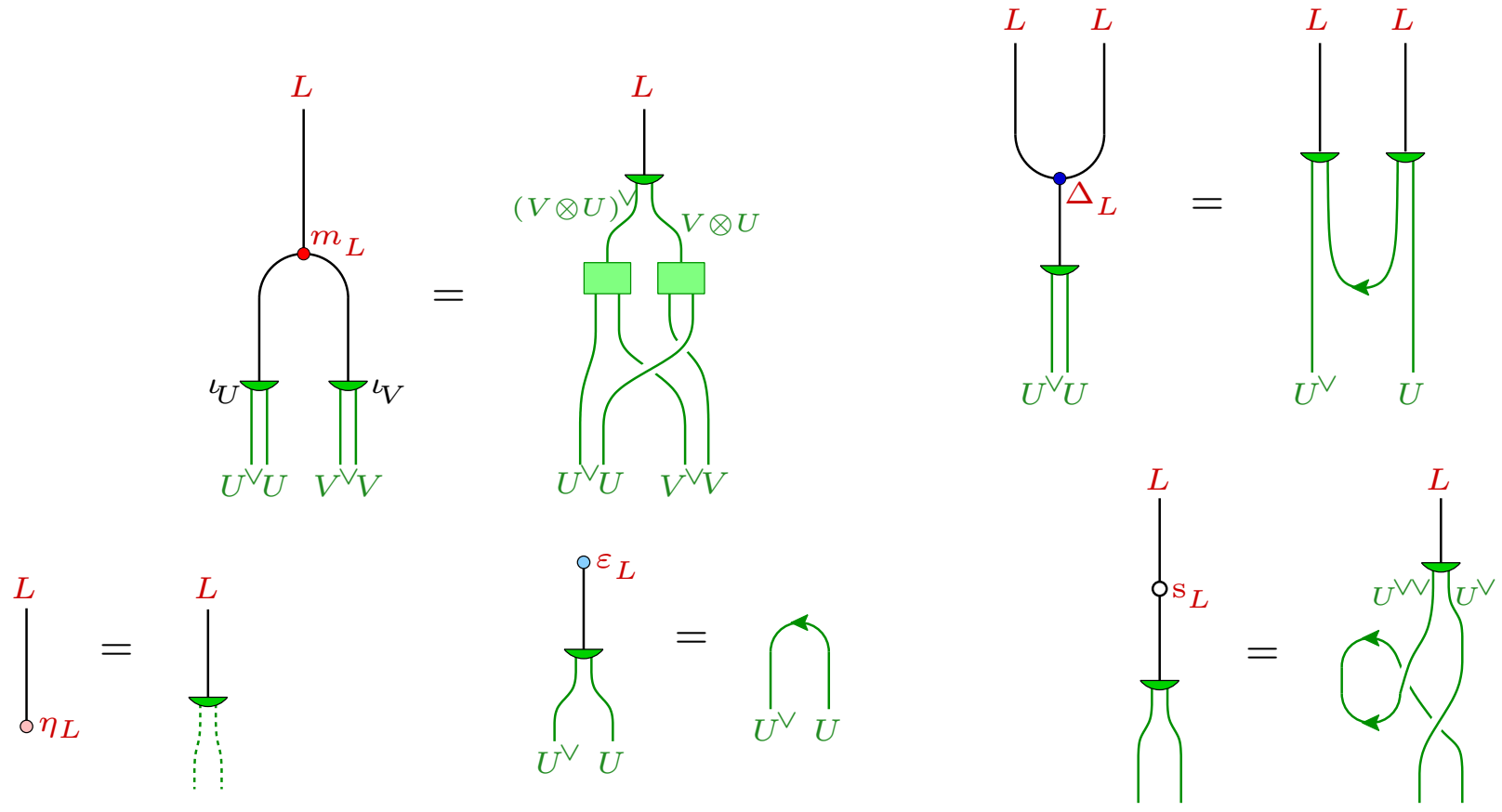
- **Special case**: \mathcal{D} modular $\implies L = \bigoplus_{i \in \mathcal{I}} S_i^\vee \otimes S_i$

(III) The coend $\int X^\vee \otimes X$

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- ▶ projective rep $\pi_{g,m}$ of Map_Σ on $\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(L^{\otimes g}, U_1 \otimes \dots \otimes U_m)$
- ▶ two-sided integral Λ_L
- ▶ non-degenerate Hopf pairing

[Lyubashenko 1995]



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- To give **examples** need to identify more structure on L

First to be explained in which context the Hopf algebra L arises



- Category of our interest: $\mathcal{D} = \overline{\mathcal{C}} \boxtimes \mathcal{C}$ with \mathcal{C} finite factorizable ribbon category
 - ▶ $\mathcal{C} = H\text{-mod}$ for factorizable ribbon Hopf algebra H
 - $\implies \overline{\mathcal{C}} \boxtimes \mathcal{C} \simeq H\text{-bimod}$ (with particular braiding – see below)
 - ▶ Braided functor $\overline{\mathcal{C}} \boxtimes \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{Z}(\mathcal{C})$ (is equivalence for factorizable categories)
 - ▶ in CFT bulk fields are objects of $\overline{\mathcal{C}} \boxtimes \mathcal{C}$ (“left and right movers”)

- Corollary: The coend $K = \int^X X^\vee \otimes X$
 - of $F_\otimes: (\overline{\mathcal{C}} \boxtimes \mathcal{C})^{\text{op}} \times (\overline{\mathcal{C}} \boxtimes \mathcal{C}) \ni (X, Y) \longmapsto X^\vee \otimes Y \in \overline{\mathcal{C}} \boxtimes \mathcal{C}$
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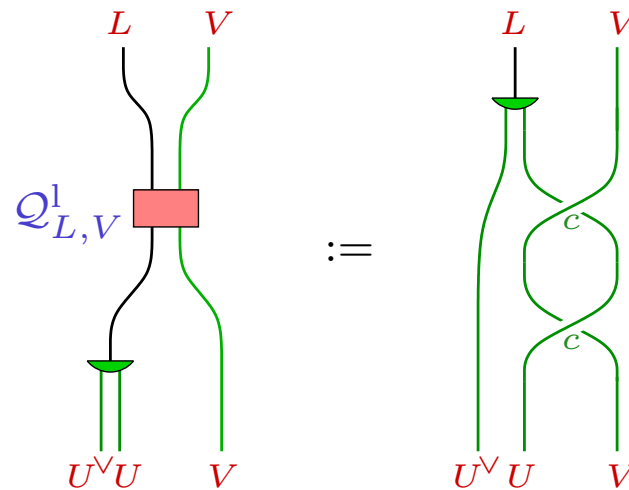
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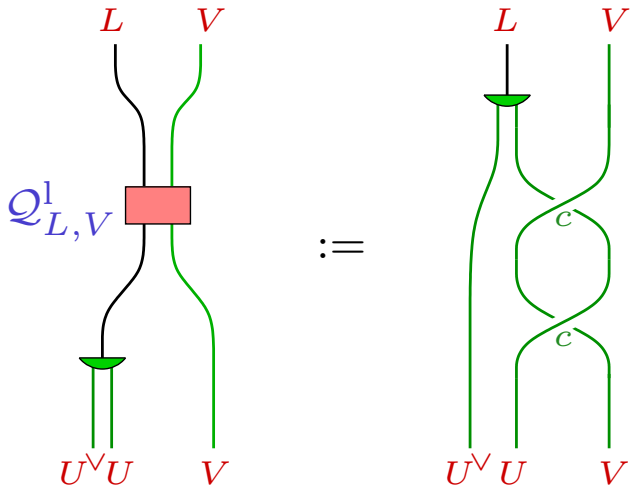
- **Terminology**: *Bulk handle Hopf algebra* K
 - ▶ Punctured torus is Hopf algebra in the bicategory of 3-cobordisms with corners

[Yetter 1997]

- L Hopf algebra object in factorizable category \mathcal{C}
- For every object $V \in \mathcal{C}$: partial monodromy $Q_{L,V}^1 \in \text{End}_{\mathcal{C}}(L \otimes V)$



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- Propos.: The partial monodromy $Q_{L,V}^1$ endows $V \in \mathcal{C}$ with the structure of an L -module (V, ρ_V^L) :

$$\rho_V^L = (\varepsilon_L \otimes V) \circ Q_{L,V}^1$$

- **Remark:** extends to a fully faithful embedding $\mathcal{C} \rightarrow {}_L\mathcal{YD}^L$



- Theorem 1: The coend

$$F = \int^U U^\vee \boxtimes U$$

$$\text{of } \mathcal{C}^{\text{op}} \times \mathcal{C} \ni (U, V) \longmapsto U^\vee \boxtimes V \in \bar{\mathcal{C}} \boxtimes \mathcal{C}$$

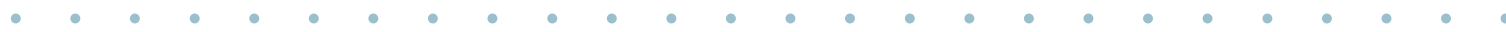
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$$Cor_{1;1,1}^\omega := \text{Diagram} \in \text{Hom}_{\overline{\mathcal{C}} \boxtimes \mathcal{C}}(K \otimes F^\omega, F^\omega)$$

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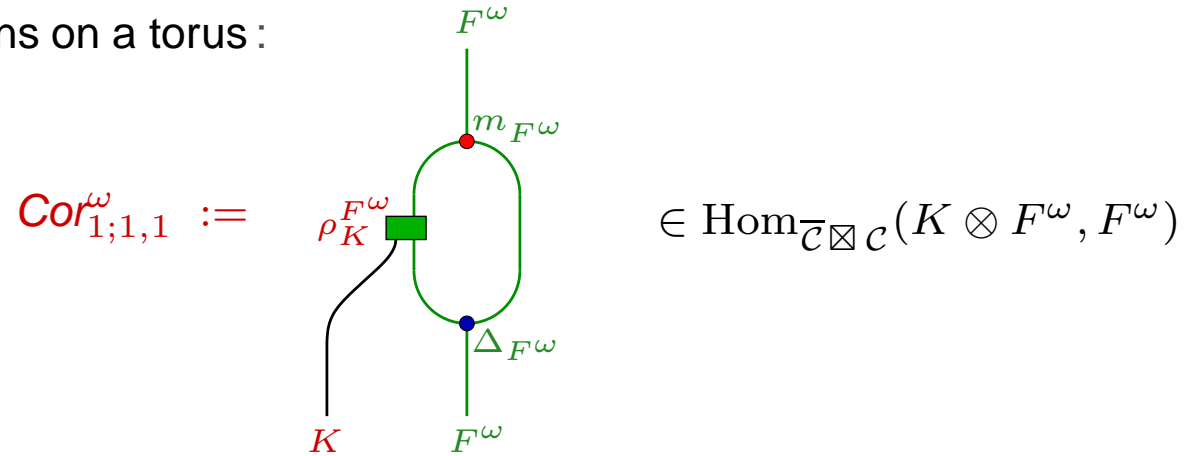
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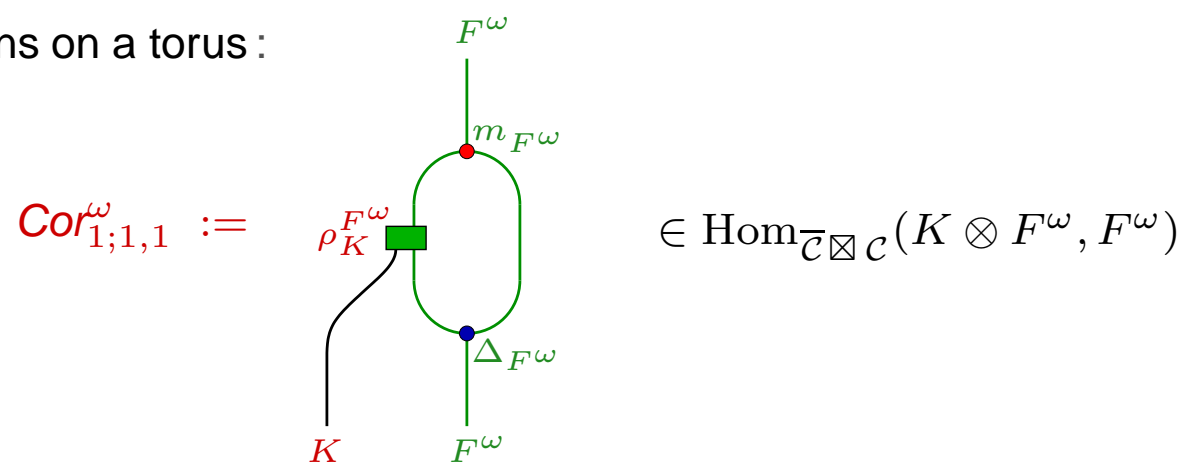
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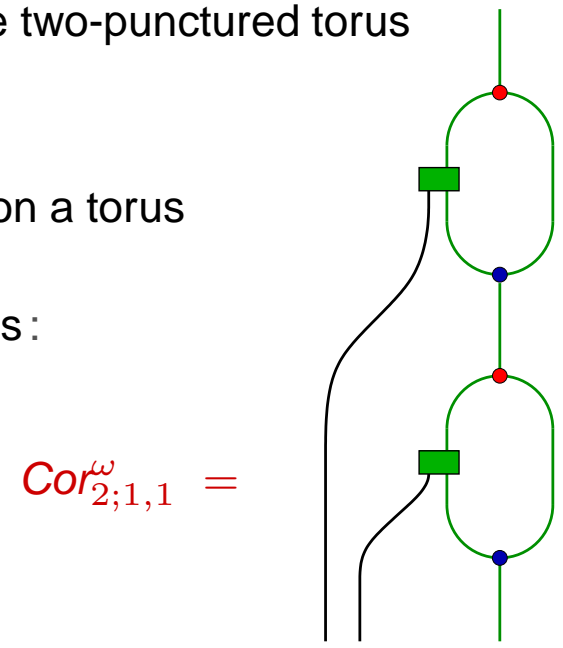
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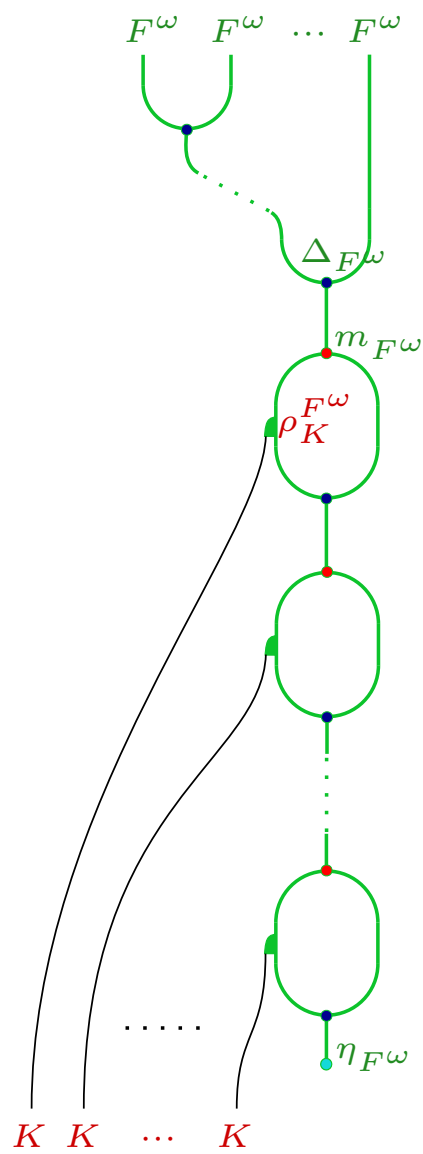


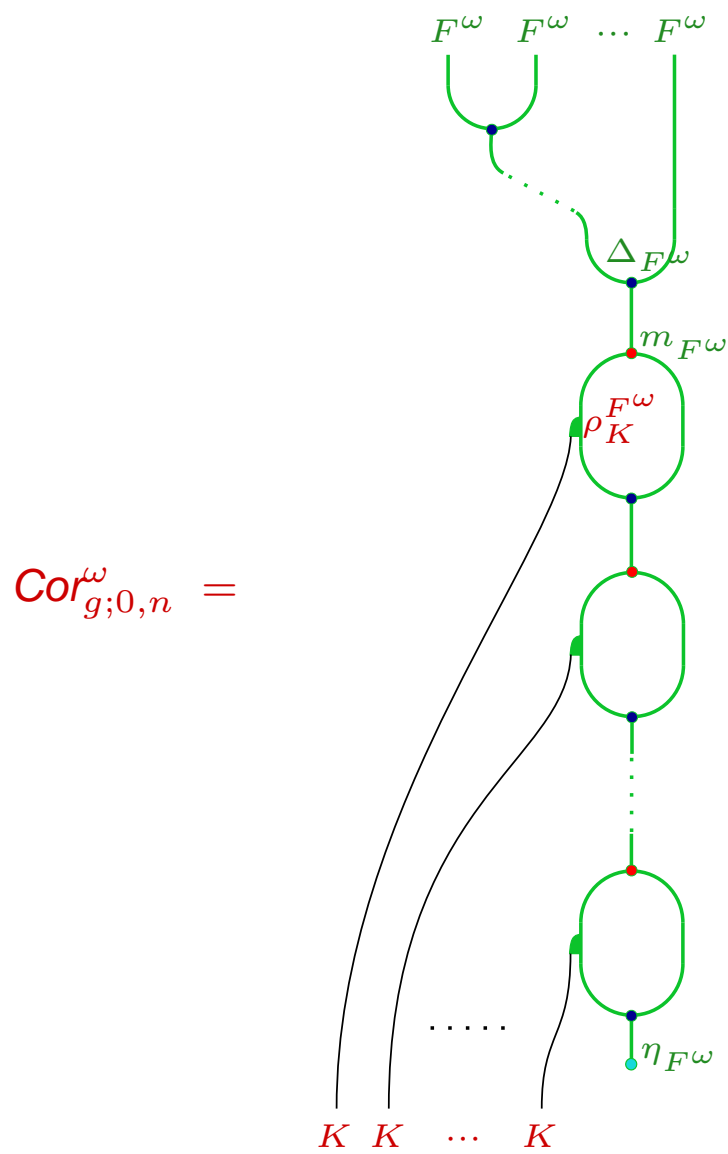
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- Generalizes via **product** m_{F^ω} / **coproduct** Δ_{F^ω} to any number $p + q$ of incoming / outgoing insertions on a torus
- Generalizes by “**composition of handles**” to higher genus :



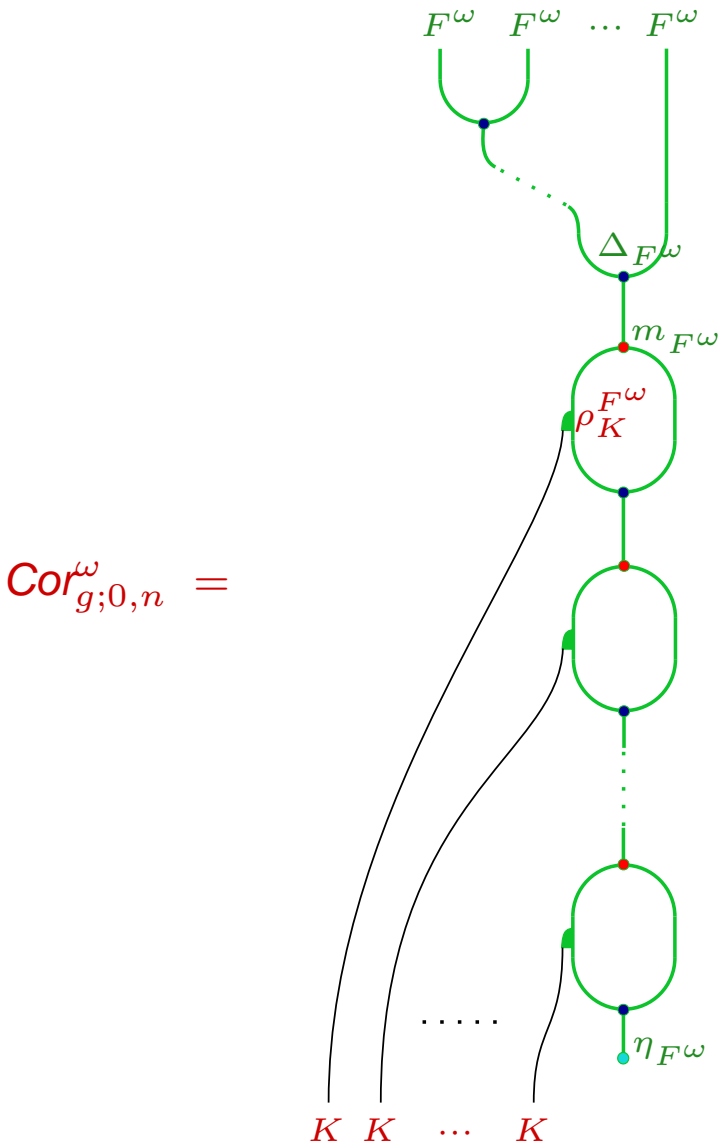
$Cor_{g;0,n}^\omega =$





Dream: Generalizes to the relevant class of categories and obeys factorization





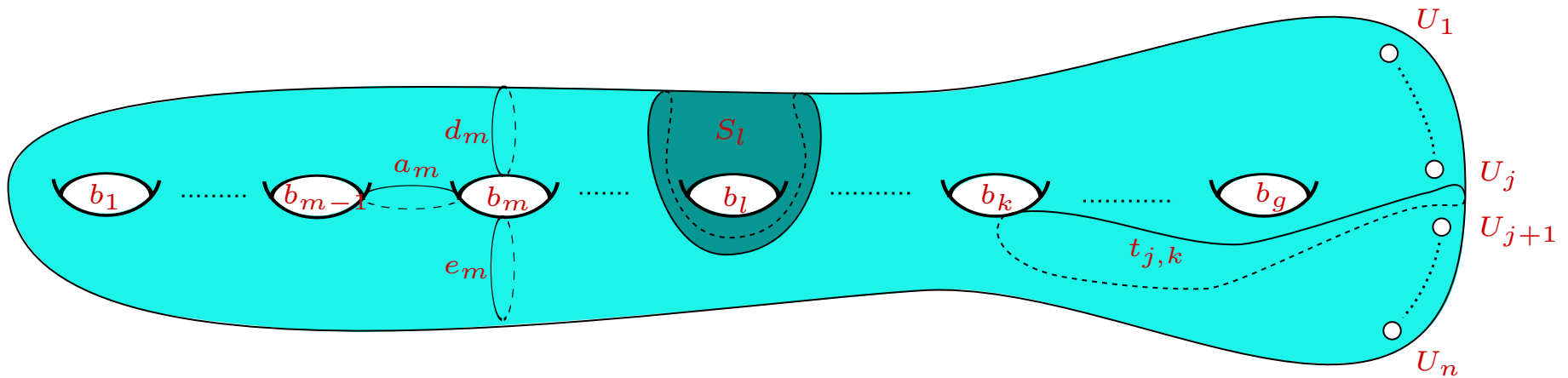
From now on: [Details](#)

Dream: Generalizes to the relevant class of categories and obeys factorization



- Exact sequence $1 \longrightarrow B_{g;n} \longrightarrow \text{Map}_{g;n} \longrightarrow \text{Map}_{g;0} \longrightarrow 1$

- Thus generated by permutations of holes and Dehn twists



- Relations not needed here

- Equivalences of abelian categories :

$$H\text{-mod} \boxtimes H\text{-mod} \simeq (H \otimes_{\mathbb{k}} H)\text{-mod} \simeq (H \otimes_{\mathbb{k}} H^{\text{op}})\text{-mod} \simeq H\text{-bimod}$$

- Extends to braided monoidal equivalence $\overline{H}\text{-mod} \boxtimes H\text{-mod} \simeq H\text{-bimod}$



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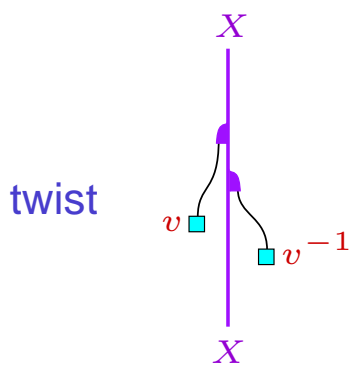
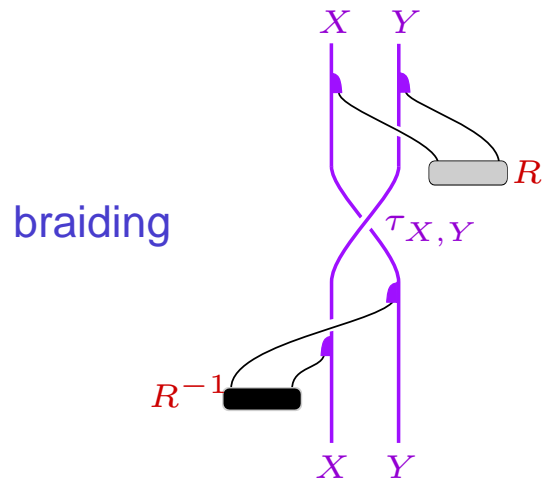
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- Natural **monoidal** structure on the category $H\text{-bimod}$:

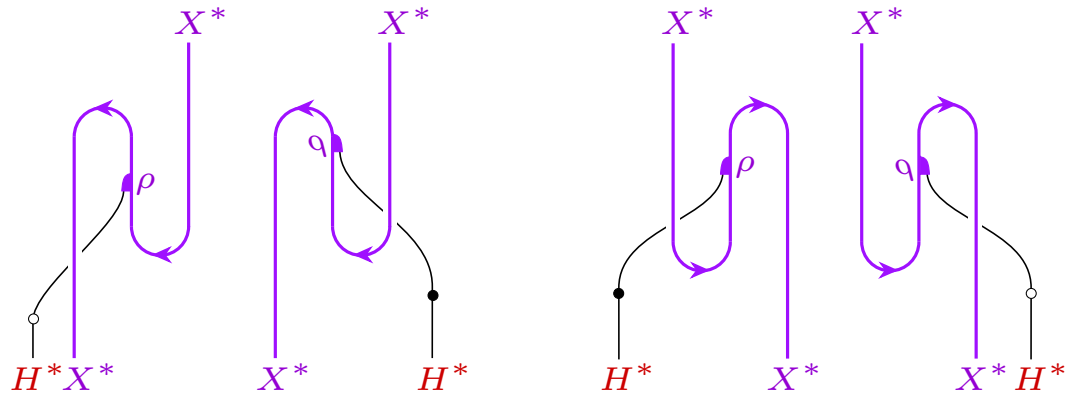
pull back H -actions along coproduct

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- Extends to braided monoidal equivalence $\overline{H}\text{-mod} \boxtimes H\text{-mod} \simeq H\text{-bimod}$
- Natural ribbon structure on the category $H\text{-bimod}$:



right and left dual of H -bimodule X

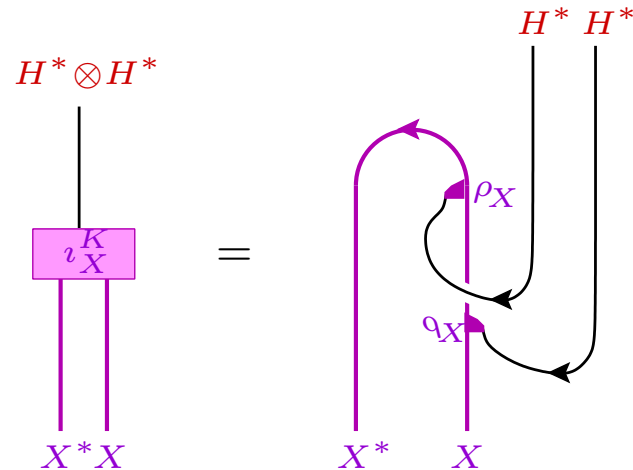


WARNING: PICTURES DRAWN IN $\text{Vect}_{\mathbb{k}}$

- Bulk handle Hopf algebra K as an object of $H\text{-bimod} \simeq \overline{H}\text{-mod} \boxtimes H\text{-mod}$:
 - ▶ $K = H^* \otimes_{\mathbb{k}} H^*$ as vector space
 - ▶ coadjoint left H -action on 1st tensor factor and coadjoint right action on 2nd factor

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 - ▶ $K = \int^{X \in H\text{-bimod}} X^\vee \otimes X$ coend

with dinatural family



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▶ $K = \int^{X \in H\text{-bimod}} X^\vee \otimes X$ coend

▶ Hopf algebra structure : $\eta_K = \varepsilon^\vee \otimes \varepsilon^\vee$

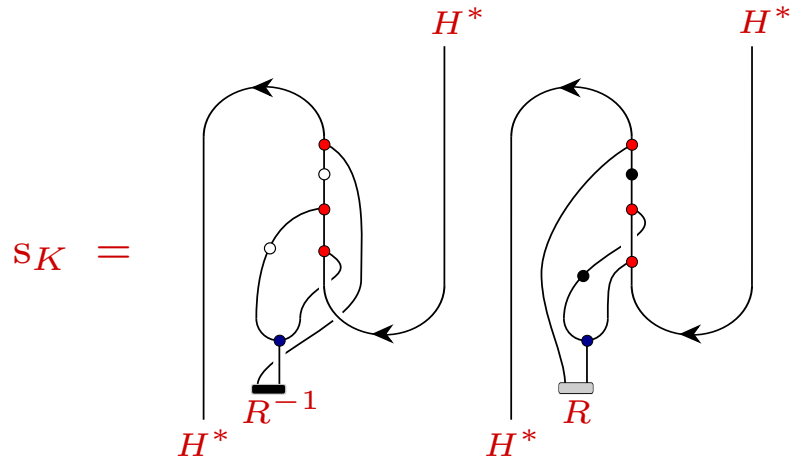
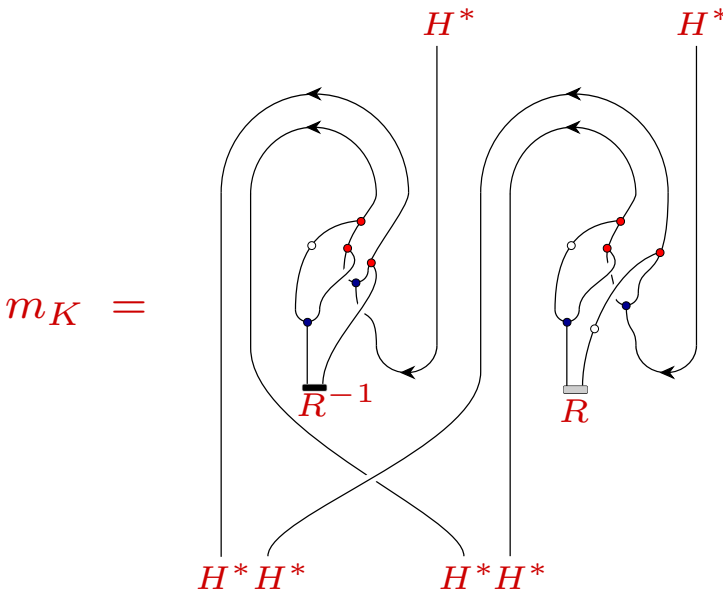
$$\varepsilon_K = \eta^\vee \otimes \eta^\vee \quad \Delta_K = (\text{id}_{H^*} \otimes \tau_{H^*, H^*} \otimes \text{id}_{H^*}) \circ ((m^{\text{op}})^\vee \otimes m^\vee)$$

$$m_K = \dots \quad s_K = \dots$$



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 - ▶ $K = H^* \otimes_{\mathbb{k}} H^*$ as vector space
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 - ▶ $K = \int^{X \in H\text{-bimod}} X^\vee \otimes X$ coend
 - ▶ Hopf algebra structure: $\eta_K = \varepsilon^\vee \otimes \varepsilon^\vee$

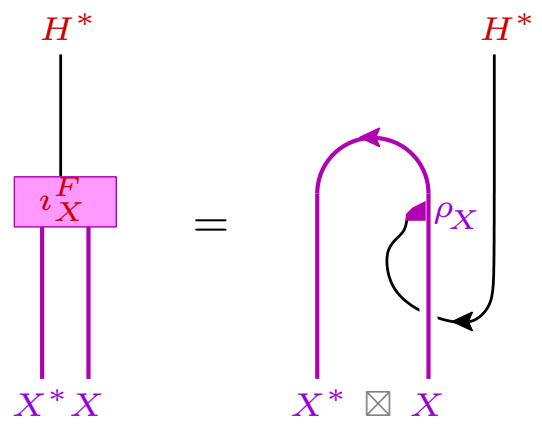
$$\varepsilon_K = \eta^\vee \otimes \eta^\vee \quad \Delta_K = (\text{id}_{H^*} \otimes \tau_{H^*, H^*} \otimes \text{id}_{H^*}) \circ ((m^{\text{op}})^\vee \otimes m^\vee)$$



- Restrict for now to $\omega = \text{id}_H$
- F as an object of $H\text{-bimod} \simeq \overline{H}\text{-mod} \boxtimes H\text{-mod}$:
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with dinatural family



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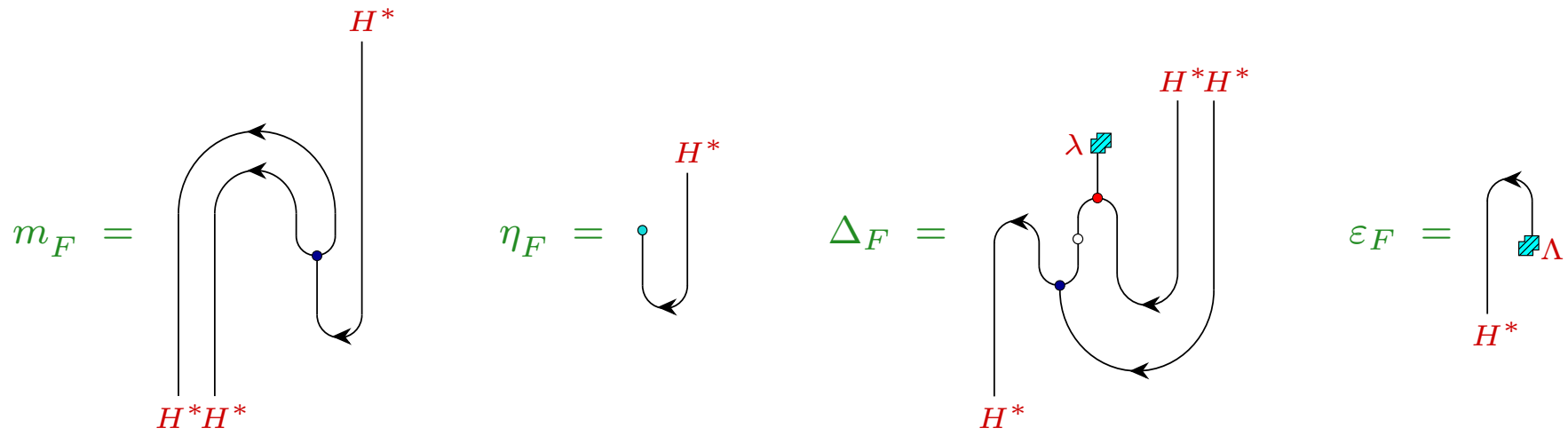
$$m_F = \Delta^* \qquad \eta_F = \varepsilon^* \qquad \varepsilon_F = \Lambda^*$$

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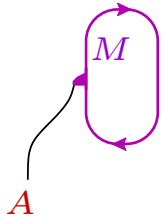
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- Character: A associative algebra, M module

$$\chi_M^A = \text{[diagram]} \in \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(A, \mathbf{1})$$


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- Relation between categorical characters χ_M^L

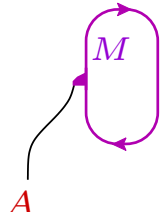
and algebraic characters $\chi_M^H \in \text{Hom}(H, \mathbb{k})$:

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- Partition function $Z = \text{Cor}_{1;0} = \chi_F^K \in \text{Hom}_{\bar{\mathcal{C}} \boxtimes \mathcal{C}}(K, \mathbf{1})$ obeys

$$Z = \sum_{i,j \in \mathcal{I}} c_{i,j} \chi_i^L \otimes \chi_j^L$$

with c the Cartan matrix of the category $H\text{-mod}$:

$$c_{ij} = [P_j : S_i] = \dim_{\mathbb{k}} \text{Hom}_H(P_i, P_j)$$

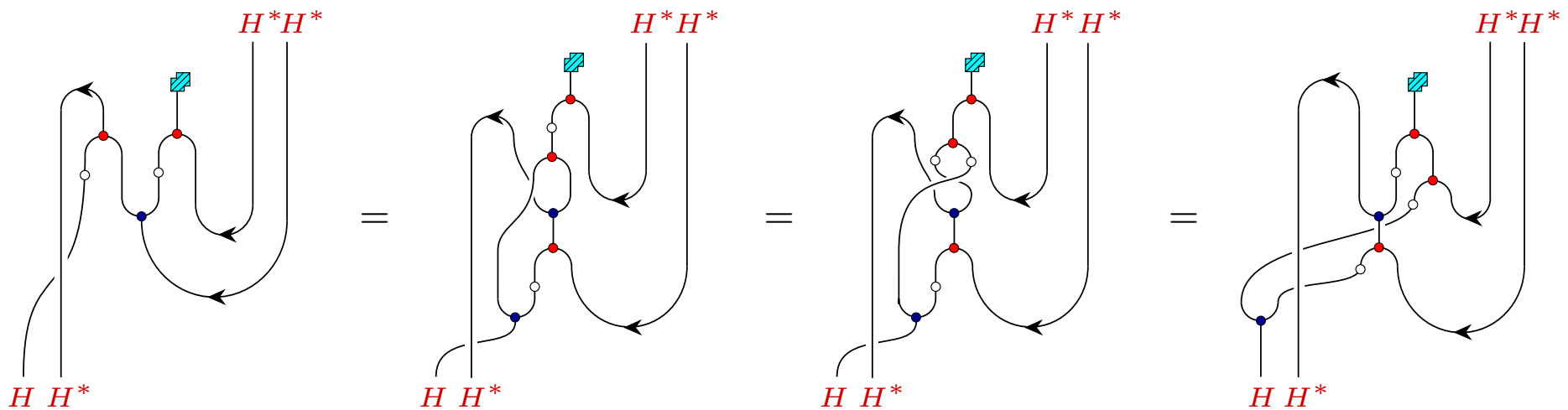
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Left module morphism :



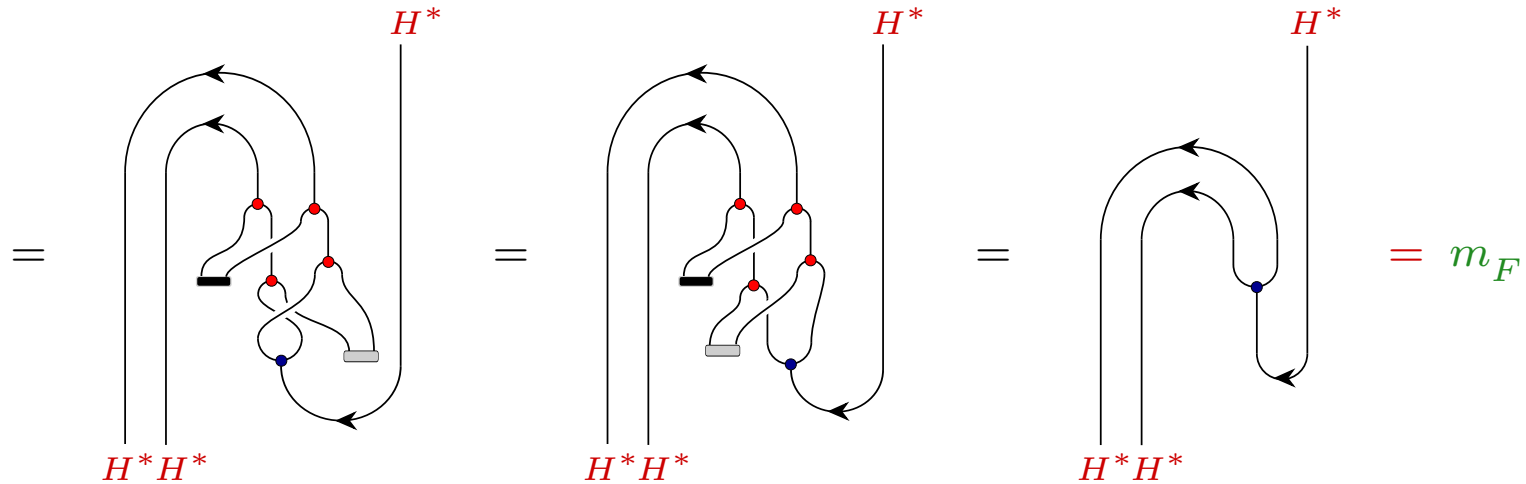
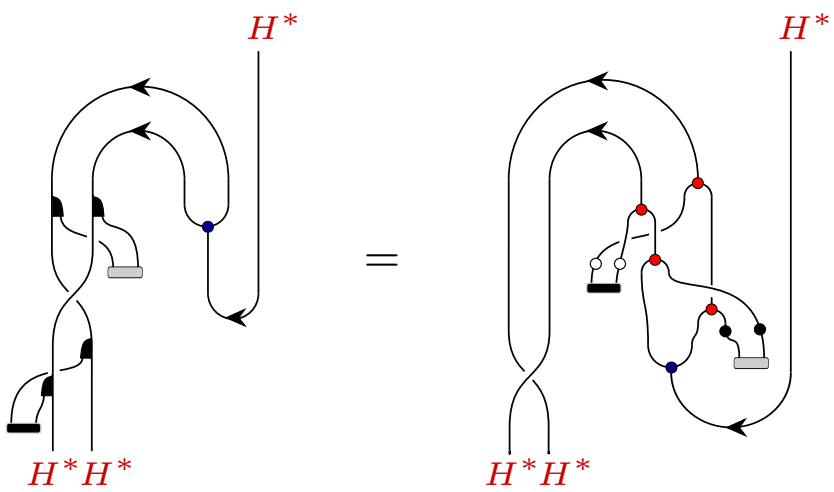
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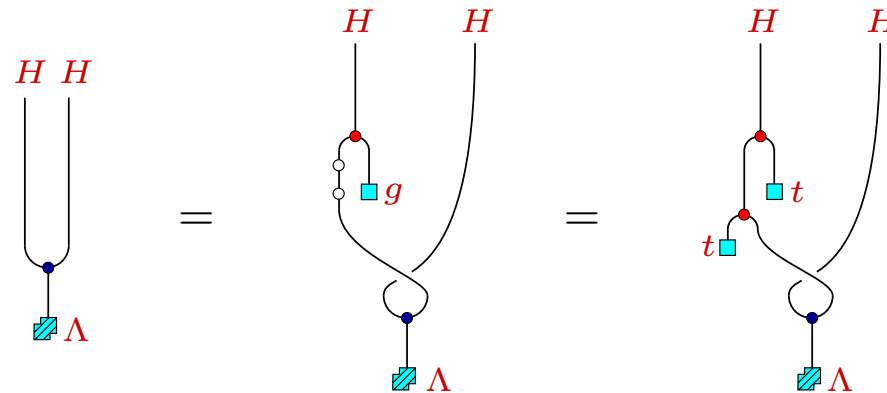
$m_F \circ c_{F,F} =$



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Follows from



[Radford 1992, 1994]

g = right modular element

$t = uv^{-1}$

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 - ▶ Δ_F a bimodule morphism ✓
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- ▶ ω Ribbon Hopf algebra automorphism of H

- \implies Twisted bimodule $F^\omega := id_H(F)^\omega$

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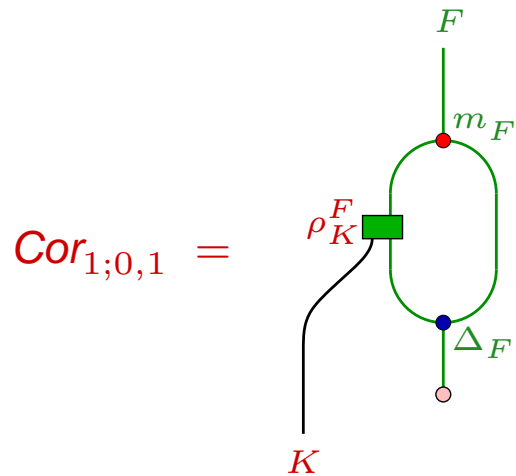
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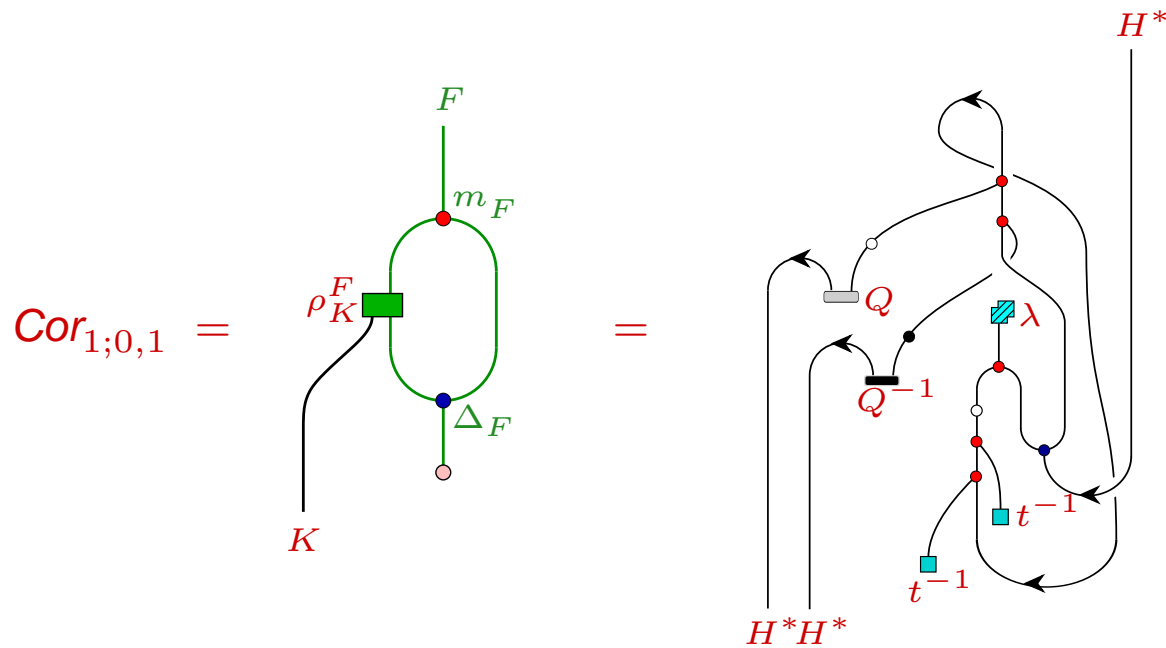
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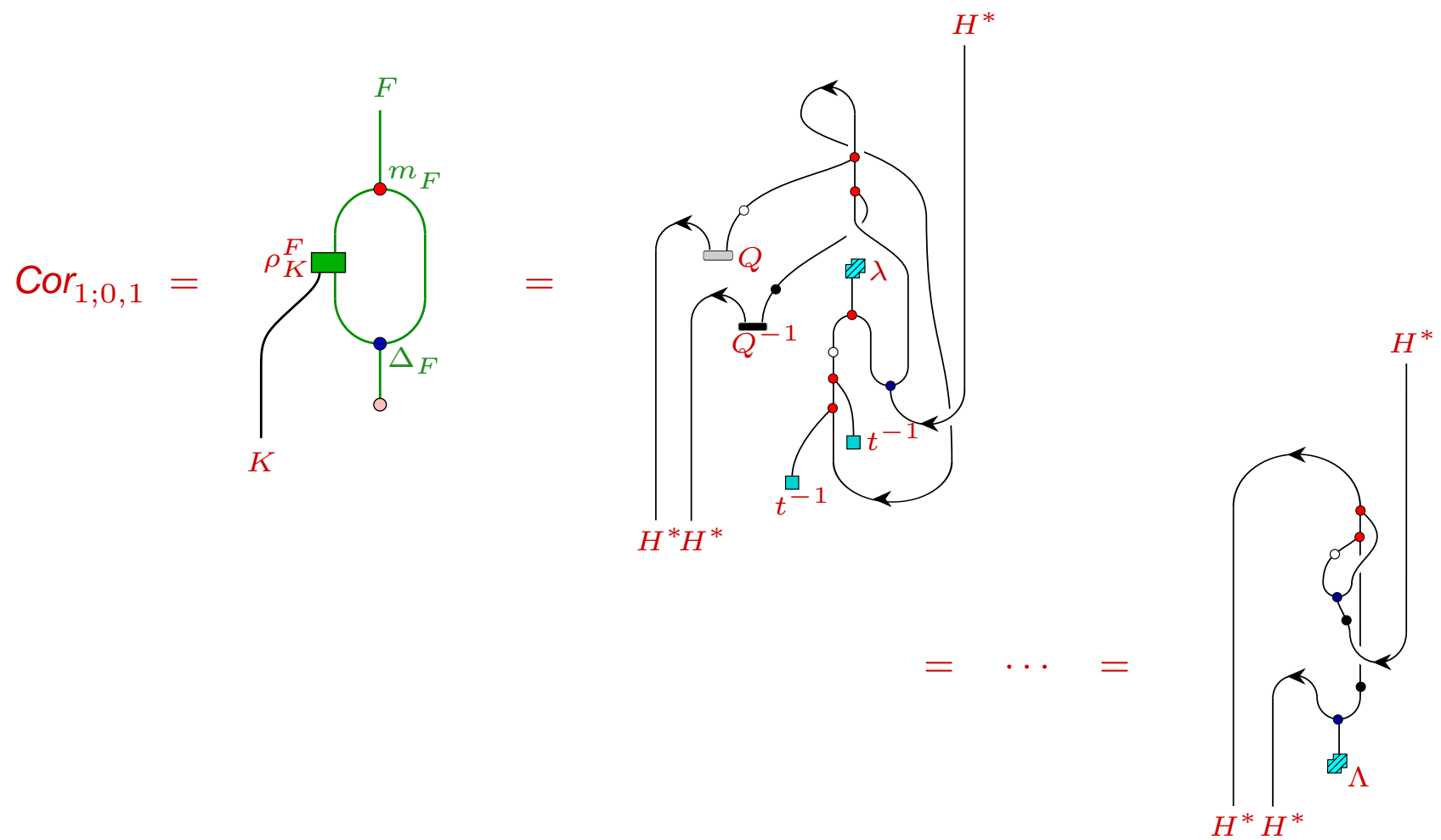
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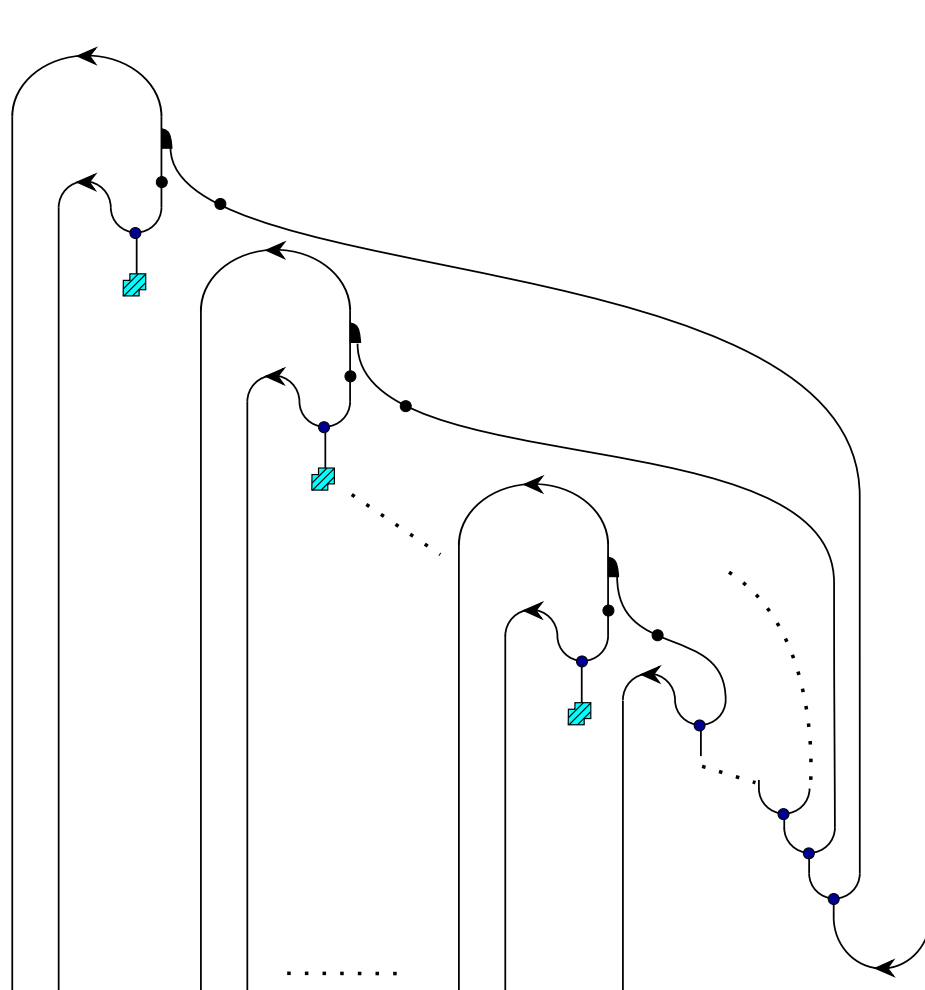


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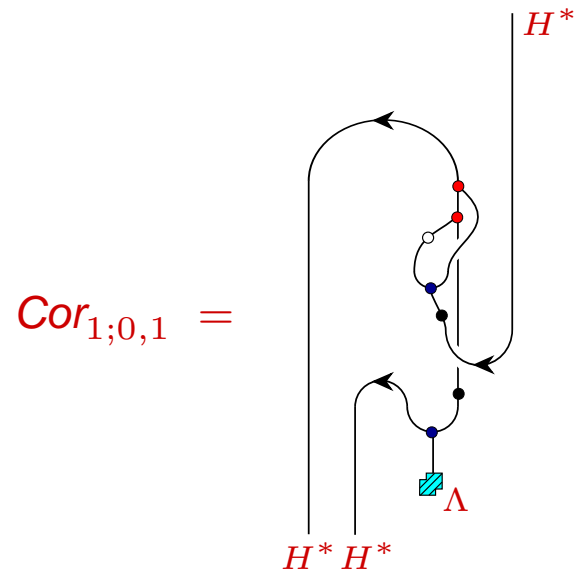


- Generalizes to higher genus :

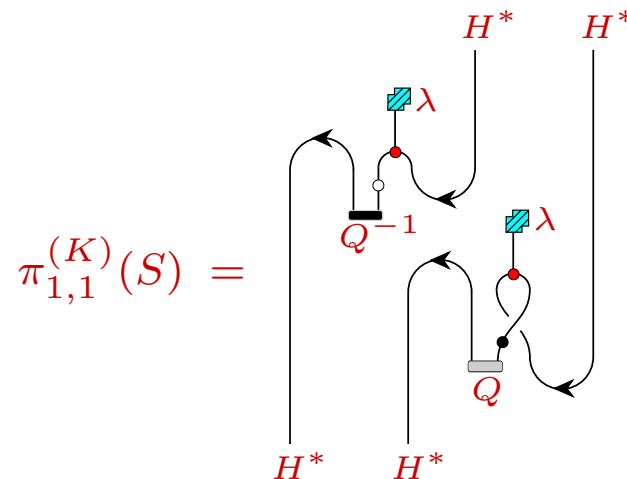
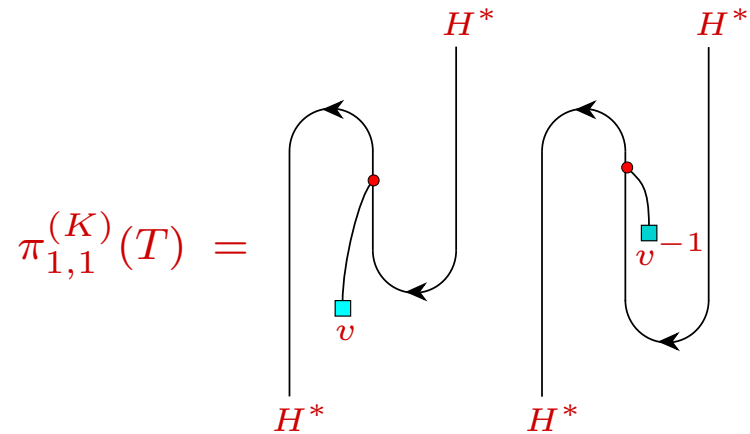
$$Cor_{g;1,1} =$$



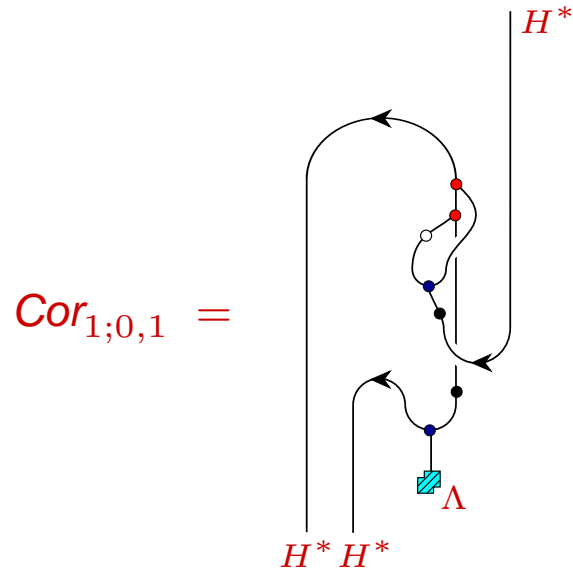
- Mapping class group invariance for $(0,1)$ -punctured torus :



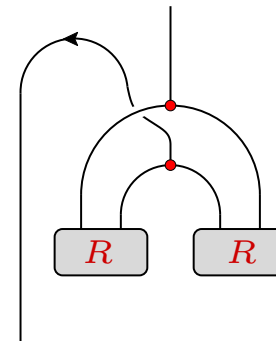
$$\pi_{1,1}^{(K)}(\Theta) = \theta_F = \text{id}_F$$



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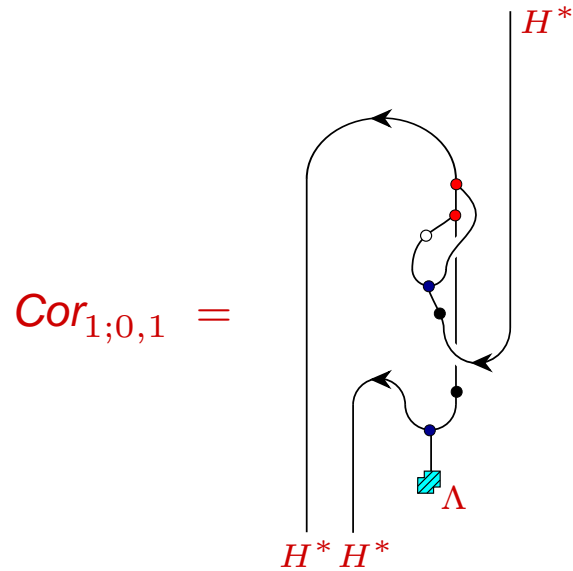
- Drinfeld map : $f_Q := (d_H \otimes \text{id}_H) \circ (\text{id}_{H^*} \otimes Q) =$



$\in \text{Hom}(H^*, H)$

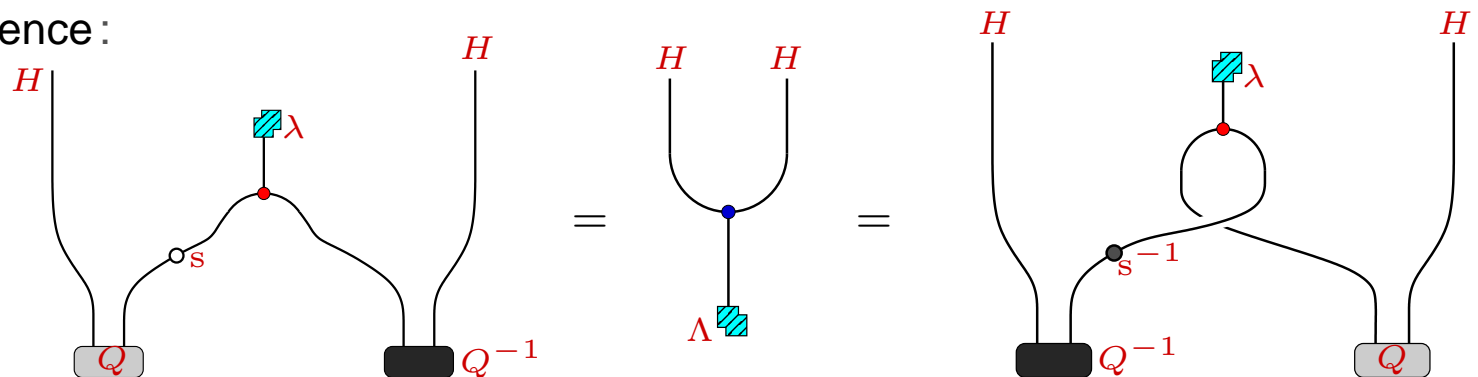
- ▶ intertwines left coadjoint action and left adjoint action
- ▶ $f_Q(\lambda) = \Lambda = f_{Q^{-1}}(\lambda)$ (with choice of scalars up to ± 1)

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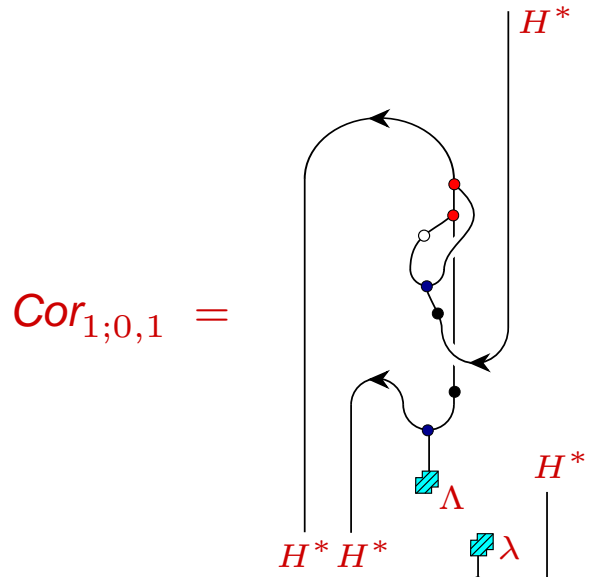


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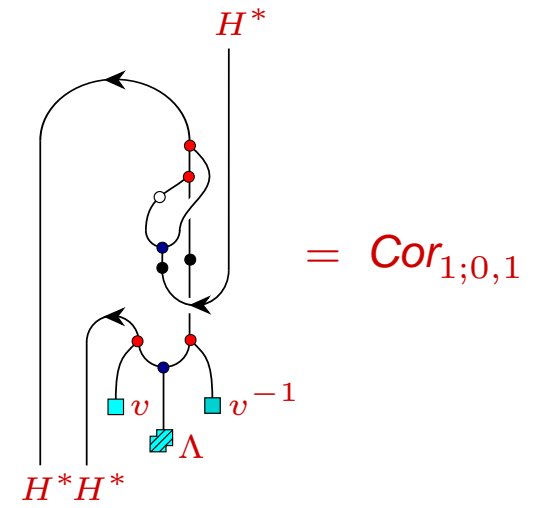
► consequence :



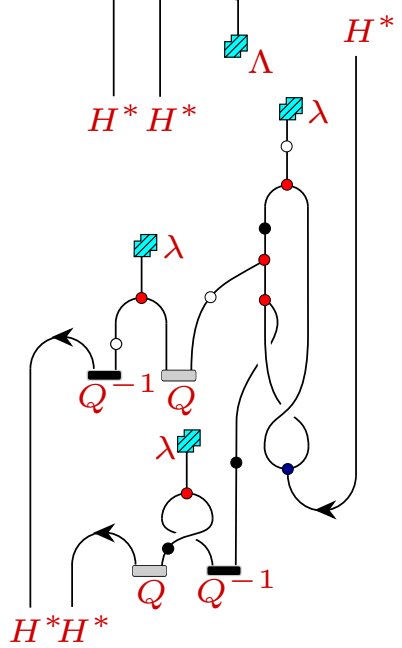
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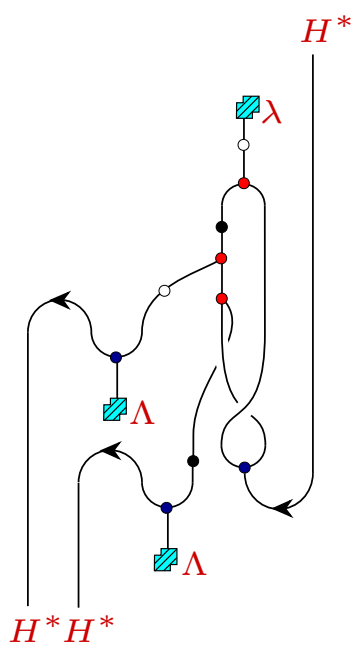
$Cor_{1;0,1} \circ \pi_{1,1}^{(K)}(T) =$



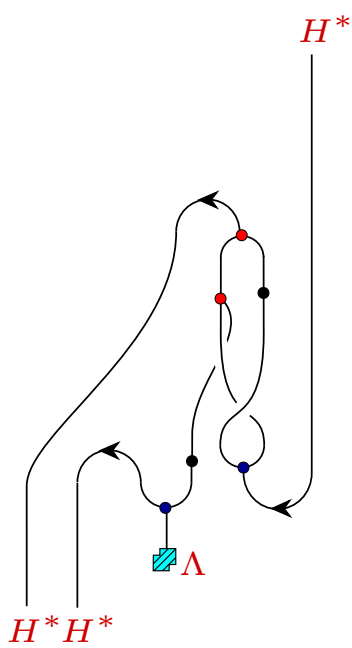
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$=$



$=$



$= Cor_{1;0,1}$